Corporate Governance Report

# Corporate Governance Report

## **Corporate Governance Practices**

The missions of the Corporation are to promote:

- stability of the banking sector
- wider home ownership
- · development of the local debt market

The Corporation operates on prudent commercial principles and is committed to ensuring a high standard of corporate governance to improve the overall accountability, transparency and long-term sustainability of its operations. The Corporation's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Code" (**Code**) approved by the Board. The Code is premised on the principles of fairness, transparency, accountability and responsibility to all stakeholders and has been issued to the shareholders, Directors and staff members. The Code is also available on the Corporation's website and accessible to the public.

Monitoring of compliance with the Code starts with self-assessment by each department. An annual compliance report will then be submitted for review by the Board. The Board is empowered to require that appropriate action be taken in relation to any non-compliance. The Chief Internal Auditor, based on the audit findings on the Corporation's internal control systems and the Control Self-assessment Forms for 2014, was of the opinion that there was no material breach of the Code in 2014.

# Enhancements to the Corporate Governance Code

Maintaining a robust and sensible framework of corporate governance for the effective and prudent management of the Corporation is always a top corporate priority. To ensure that the Corporation's corporate governance practices are commensurate with the best standards, the Corporation will review the Code from time to time and will take on board any relevant development in the corporate governance practices.

### **Shareholders**

All the shares of the Corporation are beneficially owned by the Financial Secretary of Hong Kong as Controller of the Exchange Fund.

#### The Board

The Board is responsible for leading the Corporation and promoting its success in an accountable and effective manner. To provide strategic leadership and effective control of the Corporation, the Board meets in person at least four times a year to oversee the Corporation's business strategy and policies, budgeting and planning, organisational and financial performance, risk management, human resources as well as community relations. In order to ensure that well-balanced decisions are made by the Board, the composition of the Board includes officials from the Government, representatives from political parties, banking sector, insurance sector, relevant industry associations, the accounting and legal professions, and also the Consumer Council. Directors are encouraged to attend meetings to ensure that issues are properly discussed.

The Code also requires that Directors are provided with appropriate information before such Board meetings to enable them to be updated on the affairs of the Corporation, and make informed decisions at the meetings. During the year under review, four Board meetings were held.

In light of the new Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (**Companies Ordinance**) which came into force on 3 March 2014, the Company Secretary wrote to the Directors in early April 2014 advising them on the requirements of declaration of directors' interests under the new Companies Ordinance and, where applicable, arranging them to make their respective declarations of directors' interests in accordance with such requirements. Furthermore, the Corporation presented to the Board in July 2014 a Board Paper updating the Board on the Directors' key continuing obligations, and the relevant major changes introduced under the new Companies Ordinance.

Directors are requested, under the Code and the new Companies Ordinance, to declare the nature and extent of their or their connected entity's direct or indirect interests, if any, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts to be considered at Board meetings and to abstain from the meetings, as appropriate. Any Director who may have a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board will abstain from voting on such matter. In respect of each financial reporting period, the Corporation will seek confirmation from the Directors in respect of their material interests in transactions involving the Corporation or its subsidiaries. Material related party transactions between the Corporation and its counterparties will be identified and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements each year in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

As at 31 December 2014, there were 18 Directors, all of whom were duly appointed by the shareholders of the Corporation. Information about the Directors is set out in the Report of the Directors published in the Annual Report and on the Corporation's website (www.hkmc.com.hk). All Directors, other than the four Executive Directors, are non-executive and are not actively involved in the day-to-day management of the Corporation. Non-Executive Directors, however, do play an important role in bringing their independent judgment, considerable knowledge and diverse expertise to the Board's deliberations, which in turn provide effective steer to Management in pursuit of the Corporation's policies. The Corporation does not remunerate its Directors.

For newly appointed Directors, the Corporation will provide an induction briefing on the business activities, strategies and objectives of the Corporation.

The term of a Non-Executive Director is one year, and Non-Executive Directors are typically appointed at an Annual General Meeting. Under the Articles of Association of the Corporation, all Non-Executive Directors will retire at the next Annual General Meeting following their appointment but are eligible for re-election.

The Corporation maintains a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy for its Directors and officers against legal proceedings and other claims arising in the course of discharge of their duties.

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

During 2014, Mr John C Tsang was the Chairman and Mr Raymond Li Ling-cheung was the Chief Executive Officer. The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer were separate and not performed by the same individual, which ensured a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the executive functions of the Corporation's Management. The Board is responsible for laying down strategic direction and business guidelines, approving financial objectives and closely monitoring the Corporation's performance on an ongoing basis. The Chief Executive Officer, who is accountable to the Board, is responsible for leading Management in implementing the Board's decisions in a proper and efficient manner. The Chief Executive Officer also ensures that adequate information relating to the Corporation's business is reported to the Board on a regular basis.

## **Company Secretary**

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board and her main duty is to ensure that all company secretarial procedures are followed by the Corporation and the Board. In addition, the Company Secretary also ensures that Board Papers are provided to Directors in a timely manner prior to each Board meeting. Directors have free access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary concerning corporate governance matters, and the Company Secretary provides guidance to Directors for making appropriate declarations to avoid conflicts of interest.

The schedule for 2014 Board meetings was provided to Directors in advance to facilitate Directors' attendance at Board meetings. The Code requires that Board Papers should generally be sent to Directors at least seven days before the relevant Board meeting so that Directors could be properly briefed before the Board meeting. Board Papers typically contain comprehensive background and/or explanatory information about the subject matters and include supporting documents, analyses, research findings, projections, budgets and forecasts, where appropriate. However, any Director adjudged to have a conflict of interest in the subject matter with respect to an agenda item for the Board meeting will not be provided with the relevant Board Paper.

All the minutes of Board meetings and Audit Committee meetings are generally taken in sufficient detail, including the matters considered, decisions reached, concerns raised by Directors and dissenting views expressed at the meetings. All minutes of Board meetings and Audit Committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and made available for inspection by any Director, except in regard to any materials with respect to an agenda item in which that Director has a material interest or is perceived to have a conflict of interest. In such case, the relevant papers and minutes would be withheld from such Director.

#### **Audit Committee**

During the year under review, the Audit Committee comprised the following members:

- Mr Abraham Shek, Non-Executive Director (Chairman of the Audit Committee, since 7 April 2014)
- Dr David Li, Non-Executive Director (Chairman of the Audit Committee, until 7 April 2014)
- Mr Peter Pang, Executive Director
- Mr Eddie Yue, Executive Director
- Mr Eddy Fong, Non-Executive Director (until 7 April 2014)
- Mr Andrew Leung, Non-Executive Director
- Mr Ng Leung-sing, Non-Executive Director (since 7 April 2014)
- Mr Brian Stevenson, Non-Executive Director (since 7 April 2014)

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the Corporation's financial statements, the composition and accounting principles adopted in such statements,

the results of the financial audits and the Corporation's management procedures to ensure the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control systems. The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee are published on the Corporation's website.

The Audit Committee holds regular meetings with Management, the Chief Internal Auditor and external auditor. The Audit Committee also meets on an ad hoc basis to consider special issues requiring its attention. The Chairman of the Audit Committee summarises the reviews conducted by the Audit Committee, and highlights the major issues in a report for submission to the Board for Directors' consideration. In 2014, the Audit Committee held two meetings.

#### **Internal Auditor**

The Corporation has an Internal Audit Department which operates independently of Management and plays a major role in monitoring the internal control systems of the Corporation. The Internal Audit Department is led by the Chief Internal Auditor who reports directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee on all matters relating to the internal control systems. The Chief Internal Auditor also reports to the Chief Executive Officer on the day-to-day administrative functions of the Internal Audit Department, and has authority to communicate directly with the Chairman of the Audit Committee without reference to Management.

Each year, the Audit Committee formally approves the annual Internal Audit Plan drawn up by the Chief Internal Auditor based on his independent risk assessment and



Audit Committee Meeting

other risk management issues observed by him at the regular Operational Risk Committee and the Corporate Risk Management Committee meetings. In accordance with the annual Internal Audit Plan, the Internal Audit Department adopts a risk-based audit approach in conducting its independent reviews of the Corporation's internal control systems. After each review, the Internal Audit Department discusses the audit findings and recommendations with the relevant department heads, Senior Management and Executive Directors. Internal audit reports are submitted to the Audit Committee for review and, thereafter, to the Board for information

Over the years, Management has adopted an active approach in considering the audit findings and recommendations made by the Chief Internal Auditor and closely monitored their implementation. In 2014, the Internal Audit Department conducted 13 reviews and two consultancy projects.

#### **External Auditor**

The Corporation's external auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers. Detailed information in respect of the auditor's remuneration is disclosed in the Corporation's financial statements. The auditor is allowed to communicate freely with the Chief Internal Auditor and the Audit Committee. To ensure its independence with respect to the Corporation, the auditor would issue a letter, on an annual basis, to the Audit Committee to confirm its independence based on the requirements set out in Section 290 of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. For the purpose of the audit of the Corporation's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, PricewaterhouseCoopers has confirmed its independence to the Audit Committee.

#### Financial Reporting

The Corporation aims to present a clear, balanced and comprehensible assessment of its performance, financial position and prospects to its stakeholders and the general public. Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, and there is a statement by the auditor about its reporting responsibilities in the Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements. Directors are to ensure that financial statements are prepared so as to give a true and fair view of the financial status of the Corporation. The annual and interim results of the Corporation are announced in a timely manner after the end of each relevant period.

#### **Internal Control**

The Board has the overall responsibility for the Corporation's internal control systems and, through the Audit Committee, conducts periodic reviews on the effectiveness and efficiency of the systems.

Various committees have been established to ensure the efficient operation and prudent risk management of the Corporation. These include the Corporate Risk Management Committee which is chaired by an Executive Director to oversee the financial and non-financial risks of the Corporation from an enterprise-wide perspective; whilst the Operational Risk Committee, the Credit Committee, the Transaction Approval Committee and the Asset and Liability Committee are management committees chaired by the Chief Executive Officer. Detailed descriptions of these five committees and the risk management framework of the Corporation are set out in the Business Overview section in the Annual Report.

Each of these committees has clear and well-defined terms of reference. During the year, the Compliance Function duly reviewed, revised and standardised the terms of reference of these committees in order to enhance corporate governance structure and facilitate effective compliance with a uniform set of rules. The internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss, manage risks of failure in the operational systems and the attainment of business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for internal use and publication, and ensure compliance with applicable legislation and regulations.

In February 2015, the Chief Internal Auditor duly conducted an independent review of the Control Self-assessment Forms provided by each Department in relation to compliance with the Code for 2014. Based on the audit findings on the Corporation's internal control systems and the Control Self-assessment Forms for the year, the Chief Internal Auditor was of the opinion that there was no material breach of the Code in 2014.

### **Compliance Reporting**

In December 2013, Management established a dedicated Compliance Function as part of the Legal Office for better management of regulatory and compliance risks.

The Compliance Function is led by the Chief Compliance Officer who reports to the Chief Executive Officer through the General Counsel. During 2014, the Compliance Function worked with the other departments of the Corporation to review their compliance practices as part of a compliance programme to update and upgrade the Corporation's internal compliance practices and policies with a focus on conflicts of interest, anti-corruption, anti-discrimination, competition, personal data privacy and protection matters. To provide transactional support, the Compliance Function undertook reviews of and participated in the sign-off of key transactions. Together with the Legal Office, the Compliance Function has also organised a number of compliancerelated training sessions to strengthen staff's knowledge on subjects such as personal data privacy and protection, the new Companies Ordinance, the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance, etc.

#### **Articles of Association**

The Corporation is in the process of reviewing and amending its Articles of Association to align with the new Companies Ordinance, and will seek the Shareholders' approval on any proposed amendments.

#### **Code of Conduct**

The Corporation requires the highest standards of integrity and conduct from its staff members. The requirements and the relevant legal obligations are clearly set out in a code of conduct (**Code of Conduct**) incorporated into the Staff Handbook. The Code of Conduct also sets out, in particular, provisions in regard to potential conflicts of interest which may arise between staff members and the Corporation in respect of which staff members should be aware, and other provisions designed to ensure that they carry out their work properly, ethically, impartially and free from any suggestion of improper influence.

A copy of the Code of Conduct is made available on the Corporation's intranet to all staff members.

Staff members are required to give written confirmation of their compliance with the Code of Conduct on an annual basis. Based on the confirmation received from the staff members, Management was satisfied that staff members have complied with the Code of Conduct in 2014.

#### Communication

The Corporation attaches great importance to communications with the public. The Annual Report of the Corporation contains comprehensive information on its business strategies and developments. The Corporation's website (www.hkmc.com.hk) offers timely access to the Corporation's press releases and its other business information. The Corporation also maintains a hotline telephone system to service enquiries from the public.

## **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Corporation is committed to fulfilling its corporate social responsibility (CSR). In recognition of the Corporation's contribution to the community and its commitment to corporate social responsibility in the past years, the Corporation has been awarded the Caring Organisation Logo by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service since 2008 and is now in its seventh year of CSR participation. In 2014, the Corporation continued to participate in the Government's Web Accessibility Campaign which aimed at providing access support to the Corporation's public website for people with disabilities such as blindness and deafness. In recognition of the Corporation's commendable performance at the campaign in meeting all the web accessibility judging criteria satisfactorily, the Corporation was awarded the Gold Award by the Office of the Government Chief Information Officer in 2014.

## Conclusion

The Board was satisfied with the corporate governance practices of the Corporation during 2014. In 2015, the Corporation will continue to review its corporate governance framework and improve those practices in light of ongoing experience, regulatory changes, international trends and developments in order to enhance the Corporation's efficiency and effective management in pursuit of its business objectives.