綜合收益表 Consolidated Income Statement

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2013

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
利息收入	Interest income	6	902,246	1,135,362
利息支出	Interest expense	7	(250,253)	(323,263)
淨利息收入	Net interest income		651,993	812,099
已滿期保費淨額	Net premiums earned	8	476,956	533,536
其他收入	Other income	9	297,470	232,471
經營收入	Operating income		1,426,419	1,578,106
申索回撥淨額	Net claims written back 8 8,76		8,767	6,642
佣金支出淨額	Net commission expenses	8	(135,890)	(162,541)
經營支出	Operating expenses	10	(235,043)	(219,267)
未計減值前的經營溢利	Operating profit before impairment		1,064,253	1,202,940
貸款減值回撥	Write-back of loan impairment allowances	13	3,545	5,680
經營溢利	Operating profit		1,067,798	1,208,620
應佔合資公司溢利	Share of profit of a joint venture	24	_	2,450
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation		1,067,798	1,211,070
税項	Taxation	14(a)	(85,214)	(85,524)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		982,584	1,125,546
應佔溢利: 本公司股東 沒控制權股東	Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		982,404 180	1,125,393 153
			982,584	1,125,546

The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated 第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。 financial statements.

 Proposed dividends	16	1,500,000	750,000

綜合全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2013

			2013	2012
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		982,584	1,125,546
其他全面收益:	Other comprehensive income:			
其後可能重新分類至損益	Items that are or may be reclassified			
的項目: 可供出售證券:	subsequently to profit or loss: Available-for-sale securities:			
一未變現(虧損)/收益淨額 一出售時公平值變動	net unrealised (losses)/gains fair value changes transferred to	22	(37,853)	357,875
撥入收益表	income statement on disposal	33	(295,593)	(38,230)
一攤銷	— amortisation	33	34	39
一税項	— tax effect	33	54,908	(52,748)
現金流對沖:	Cash flow hedges:			
一撥入收益表的公平值變動	— fair value changes transferred to			
	income statement	33	4,272	5,495
一税項	— tax effect	33	(704)	(907)
換算海外業務時產生的	Exchange differences on translation			
匯兑差額	of foreign operations:			
一附屬公司	— subsidiary		3,695	1,015
一合資公司	— joint venture	33	-	5,276
應佔合資公司其他全面虧損	Share of other comprehensive losses of			
	a joint venture	33	_	(32)
出售合資公司投資時撥回的	Release of fair value reserve and			
公平值儲備和匯兑儲備	translation reserve upon disposal of			
	investment in a joint venture	33	_	(7,733)
本年度其他全面(虧損)/	Other comprehensive (loss)/income			
收益,已扣除税項 	for the year, net of tax		(271,241)	270,050
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income			
	for the year		711,343	1,395,596
應佔全面收益總額:	Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
本公司股東	Equity holders of the Company		710,794	1,395,342
沒控制權股東	Non-controlling interests		549	254
			711,343	1,395,596

第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零一三年十二月三十一日 as at 31 December 2013

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
資產	ASSETS			
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	17	11,757,533	9,715,544
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	18	368,800	469,590
待售資產	Assets held for sale	19	129,767	_
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	831,426	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額 證券投資:	Loan portfolio, net Investment securities:	21	22,268,397	25,895,399
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	22(a)	3,860,455	5,812,827
一持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	22(b)	8,560,595	9,237,808
預付款項、按金及	Prepayments, deposits and	()	2,000,000	.,,
其他資產	other assets	25	18,030	39,641
固定資產	Fixed assets	26	44,085	29,128
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	29	180,742	222,007
資產總值	Total assets		48,019,830	52,864,957
 負債	LIABILITIES			
應付利息	Interest payable	27	195,830	235,756
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued expenses		,	•
其他負債	and other liabilities	28	4,612,260	4,465,116
與待售資產直接關連的	Liabilities directly associated with			
負債	assets held for sale	19	384	475.005
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	785,458	175,095
當期税項負債 遞延税項負債	Current income tax liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	14(b) 14(b)	144,665 57,156	101,587 109,404
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	29	1,294,712	1,545,863
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	30	31,355,185	36,404,627
已發行按揭證券	Mortgage-backed securities issued	31	_	214,672
 負債總額	Total liabilities		38,445,650	43,252,120
	EQUITY			
權益持有人應佔股本	Capital and reserves attributable to			
及儲備:	the equity holders:			
股本	Share capital	32	2,000,000	2,000,000
保留溢利	Retained profits		4,548,760	5,302,410
擬派股息	Proposed dividends	16	1,500,000	750,000
風險儲備	Contingency reserve	33	1,213,827	977,773
公平值儲備	Fair value reserve	33 33	290,605	569,109
對沖儲備 匯兑儲備	Hedging reserve Translation reserve	33	(5,088) 13,104	(8,656) 9,778
			9,561,208	9,600,414
沒控制權股東的權益	Non-controlling interests in equity		12,972	12,423
權益總額	Total equity		9,574,180	9,612,837
負債及權益總額	Total liabilities and equity		48,019,830	52,864,957

董事局已於二零一四年四月七日批准及授權刊行。

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 7 April

陳德霖Norman T. L. Chan余偉文Eddie W. M. Yue副主席兼執行董事Deputy Chairman and Executive Director執行董事Executive Director

第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

財務狀況表 Statement of Financial Position

於二零一三年十二月三十一日 as at 31 December 2013

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
次玄	ASSETS			
資產 現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	17	11,755,482	9,588,343
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	18	359,404	460,415
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	831,426	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額	Loan portfolio, net	21	16,942,574	21,943,803
證券投資:	Investment securities:			
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	22(a)	3,860,455	5,812,827
一持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	22(b)	8,560,595	9,237,808
附屬公司投資	Interests in subsidiaries	23	5,294,250	3,943,669
預付款項、按金及	Prepayments, deposits and			
其他資產	other assets	25	16,808	46,520
固定資產	Fixed assets	26 29	44,085	29,116
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	29	181,053	222,372
資產總值	Total assets		47,846,132	52,727,886
負債	LIABILITIES			
應付利息	Interest payable	27	195,830	235,686
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued expenses			
其他負債	and other liabilities	28	4,612,728	4,687,729
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	785,458	175,095
當期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	14(b)	144,665	100,563
遞延税項負債 (2)除免债	Deferred income tax liabilities	14(b)	56,911	109,103
保險負債 已發行債務證券	Insurance liabilities Debt securities issued	29 30	1,297,034 31,355,185	1,548,076 36,404,627
		30		30,404,027
	Total liabilities		38,447,811	43,260,879
權益	EQUITY			
權益持有人應佔股本	Capital and reserves attributable to			
及儲備:	the equity holders:			
股本	Share capital	32	2,000,000	2,000,000
保留溢利	Retained profits	47	4,398,977	5,178,781
擬派股息 風險儲備	Proposed dividends Contingency reserve	16 33	1,500,000 1,213,827	750,000 977,773
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ガー 単	Hedging reserve	33	(5,088)	(8,656)
權益總額	Total equity		9,398,321	9,467,007
負債及權益總額	Total liabilities and equity		47,846,132	52,727,886

董事局已於二零一四年四月七日批准及授權刊行。 Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 7 April 2014.

陳德霖 Norman T. L. Chan 余偉文 Eddie W. M. Yue Deputy Chairman and Executive Director 執行董事 Executive Director 副主席兼執行董事

第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2013

			Attribut	股東應佔 able to equity ho	Iders		
		附註 Notes	股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	保留溢利* Retained profits* 千港元 HK\$'000	其他儲備 Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	沒控制權股東 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日結餘	Balance as at 1 January 2012		2,000,000	5,523,228	1,031,844	12,169	8,567,241
本年度溢利	Profit for the year			1,125,393	-	153	1,125,546
其他全面收益:	Other comprehensive income:						
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities		-	-	266,904	-	266,904
現金流對沖	Cash flow hedges	33	-	-	4,588	-	4,588
換算海外業務時產生的 匯兑差額 一 附屬公司	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations — subsidiary	33	-	-	914	101	1,015
一合資公司 出售合資公司投資	— joint venture Disposal of investment in	33	-	-	5,276	-	5,276
HILLANDOR	a joint venture	33	-	-	(7,733)	-	(7,733)
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		-	1,125,393	269,949	254	1,395,596
由保留溢利撥入已滿期風險 保費淨額的50%或75%至 風險儲備	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net risk premium earned from retained profits to contingency reserve	33	-	(266,266)	266,266	_	-
由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	Release of contingency reserve to retained profits	33	-	20,055	(20,055)	-	-
已付二零一一年股息	Dividend paid related to 2011		-	(350,000)	-	-	(350,000)
於二零一二年 十二月三十一日結餘	Balance as at 31 December 2012		2,000,000	6,052,410	1,548,004	12,423	9,612,837
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		-	982,404	-	180	982,584
其他全面收益:	Other comprehensive income:						
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities	33	-	-	(278,504)	-	(278,504)
現金流對沖	Cash flow hedges	33	-	-	3,568	-	3,568
換算海外業務時產生的 匯兑差額 一附屬公司	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations — subsidiary	33	_	_	3,326	369	3,695
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		_	982,404	(271,610)	549	711,343
由保留溢利撥入已滿期風險 保費淨額的50%或75%至 風險儲備	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net risk premium earned from retained profits to contingency reserve	33	_	(259,008)	259,008	_	
由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	Release of contingency reserve to						_
已付二零一二年股息	retained profits Dividend paid related to 2012	33	_	22,954 (750,000)	(22,954)	_	(750,000)
於二零一三年 十二月三十一日結餘	Balance as at 31 December 2013		2,000,000	6,048,760	1,512,448	12,972	9,574,180

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,已從保留溢利中劃 撥5億港元(二零一二年:7.5億港元)及10億港元(二 零一二年:無),分別作為擬派普通股息及特別股息。

The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。

As at 31 December 2013, HK\$500 million (2012: HK\$750 million) and HK\$1 billion (2012: $\frac{1}{2}$ nil) were earmarked as proposed ordinary and special dividends respectively from

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2013

		附註	2013 千港元	2012 千港元
		메重 Notes	⊤港元 HK\$′000	⊤∕仓儿 HK\$′000
經營業務所得現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
經營溢利 就以下各項作出的調整:	Operating profit Adjustment for:		1,067,798	1,208,620
- 親以下合項作山的調整・ - 利息收入	Interest income		(912,339)	(1,143,387)
利息支出	Interest expense		217,521	262,501
股息收入	Dividend income	9	(89,077)	(90,135)
折舊	Depreciation	10	17,763	14,127
已發行債務證券折讓攤銷	Amortisation of discount on debt securities issued		22 722	(0.7/2
貸款減值回撥	Write-back of loan impairment		32,732	60,762
兵小小州 巨口 1次	allowances	13	(3,545)	(5,680)
可供出售證券轉作持有至到	Amortisation of unrealised loss on		,,,,	(-,,
期證券時的未變現虧損攤銷	available-for-sale securities			
	transferred to held-to-maturity	00		00
證券投資溢價攤銷	securities Amortisation of premium on	33	34	39
型分以貝/血l貝挺朝 	investment securities		10,059	7,985
出售投資收益淨額	Net gains on disposal of investments	12	(135,737)	(90,260)
出售合資公司投資收益	Gain on disposal of investment in			
	a joint venture		-	(7,137)
金融工具公平值變動	Change in fair value of financial instruments		(2,615)	(22 EE0)
現金流對沖的公平值變動	Fair value changes of cash flow hedge		(2,613)	(23,558)
撥入收益表	transferred to income statement	33	4,272	5,495
已收利息	Interest received		990,708	1,165,156
已付利息	Interest paid		(257,447)	(263,989)
未計經營資產及負債變動的	Cash flows from operating activities			
經營業務所得現金流量	before changes in operating assets			
	and liabilities		940,127	1,100,539
原到期日超過三個月後到期 的定期存款變動	Change in time deposits with original maturity of more than three months		(1,426,893)	(0 252 057)
である。 悪収匯款變動	Change in remittance receivables		21,720	(8,252,857) 99,644
預付款項、按金及其他資產變動	Change in prepayments, deposits and		_ 1,7 _ 0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	other assets		608	(4,722)
貸款組合變動	Change in loan portfolio		3,630,547	7,246,099
應付帳項、應付開支及 其他負債變動	Change in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		147,709	189,979
兵他負債愛勤 保險負債淨額變動	Change in insurance liabilities, net		(209,886)	(97,828)
外幣匯兑差額	Exchange differences		(61,129)	(7,707)
—————————————————————————————————————	Cash generated from operation		3,042,803	273,147
已付税項	Taxation paid		(41,257)	(115,645)
經營業務所得現金淨額	Net cash generated from			
紅呂禾防川守妃立/芽朗	operating activities		3,001,546	157,502
	-1-1-4411-10		2,23.,0.0	.07,002

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
投資活動所得現金流量 購買固定資產 購買可供出售證券 購買持有至到期證券 出售合資公司 出售及贖回可供出售證券	Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of fixed assets Purchase of available-for-sale securities Purchase of held-to-maturity securities Disposal of a joint venture Proceeds from sale and redemption of	26 22(a) 22(b)	(32,720) (5,277,911) (2,054,866) –	(11,982) (4,161,064) (1,926,101) 137,394
所得款項 出售及贖回持有至到期證券 所得款項 已收可供出售證券股息	available-for-sale securities Proceeds from sale and redemption of held-to-maturity securities Dividend received from available-for-sale securities	22(b)	7,046,328 2,761,350 111,262	1,059,051 962,170 82,313
投資活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額	Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		2,553,443	(3,858,219)
融資前現金流入/(流出) 淨額	Net cash inflows/(outflows) before financing		5,554,989	(3,700,717)
融資活動所得現金流量 發行債務證券所得款項 贖回已發行債務證券 已發行按揭證券還款 已付股息	Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of debt securities Redemption of debt securities issued Repayment of mortgage-backed securities issued Dividend paid	30 30 31 16	18,127,508 (21,984,670) (214,672) (750,000)	19,076,997 (23,661,825) (152,465) (350,000)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(4,821,834)	(5,087,293)
現金及等同現金項目增加/ (減少)淨額 年初現金及等同現金項目 匯率對現金及等同現金項目 影響	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Beginning cash and cash equivalents Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		733,155 1,204,129 11,283	(8,788,010) 9,986,013 6,126
年終現金及等同現金項目	Ending cash and cash equivalents		1,948,567	1,204,129
包括在財務狀況表的現金及 等同現金項目 包括在出售深圳經緯盈富融資擔 保有限公司的資產	Included in cash and cash equivalents of the statement of financial position Included in the assets of the BHKMC disposal group	17 19(a)	1,819,225 129,342	1,204,129
年終現金及等同現金項目	Ending cash and cash equivalents		1,948,567	1,204,129

The notes on pages 115 to 225 are an integral part of these consolidated 第115至225頁所載附註為綜合財務報表的一部分。 financial statements.

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. 編製基準

香港按揭證券有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)的綜合財務報表,乃按照由香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則(包括所有適用的個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋)、香港公認的會計原則,以及香港公司條例的規定編製。

本綜合財務報表按歷史成本慣例編製,並已就可供出售證券投資、以公平值列帳的 金融資產及金融負債(包括衍生金融工具) 的重估作出調整。

除另行陳述者外,編製此等綜合財務報表 所應用的主要會計政策及計算方法與以往 呈報的所有年度所應用的貫徹一致。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表時, 須採用若干重大會計估算,而管理層應用 本集團會計政策時亦須自行作出判斷。需 要較多判斷或較複雜的範疇、或假設及估 計對綜合財務報表屬重要的範疇,已在附 註4披露。

1. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of The Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ((HKFRSs) which is a collective term and includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRS), Hong Kong Accounting Standards (HKASs) and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong, and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale investment securities, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) carried at fair value.

The principal accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

2. 主要會計政策

2.1. 採納香港財務報告準則

(a) 於二零一三年一月一日起生效 的新準則及修訂

下列準則及修訂於二零一三年 生效,並與本集團相關:

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1. Adoption of HKFRSs

(a) New standards and amendments effective on 1 January 2013

The following standards and amendments effective in 2013, are relevant to the Group:

- Amendment to HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" changes the disclosure of items presented in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income. The amendment requires entities to separate items presented in other comprehensive income into two groups, based on whether or not they may be recycled to profit or loss in the future. Items that will not be recycled will be presented separately from items that may be recycled in the future. This amendment mainly affects disclosures in the financial statements.
- Amendment to HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments:
 Disclosures" on asset and liability offsetting
 requires new disclosure requirements on
 recognised financial instruments that are offset
 in the statement of financial position, as well as
 those recognised financial instruments that are
 subject to master netting or similar arrangements
 irrespective of whether they are offset. This
 amendment mainly affects disclosures in the
 financial statements.

- 香港財務報告準則第10 號「綜合財務報表」,取 代現有在香港會計準則 第27號「綜合及獨立財 務報表」有關準備綜合財 務報表和香港準則詮釋 委員會詮釋第12號「綜 合帳目 一 特設公司」的 規定。它建基於現有的 概念,以識別控制權, 為決定因素,以決定公 司應否包括入母公司的 綜合財務報表內。該準 則提供額外指引,尤其 是在難以確定情況下, 以協助釐定控制權。採 納香港財務報告準則第 10號,並沒有改變本集 團就其所參與的其他公 司控制權的結論。
- 香港財務報告準則第12 號「披露於其他公司的權 益」,包括對其他公司所 有形式的權益的披露要 求,包括附屬公司、合 資安排、聯營公司、結 構公司、未經綜合入帳 結構公司。此準則引入 「結構公司」這術語,制 定準則者對於結構公司 類別的原意跟先前在香 港準則詮釋委員會詮釋 第12號所形容的特設公 司未必有顯著的差異。 香港財務報告準則第12 號所要求的披露規定, 一般都比較早前相關的 準則廣泛。

- HKFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" replaces the requirements in HKAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements and HK-SIC 12 "Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities". It builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. The adoption of HKFRS 10 does not change the control conclusions of the Group in respect of its involvement with other entities.
- HKFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities" includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates, structured entities and unconsolidated structured entities. It introduces the term "structured entity". The type of entity intended by the standard setters to be a structured entity is unlikely to differ significantly from an entity that HK-SIC 12 previously described as a special purpose entity. The disclosures required by HKFRS 12 are generally more extensive than those previously required by the respective standards.

- 「二零零九年至二零一一年週期的香港財務報告準則年度改進」訂下對若干準則的修訂,這些修訂對本集團的財務狀況或全面收益沒有重大影響。
- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新準則、 修訂及詮釋

若干新準則、準則修訂及詮釋 於二零一三年一月一日起的年 度後才開始生效,故並未在編 制綜合財務報表時所採用。除 了下列所述外,其餘的新準 則、準則修訂及詮釋預期不會 對本集團之綜合財務報表產生 顯著的影響:

• 香港財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」,涉及金融 資產和金融負債的分類、 計量和確認,取代香港 會計準則第39號內的部 分要求。

- HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurements" establishes
 a single source of fair value measurements and
 disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs.
 HKFRS 13 does not change when an entity is
 required to use fair value, but rather provides
 guidance on how to measure fair value under
 HKFRSs when fair value is required or permitted.
 The adoption of HKFRS 13 results in additional
 disclosures and there is no material impact on
 the fair value measurements of the Group's
 assets and liabilities.
- "Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009–2011
 Cycle" sets out amendments to a number of
 standards which have no material impact on the
 financial position or the comprehensive income
 of the Group.
- (b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2013, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except the following set out below:

 HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities and replaces part of HKAS 39. Financial assets are required to be classified into two measurement categories: those measured at fair value, and those measured at amortised cost. The decision is made at initial recognition. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument.

For financial liabilities, the standard retains most of the HKAS 39 requirements. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

HKFRS 9 (Amendment) "Financial instruments" brings into effect a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements. The most significant change from hedge accounting under HKAS 39 is that entities can defer the time value of options, the forward element in forward contracts and currency basis spreads in other comprehensive income.

香港會計師公會於二零 一三年十二月取消了早 前香港財務報告準則第9 號的強制性生效日期期 所新的強制性生效 時 將於整個香港會計準則 第39號更新完畢後,再 行確定。 The previous mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 was removed by the HKICPA in December 2013 and a mandatory effective date will be determined after the entire replacement of HKAS 39 is completed.

本集團正在評估整個香港財務報告第9號準則,包括其餘階段的部份,對本集團的影響。

The Group is considering the implications of the whole standard including the other remaining phase of HKFRS 9.

"Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011–2013
 Cycle" includes changes to HKFRS 1 "First-time
 Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting
 Standards", HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations",
 HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" and HKAS
 40 "Investment Property". The amendments
 largely apply to annual periods beginning on or
 after 1 July 2014.

預計沒有其他尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則或詮釋會對本集 團產生重大影響。 There are no other HKFRSs or interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

2.2. 綜合帳目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有附屬公司截至二零一三年十二月三十一日的財務報表。

(a) 附屬公司

本集團成員公司間的交易、結 餘及未變現收益會相互對銷。 除非有證據顯示交易中所轉讓 資產出現減值,否則未實現虧 損亦應予以沖銷。如有需要, 附屬公司的會計政策需作出調 整,以確保與本集團的政策一 致。

沒控制權股東指並非由本公司 所擁有在附屬公司的淨資股 分應佔的權益。沒控制權 在綜合財務狀況表及綜合全 收益表呈列,與本公司股權 位權益分開呈列。沒控制權 東應佔本集團業績部分,在 會收益表呈列為沒控制權股東 與本公司之間的期間純利分配。

在本公司的財務狀況表中,於 附屬公司的投資按成本扣減任 何減值撥備列帳。附屬公司之 業績由本公司按已收及應收股 息記入本公司帳目。

2.2. Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 December 2013.

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities used for issuing mortgage-backed securities, namely HKMC Funding Corporation (1) Limited and Bauhinia MBS Limited) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of the net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests that are not owned by the Company. They are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, separately from equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement as an allocation of the net profit for the period between non-controlling interest and equity holders of the Company.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investment in the subsidiaries is stated at cost less provision for impairment allowances. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(b) 與沒控制權股東之交易

本集團對於與沒控制權股東之交易,而該等交易對於控制權股東 並無任何改變時,視為與本向 沒控制權股東購買,任何已付 代價與相關應佔附屬公司資產 的帳面值之間的差異於權益列 帳。出售予沒控制權股東,則 收益或虧損亦於權益列帳。

(c) 合資公司

合資公司(根據以前的香港會計準則第31號「合資公司的權 益」下前稱為「共同控制實體」) 是本集團與其他締約方訂約, 各方同意共享控制權的安排, 並有權享有該安排下之淨資 產。合資公司以權益會計法入 帳,首次列帳按成本確認。

本集團應佔合資公司之溢利或 虧損於收益表確認,而應佔儲 備之變動則於儲備確認。投資 帳面值會根據累積變動調之 倘本集團應佔合資公司之 等於或超過所持合資公司司之權 益(包括任何其他無抵押應認 並(包括任何其他無抵押確認 款項),則本集團不會再確認 好虧損,除非本集團有責任 已經代表合資公司付款。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,合 資公司的投資按成本扣除減值 撥備列帳。本公司按已收及應 收股息入帳以反映合資公司之 業績。

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests without change of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from the non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Joint venture

A joint venture (formerly "jointly controlled entity" under previous HKAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures") is an arrangement whereby the Group and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

The Group's share of its joint ventures' profits or losses is recognised in the income statement, and its share of movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the entity.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investment in the joint venture is stated at cost less provision for impairment allowances with the results of the joint venture accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

2.3. 利息收入及支出

所有附息金融工具之利息收入及支出 均採用實際利息法於收益表內確認。

當一項金融資產或一組同類金融資產 因出現減值虧損而撇減其價值時,會 按計算減值虧損時用以折現未來現金 流量的利率確認利息收入。

2.4. 非利息收入(附註2.22所述由保 險與其他擔保合約所產生的除 外)

(a) 費用及佣金收入

費用及佣金通常於提供服務時 以應計基準確認。屬於實際利 率不可分割一部分的前期安排 手續費作為對釐定貸款利息收 入實際利率的調整確認。

(b) 股息收入

股息收入於取得獲派股息權利 時確認。

2.3. Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense are recognised in the income statement for all interest bearing financial instruments using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

2.4. Non interest income other than those arising from insurance and guarantee contracts under Note 2.22

(a) Fee and commission income

Fees and commissions are generally recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided. Upfront arrangement fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate are recognised as an adjustment to the effective interest rate in determining interest income on the loans.

(b) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.5. 金融資產

本集團將金融資產分為:以公平值變 化計入損益的金融資產、貸款及應收 款項、持至到期的投資及可供出售金 融資產。分類方式視乎購入投資的目 的而定。管理層於初始確認時決定投 資分類。

(a) 以公平值變化計入損益的金融 資產

此類別可細分為兩類:持作買賣的金融資產及於首次分類積定為以公平值變化計入資產。倘金融資產。倘金融資產,為在短期內出售而購入說別。 資產為集合管理的可識別證,則會實際短期獲利,已出期曾實際短期獲利,已對方 類為持作買賣用途。除生工具 作對沖用途外,否則衍生工具 亦歸類為持作買賣用途。

符合以下條件之金融資產,一般會初始時被界定為以公平值變化計入損益類別:

- (i) 若該界定能消除或大幅 減少因按不同基準計量 金融資產或金融負債之 價值或確認其盈利或虧 損,而出現不一致的計 量或確認情况(有時稱為 會計錯配);或
- (ii) 若根據明文規定的風險 管理或投資策略,有一 組金融資產及/或金融 負債需按公平值基準管 理及評估表現,而內理 理及評估表現,而管理層 呈報有關該組金融資產 及/或金融負債。

2.5. Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments; and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated as at fair value through profit or loss at inception. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of recent actual pattern of short-term profit-making. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.

A financial asset is typically classified as fair value through profit or loss at inception if it meets the following criteria:

- (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an accounting mismatch) that would otherwise arise from measuring the financial assets or financial liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases; or
- (ii) a group of financial assets and/or financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and this is the basis on which information about the financial assets and/or financial liabilities is provided internally to the key management personnel.

(iii) 含有一項或多項對現金 流量有重大影響的嵌入 式衍生工具的所持有債 務證券等金融資產可以 指定為以公平值變化計 入損益。 (iii) financial assets, such as debt securities held, containing one or more embedded derivatives which significantly modify the cash flows, can be designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(b) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為有固定或可確定還款額、並無活躍市場報價之非衍生工具金融資產,且本集團無意即時或於短期內買賣有關貸款及應收款項。

(c) 持至到期投資

(d) 可供出售投資

可供出售投資包括指定為此類 別或並無歸入任何其他類別的 非衍生工具金融投資。可供出 售投資為無限定持有時間的投 資,可因應流動資金需要或市價變動而出售。 可供出售投資初步按公平值(包 括直接及遞增交易成本)確認, 其後按公平值持有。

所有並非以公平值變化計入損益的金融資產初始時按公平值加上交易成本確認。以公平值變化計入損益的金融資產初步按公平值確認,而交易成本則在收益表列作支出。

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and for which the Group has no intention of trading immediately or in the short term.

(c) Held-to-maturity

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Where the Group sold or reclassified held-to-maturity assets (i) other than due to an isolated event that is beyond the Group's control, is non-recurring and could not have been reasonably anticipated by the Group, such as a significant deterioration in the issuer's creditworthiness or (ii) other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity assets, the entire category would be reclassified as available-for-sale.

(d) Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial investments that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. Available-for-sale investments are those intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate, exchange rate or market prices. They are initially recognised at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently held at fair value.

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

可供出售金融資產及以公平值 變化計入損益的金融資產其後 以公平值列帳。貸款及應收款 項及持至到期的投資則採用實 際利息法以攤銷成本列帳。「以 公平值變化計入損益的金融資 產」類別的公平值變動產生的 收益及虧損,於產生時計入該 期間的收益表。可供出售金融 資產公平值變動產生的未變現 收益及虧損於其他全面收益確 認, 並累計於權益中(公平值 儲備),直至有關金融資產被註 銷或減值時,則將先前已於權 益確認之累計盈虧撥轉至收益 表。然而,使用實際利息法計 算的利息乃於收益表中確認。 可供出售股權工具之股息於有 關公司取得獲派股息權利時於 收益表確認。

倘若本集團有意並有能力在資產重新 分類時,持有某些金融資產直至可預 見的未來或直至到期日,本集團可以 選擇將符合貸款及應收款項定義的金 融資產,從可供出售投資重新分類為 貸款及應收款項類別。

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and heldto-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (fair value reserve), until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in equity is reclassified to income statement. However, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the income statement when the entity's right to receive payment is established.

If an asset measured at fair value has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances shall be used to measure fair value. If there is no active market for a financial asset, the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

The Group may choose to reclassify financial assets that would meet the definition of loans and receivables out of the available-for-sale categories if the Group has the intention and ability to hold these financial assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity at the date of reclassification.

重新分類將按重新分類日的公平值計算。公平值會成為新的成本或攤銷成本(如適用),而在重新分類日期前的公平值收益或虧損不作撥回。對於被重新分類為貸款及應收款項和持至到期類別的金融資產,其實際利率將在重新分類日確定。

2.6. 金融資產減值

(a) 以攤銷成本列帳之資產

- 發行人或欠債人出現嚴 重財政困難;
- 違約,例如延遲支付或 拖欠利息或本金;
- 因與借款人財政困難有關之經濟或法律理由,本集團給予借款人在一般情況下不予考慮之優惠條件;
- 啟動破產程序或其他財 務重組;
- 因財政困難至使金融資 產之活躍市場消失;或

Reclassifications are made at fair value as of the reclassification date. Fair value becomes the new cost or amortised cost as applicable, and no reversals of fair value gains or losses recorded before reclassification date are subsequently made. Effective interest rates for financial assets reclassified to loans and receivables and held-to-maturity categories are determined at the reclassification date.

2.6. Impairment of financial assets

(a) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- the Group granting to the borrower, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, a concession that the Group would not otherwise consider:
- initiation of bankruptcy proceedings or other financial reorganisation;
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or

- 可察覺的資料顯示初步 確認某一金融資產組合 產生時的未來預計現金 流將較最初確認有可內 度下降,即使有關內下降 未能識別為該組合內之 個別金融資產。資料包 括:
 - 一 該組合的供款人之 還款狀況有不利轉 變:或
 - 組合資產之逾期還 款相關之經濟狀 況。

- observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including:
 - adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group; or
 - economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant. For exposures which are not individually significant, the Group will assess impairment either individually or collectively. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

對有抵押金融資產預計未來現 金流量之現值計算,可反映因 收回抵押品後扣除取得及出售 抵押品之成本可能產生的現金 流量,不論是否可能取消贖回 權。

整體之組合減值評估而言,金融資產按相若信貸風險特徵歸類,該等特徵與預測該等資產群組之未來現金流量有關,可顯示所評估資產在合約條款下其債務人清還所有到期債務的能力。

一組共同進行減值評估的金融 資產的未來現金流量,是按 組內資產的合約現金流量,及 與其具相若信貸風險特徵的 產之過往虧損記錄會根據現 量。過往虧損記錄會根據現反 可觀察資料予以調整,以與 期間產生影響的現有狀況的影 響,以及消除於過往期間出現 但現時並不存在之條件的影響。

估計一組資產未來現金流量的變動時須反映各期間的相關可觀察數據(顯示該組資產虧損之可能性及程度的變動),並與其一致。本集團定期檢整至與其一致。本集團定期檢設,以縮減虧損估計與實際虧損的差距。

倘貸款無法收回,則信貸委員 會將酌情決定自相關貸款減值 虧損撥備撇銷貸款。該等貸款 將於完成所有必需程序及確定 虧損金額後撇銷。倘日後收回 以往已撇銷的款項,將用於減 低收益表中之減值虧損。 The calculation of the present value of estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral, whether or not foreclosure is probable.

For the purposes of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics which are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtors' ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of the contractual cash flows of the assets in the group and historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently.

Estimates of changes in future cash flows for groups of assets should reflect and be directionally consistent with changes in related observable data from period to period which are indicative of changes in the probability of losses in the group and their magnitude. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

When a loan is uncollectable, it is written off against the related allowance for loan impairment at the discretion of the Credit Committee. Such loans are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off decrease the amount of the allowance for loan impairment in the income statement.

如日後減值虧損撥備減少,且 與確認減值後發生的事件有客 觀聯繫,則過往確認的減值虧 損會透過調整撥備帳目撥回。 回撥的金額於收益表內確認。

(b) 被歸類為可供出售投資的資產

本集團在各呈報期末評估有否 客觀證據顯示,個別可供出售 投資的資產或一組可供出售投 資的資產出現減值。對於債務 證券,本集團採用以上(a)所提 出的標準。至於被分類為可供 出售的股權投資,倘若其公平 值大幅或長期低於成本,亦為 顯示該等資產出現減值的證 據。如可供出售金融資產存在 該等值證據,其累計虧損(即 收購成本與現時公平值之差額 扣減原先已於收益表確認之金 融資產減值虧損)需自權益撥 轉至收益表。如日後歸類為可 供出售之工具的公平值增加, 並與確認減值後發生之事件有 客觀聯繫,則有關減值虧損將 按變化程度於收益表回撥。

(c) 已重組貸款

須作組合減值評估或屬個別重 大的貸款如已重新協商條款則 不再視為逾期,而作為已重組 貸款處理。 If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement.

(b) Assets classified as available-for-sale investments

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an available-for-sale investment or a group of available-for-sale investments is impaired. For debt securities, the group uses the criteria referred to in (a) above. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss — measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in income statement — is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of the instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in income statement, the impairment loss to the extent of such change is reversed through the income statement.

(c) Renegotiated loans

Loans that are either subject to collective impairment assessment or individually significant and whose terms have been renegotiated are no longer considered to be past due but are treated as renegotiated loans.

2.7. 金融負債

金融負債分為兩類:以公平值變化計 入損益的金融負債及其他金融負債。 所有金融負債於初始時分類,並初步 按公平值確認。

當債券(包括已發行嵌入式衍生工具的債券)被界定以公平值於初始分類時以公平值變化計入損益,則按公平值確認,且公平值變動記錄於收益表。當債券被界定為公平值對沖之對沖項目,均會就被對沖風險而引起的公平值變化作出相應調整。

指定為其他金融負債的債券初始按公 平值計量,即所收代價的公平值扣減 產生的交易成本。債券其後按攤銷成 本列帳,扣除交易成本後的所得款項 淨額與贖回價值間的任何差額,於債 務證券期間按實際利息法在收益表確 認。

凡贖回/回購債券時的損益,即贖回/回購債券的金額與帳面值的差額,於贖回/回購發生期間於收益表入帳確認。

2.7. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified into two categories: financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. All the financial liabilities are classified at inception and recognised initially at fair value.

Debt securities issued in the statement of financial position include (i) notes and Transferable Loan Certificates issued under the Debt Issuance Programme (DIP), (ii) notes offered to retail investors through the placing banks in standalone retail bond issues and under the Retail Bond Issuance Programme (RBIP) and (iii) notes issued under the Medium Term Note (MTN) Programme. The mortgage-backed securities (MBS) issued by structured entity through the US\$3 Billion Bauhinia Mortgage-backed Securitisation Programme ("MBS Programme") are recorded as mortgage-backed securities issued in the statement of financial position on consolidation of structured entities. These notes (including MBS) are initially designated as either (i) financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or (ii) other financial liabilities.

The notes (including those issued with embedded derivative instruments) designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition are carried at fair value, with changes in fair value being recorded in the income statement. Those notes which are designated as hedged items under a fair value hedge are adjusted for the fair value changes subject to the risk being hedged.

The notes designated as other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs incurred. The notes are subsequently stated at amortised costs; any difference between proceeds net of transaction costs and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the debt securities using the effective interest method.

On redemption/repurchase of the notes, the resulting gains or losses, being the difference between the redemption/repurchase amount and the carrying amount, are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the redemption/repurchase takes place.

2.8. 確認和終止確認金融工具

以公平值變化計入損益的金融資產、可供出售投資和持有至到期投資於購買或出售的交易日確認。貸款及應收款項於借款人收到現金時確認。當收取金融資產所得現金流量的權利經已屆滿,或當本集團已轉讓擁有該項資產的絕大部分風險及回報的權利,金融資產將終止確認。

以公平值變化計入損益的金融負債, 及已發行債務證券於交易日確認。其 他負債於債務產生時確認。金融負債 僅於合約規定的債務已被清償、已取 消或已屆滿時,才於財務狀況表終止 確認。

2.9. 衍生金融工具及對沖會計處理

衍生工具最初於訂立衍生工具合約之 日按公平值確認,其後按公平值重新 計量。公平值乃根據活躍市場會 定,包括最近市場交易及通過使用估 值方法(包括現金流量折現模型及明估 值方法(包括現金流量折現模型及明值 權定價模型)。當衍生工具的公平值 為正數時,均作為資產入帳;而當公 平值為負數時,則作為負債入帳。從 衍生工具所產生的應收和應付利息會 分別呈列於綜合財務狀況表。

於初始確認時,最佳顯示該衍生工具 之公平值應為其交易價值(即已付或 已收代價之公平值)。

若干嵌入其他金融工具之衍生工具之 經濟特徵及風險與所屬主合約並無密 切關係,且主合約並非以公平值變化 計入損益計量時,該等嵌入式衍生工 具會作為獨立衍生工具處理。該等嵌 入式衍生工具以公平值計量,而公平 值變動則於收益表確認。

2.8. Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments

Purchases and sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investments are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Group purchases or sells the assets. Loans and receivables are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrowers. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and debt securities issued are recognised on the trade date. Other liabilities are recognised when such obligations arise. Financial liabilities are derecognised from the statement of financial position when and only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

2.9. Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions, and valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models and options pricing models, as appropriate. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. Interest receivables and payables arising from derivatives are separately presented in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The best evidence of the fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received).

Certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments are treated as separate derivatives when their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

確認公平值損益的方法取決於衍生工具是否指定為對沖工具,如屬對沖工具則須取決對沖項目性質。本集團指定若干衍生工具為:(1)對沖已確認資產或負債或落實承擔的公平值(「公平值對沖」);或(2)對沖已確認資產或負債所產生極有可能的未來現金流量或預期交易(「現金流對沖」)。在符合若干條件的情況下,以此方法指定的衍生工具採納對沖會計方式處理。

本集團會於交易發生時記錄對沖工具 與相關對沖項目之關係、風險管理目 的以及進行各類對沖交易時所採取策 略。本集團亦於對沖活動發生時及所 涉期間內評估有關衍生工具能否高度 有效地抵銷相關對沖項目之公平值或 現金流量變動,並作出記錄。

(a) 公平值對沖

指定為且合資格之公平值對沖 之衍生工具的公平值變動連同 對沖資產或負債之公平值變 動,一併於收益表內記錄。

倘對沖不再符合對沖會計處理 的標準,則會按實際利息法計 算對沖項目之帳面值調整,將 於直至到期日之期間攤銷至收 益表。

(b) 現金流對沖

指定為且合資格列為現金流對 沖之衍生工具的公平值變動的 有效對沖部分於其他全面收益 內確認,並累計於權益中。無 效部分的損益即時於收益表確 認。

權益的累積數額將於相關對沖 項目影響收益表時轉出並撥入 至收益表。 The method of recognising the resulting fair value gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either: (i) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments ("fair value hedge"); or, (ii) hedges of highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognised asset or liability, or a forecast transaction ("cash flow hedge"). Hedge accounting is used for derivatives designated in this way provided certain criteria are met.

The Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

(a) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used, is amortised to income statement over the period to maturity.

(b) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled to the income statement in the periods in which the hedged item will affect income statement.

於對沖工具到期或出售或不再 符合對沖會計處理標準時,權 益中的任何累計損益仍保留於 權益內,直至預期進行的交易 最終於收益表確認時始撥入收 益表。當預期進行的交易不會 落實時,權益所呈報的累計損 益隨即撥入收益表。

不符合採用對沖會計方法的衍 (C)

凡不合資格採用對沖會計處理 的經濟對沖的衍生工具均按公 平值計入損益。任何衍生工具 的公平值變動即時於收益表確 認。

2.10.對銷金融工具

如金融資產及負債具有法定權利可對 銷確認金額及有計劃按淨額結算,或 同時變賣資產以清償負債,則該金融 資產及金融負債可互相對銷,而兩者 之淨額列於財務狀況表內。

2.11.收回資產

收回抵押資產作為待售資產列帳,並 於「其他資產」項下呈報,相關貸款 則終止確認。收回抵押資產按帳面值 或公平值減銷售成本之較低者計量。

2.12.分類呈報

經營分類按向首席經營決策者提供的 內部報告一致的方式報告。首席經營 決策者為分配資源及評估公司經營分 類表現的個人或團體。本集團已指定 總裁為首席經營決策者。

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

Derivatives not qualified as hedges for accounting (C) purposes

Derivative instruments entered into as economic hedges that do not qualify for hedge accounting are held at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument are recognised immediately in the income statement.

2.10. Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11. Repossessed assets

Repossessed collateral assets are accounted as assets held for sale and reported in "Other assets" and the relevant loans are derecognised. The repossessed collateral assets are measured at lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

2.12. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker is the person or group that allocates resources to and assesses the performance of the operating segments of an entity. The Group has determined the Chief Executive Officer as its chief operating decision maker.

釐定分類業績時已計入與各分類直接 關連的收入。資金成本以內部資金轉 讓定價機制分配至各分類。成本分配 乃基於各分類產生的直接成本及管理 間接開支分配。

2.13.外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團旗下各公司的財務報表中所載項目採用該公司營運所在主要經濟環境所用的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以千港元為單位呈列,即本公司之功能及本公司和本集團之呈列貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易當日之匯率換 算為功能貨幣。結算該等交易 產生之匯兑盈虧以及結算以期 末匯率換算的外幣計值的貨幣 資產及負債而產生的匯兑盈虧 在收益表確認。

以外幣計價的貨幣項目,按報 告日期的收市匯率換算。以歷 史成本估值及外幣計價的非貨 幣項目,按初始確認日期的匯 率換算:而以外幣計價的非貨 幣項目,當以公平值估值時, 會以確定公平值當日的匯率換 算。 Income directly associated with each segment is included in determining segment performance. Funding costs are allocated to each segment by way of internal fund transfer pricing mechanisms. Cost allocation is based on the direct costs incurred by the respective segment and apportionment of management overheads.

2.13. Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), which is the Company's functional and the Company's and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated with the closing rate as at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated with the exchange rate as at the date of initial recognition; non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

持有以公平值變化計入損益的 非貨幣金融工具的換算差額呈 報為公平值損益的一部分。歸 類為可供出售金融資產的非貨 幣金融工具的換算差額計入權 益的公平值儲備。

(c) 集團旗下公司

所有功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同 的集團公司(概無嚴重通脹經 濟之貨幣),其業績及財務狀況 按如下方法換算為呈列貨幣:

- 各財務狀況表內所呈報 的資產及負債按財務狀 況表之報告日期的收市 匯率換算:
- 各收益表內的收支按平均匯率換算(倘此平均值並非該等交易日期當時匯率的累計效果之合理約數,則收支按交易日期的匯率換算);
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益內確認;

In the case of changes in the fair value of monetary assets denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale, a distinction is made between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in the carrying amount, except impairment, are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial instruments classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions);
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;

- 上述方式產生的匯兑差額於股東權益中呈報為 匯兑儲備:及

(d) 出售境外業務

當出售境外業務時,所有有關此業務而累計於權益並屬於本公司股東應佔的匯兑差額計入收益表內。

2.14.固定資產

固定資產按歷史成本減累計折舊及減 值虧損列帳。歷史成本包括收購該等 項目的直接開支。

該項目的其後成本僅在本集團有可能 獲得有關項目之未來經濟利益,且能 準確計量項目成本時,方可計入資產 帳面值或確認為獨立資產(倘適用)。 遭替換部分的帳面值終止確認。所有 其他維修及保養開支均於彼等產生之 財務期間自收益表確認。

- Exchange differences arising from the above process are reported in shareholders' equity as translation reserve; and
- On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is disposed of, or partially disposed of, such exchange differences are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

(d) Disposal of foreign operation

On disposal of foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are taken to the income statement.

2.14. Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

折舊採用直線法按下列估計可使用年 期將成本減剩餘價值計算:

租賃物業裝修 租約尚未屆滿的期間 像俬及裝置 租約尚未屆滿的期間

 電腦
 三年

 辦公室設備
 三年

 汽車
 四年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期於各呈 報期末檢討並於適當時調整。

出售損益按所得款項與帳面值的差額於收益表確認。

2.15.於附屬公司、合資公司及其他 非金融資產的投資的減值

於附屬公司收取股息後,倘若出現下 述情況,需就附屬公司的投資進行減 值測試。第一在股息宣佈週期,股息 超越附屬公司的總全面收益。第二附 屬公司在本公司的財務報表所顯示的 帳面值,超越附屬公司在綜合財務狀 況表的淨資產值(包括商譽)。 Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

Leasehold improvements over the unexpired period of the lease Furniture and fixtures over the unexpired period of the lease

Computer 3 years
Office equipment 3 years
Motor vehicle 4 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gain and loss on disposal is determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. It is included in the income statement.

2.15. Impairment of investment in subsidiaries, joint venture, and other non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that its interests in joint venture are impaired. Such objective evidence includes whether there has been any significant adverse changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the joint venture operates or whether there has been a significant or prolonged decline in value below their cost. If there is an indication that an interest in an associate or joint venture is impaired, the Group assesses whether the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement for the amount by which the carrying amount is lower than the higher of the investment's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Any reversal of such impairment loss in subsequent periods is reversed through income statement.

Impairment testing of the investment in a subsidiary is required upon receiving a dividend from that subsidiary if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary concerned in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the subsidiary in the Company's statement of financial position exceeds the carrying amount of the subsidiary's net assets including goodwill in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.16. 當期及遞延税項

期內稅項支出包括當期及遞延稅項。 稅收會在收益表內確認,除非它涉及 確認於其他全面收益的項目或直接在 權益內確認。在這種情況下,稅收也 會在其他全面收益或直接在權益確 認。

當期所得稅根據呈報期末已頒佈或實際頒佈的稅率計算。

遞延税項採用各並預期在相關遞延所 得稅資產變現或遞延所得稅負債結算 時適用之稅率釐定。遞延所得稅採用 負債法按資產及負債的稅基與綜合財 務報表所呈列帳面值之暫時差額作全 數撥備。遞延稅項採用各呈報期末前 已頒佈或實際頒佈並預期在相關遞延 所得稅資產變現或遞延所得稅負債結 算時適用之稅率釐定。

倘可能有未來應課税溢利與可動用暫時差額抵銷,則確認遞延稅項資產。 遞延所得稅就投資附屬公司而產生的暫時差額而撥備,除非暫時差異的撥回由本集團控制,並有可能在可預見將來不會撥回暫時差額則除外。

與可供出售投資及現金流對沖的公平 值重新計量相關的遞延税項直接在其 他全面收益中扣除或計入其他全面收 益,其後連同遞延盈虧在收益表中確 認。

2.16. Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising from investment in the subsidiary, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the difference will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax related to fair value re-measurement of available-for-sale investments and cash flow hedges, which are charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income, is also credited or charged directly to other comprehensive income and is subsequently recognised in the income statement together with the deferred gain or loss.

2.17. 僱員福利

(a) 僱員可享有的假期

僱員所享年假及於計算僱員有 關假期時確認。按截至各呈報 期末就僱員所提供服務而估計 享有的年假及長期服務假期列 為應計項目。

僱員可享有的病假、產假及陪 產假,於僱員休假時確認。

(b) 花紅計劃

本集團根據一項程式以考慮若 干調整後所得溢利確認花紅負 債及開支。本集團根據合約責 任或過往經驗建立推定責任 時,確認有關花紅撥備。

(c) 退休金承擔

本集團為僱員設立強制性公積 金計劃及界定供款計劃,計劃 相關資產通常由獨立信託人所 管理之基金持有。該等退休金 計劃通常由僱員及本集團供款。

本集團對強制性公積金計劃及 界定供款計劃的供款於產生時 列作支出,僱員於全數享有應 得僱主供款前退出該計劃而被 沒收的僱主供款部分用於扣減 僱主目前供款負擔。

2.17. Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. An accrual is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long-service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of each reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave, maternity or paternity leave are recognised when the absence occurs.

(b) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created constructive obligations.

(c) Pension obligations

The Group offers a mandatory provident fund scheme and a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are generally held in separate trustee — administered funds. These pension plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the Group.

The Group's contributions to the mandatory provident fund scheme and defined contribution scheme are expensed as incurred and are reduced by the portion of employer contributions being forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to full vesting of the employer contributions.

(d) 離職補償

2.18. 撥備

倘本集團現時因過往事件而涉及法律 或推定責任,而履行責任很可能須耗 用資源,且可合理估計款項時,則確 認撥備。

當金額的時間值屬重大的,撥備按預 期償付責任所需開支按除税前比率 (反映當前市場對責任特定之貨幣時 間值及風險之評估)計算之現值計量。

2.19.租約

(a) 經營租約

經營租約指由出租人承擔資產 擁有權絕大部分風險及回報之 租約。本集團主要以承租人身 份訂立經營租約。經營租約租 金(扣除出租人給予的任何優 惠後)於租期內以直線法自收 益表扣除。

倘經營租約於租約期滿前終止,則任何須付予出租人的罰款將於終止發生期間確認為開支。

(d) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

2.18. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events where it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

2.19. Leases

(a) Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. The Group entered into operating leases primarily as lessee. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

(b) 融資租約

2.20.現金及等同現金項目

就現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金 項目包括於購入之日起計三個月內到 期的結餘,包括現金、銀行的結餘。 這些結餘是易於轉換為已知金額的現 金,而其價值變動的風險不高。

2.21.財務擔保合約

根據財務擔保合約,本集團須向持有 人支付定額款項以補償指定欠款人未 能按債務工具條款支付到期款項所產 生損失。

財務擔保初步按作出擔保當日的公平 值於財務報表確認。初步確認後,本 集團根據有關擔保的責任以按照香港 會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及 或然資產」釐定的金額或初步確認金 額減已確認累計攤銷的較高者計量。 財務擔保相關責任之任何變動於收益 表處理。

(b) Finance leases

Leases of assets where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The Group entered into finance leases primarily as lessor. Finance leases are capitalised as receivables at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return. Hire purchase contracts having the characteristics of a finance lease are accounted for in the same manner as finance leases. Impairment allowances are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2.6.

2.20. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with less than three months' maturity from the date of acquisition, including cash and balances with banks that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

2.21. Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date that the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised. Any changes in the liability relating to financial guarantees are taken to the income statement.

為本公司發行的按揭證券的投資者作 出擔保,擔保他們準時為按揭證券還 款。按照香港會計準則第39號,在 本公司的財務狀況表中,列帳為財務 擔保。

其他財務擔保合約,按附註2.22(b)所載會計政策,列帳為保險合約。

2.22.保險和其他擔保合約

(a) 按揭保險合約

本集團按揭保險計劃下的按揭 保險業務,根據年度會計基準 入帳。依照年度會計處理法, 本集團按未來收支的可靠預測 作出撥備,釐定本會計年度的 承保業績。承保業績包括更正 過往估計而作出的任何修訂。

毛保費指本會計年度透過在《銀行業條例》下定議之認可機構參與直接承保業務的保費。扣除折扣後的毛保費包括向再保險公司支付再保險保費、本集團應收風險保費及供款管理費。保險費淨額於保險生效期間之時間比例確認為收入。

未賺取保費為各呈報期末後估 計承擔風險及提供服務所需保 費淨額部分。 The guarantees given to investors of mortgage-backed securities issued by the Company for the timely repayment of guaranteed MBS are recorded as financial guarantees under HKAS 39 in the Company's statement of financial position.

Other financial guarantee contracts are accounted for as insurance contracts in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2.22 (b).

2.22. Insurance and other guarantee contracts

(a) Mortgage insurance contracts

The mortgage insurance business under the Mortgage Insurance Programme of the Group is accounted for on the annual accounting basis. Under the annual accounting approach, the Group makes provisions based on credible estimates of future income and outgoings to determine the underwriting result for the current accounting period. The underwriting result includes any adjustments arising from the correction of the previous estimates.

Gross premiums represent direct business written through Authorized Institutions (AIs) as defined in accordance with the Banking Ordinance during an accounting period. The gross premiums after deduction of discounts, include the reinsurance premiums to be paid to the approved reinsurers, the risk premiums and servicing fees earned by the Group. The net premiums are recognised as income on a time-apportioned basis during the time the insurance coverage is effective.

Unearned premiums represent that portion of net premiums written which are estimated to relate to risks and services subsequent to the end of each reporting period. 已產生的佣金在收益表內確認。

Provisions are made for outstanding claims, claims incurred but not reported and loss reserve at the end of each reporting period. For risk-sharing business, 50% or 75% of the net risk premiums earned in a year depending on the respective product is set aside as a Contingency Reserve for a period of time in accordance with relevant regulatory guidelines and as considered appropriate by the directors. Withdrawals from the Contingency Reserve can be made to meet excess claims at any time during the period. At the end of the reporting period, the unutilised balance of the Contingency Reserve can be released to retained profits.

Reinsurance contracts refer to contracts entered into by the Group with reinsurers under which the Group is compensated for losses on one or more insurance contracts issued by the Group. Benefits to which the Group is entitled under its reinsurance contracts held are recognised as reinsurance assets. These assets consist of claims recoverable from reinsurers and receivables that are dependent on the expected claims and benefits arising under the related reinsured insurance contracts. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in accordance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets are primarily premiums for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expense.

Commissions are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

(b) 其他擔保和保險合約

本集團為合資格的中、小型企業(「中小企」)和非上市企業取得的貸款提供財務擔保,並收取擔保費:及為長者的安老按揭提供保險保障,並收取保險保費。

本集團會根據當前合約的未來 現金流量估算,在每個呈報年 度評估其已確認的負債是否足 夠。如果評估顯示其擔保和保 險負債的帳面值不足夠應付預 計的未來現金流量,不足之數 額會在收益表中確認。

根據有關監管指引及在董事認 為適當的情況下,年內賺取的 擔保費的50%和保險保費的 75%,在一段時間內,預留作 為風險儲備。期內可自風險儲 備撤回款項以應付超額申索。 於各呈報期末,未動用風險儲 備的結餘可撥回至保留溢利。

2.23.股息分配

於呈報期末後擬派或宣派的股息作為 股東權益的獨立部分披露;而當股東 批准該股息時,也作為該時期的負債 披露。

(b) Other guarantee and insurance contracts

The Group provides financial guarantees for loan facilities provided to eligible small and medium-sized enterprises ("SMEs") and non-listed enterprises, in return for guarantee fee, and insurance coverage on reverse mortgage provided to elderly people, in return for insurance premium.

The Group will assess if its recognised liabilities are adequate on each reporting date, using the current estimates of future cash flows under these contracts. If the assessment shows that the carrying amount of its guarantee and insurance liabilities are inadequate in the light of the estimated future cash flows, the shortfall shall be recognised in the income statement.

50% of the guarantee fee earned and 75% of the insurance premium earned in a year is set aside as a Contingency Reserve for a period of time in accordance with relevant regulatory guidelines and as considered by directors to be appropriate. Withdrawals from the Contingency Reserve can be made to meet excess claims at any time during the period. At the end of the reporting period, the unutilised balance of the Contingency Reserve can be released to retained profits.

2.23. Dividend distribution

Dividend proposed or declared after the end of each reporting period is disclosed as a separate component of shareholders' equity and as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by shareholders.

2.24. 待售之非流動資產及出售用途業務組合

倘若非流動資產及出售用途業務組合 的帳面值將主要透過出售收回及出售 的可能性甚高,持作待售之非流動資 產及出售用途業務組合乃按帳面值與 公平值減出售成本兩者中之較低數額 計量。

3. 財務風險管理

3.1. 採用金融工具策略

本集團的業務面對多種財務風險,該 等業務涉及分析、評估、承擔及管理 一定程度的風險或風險組合。本集團 於維持財務表現過程中審慎管理風 險。

企業風險管理委員會乃按企業級別設立,監督企業範圍內的風險事項(包括財務及非財務風險)。各類風險的政策及限額由各管理委員會(包括信貸委員會、資產負債管理委員會、交易核准委員會及營運風險管理委員會)定期監控及檢討,並向企業風險管理委員會報告。

2.24. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale and stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount is recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable.

3. Financial risk management

3.1. Strategy in using financial instruments

The major activities of the Group are (i) to purchase portfolios of mortgages or loans; (ii) to raise financing for its purchase of assets through issuance of debt securities; and (iii) to provide mortgage insurance cover to Als in respect of mortgage loans originated by such Als and secured on residential properties in Hong Kong; (iv) to provide financial guarantee cover to Als in respect of loans originated by such Als to SMEs and non-listed enterprises in Hong Kong; (v) to provide insurance cover to Als in respect of reverse mortgage loans originated by such Als to elderly people; and (vi) to operate a centralised microfinance platform to support microfinance loans. By their nature, the Group's activities are principally related to the use of financial instruments including cash, loans, debts and derivatives.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks and those activities involve the analysis, evaluation, acceptance and management of some degree of risk or combination of risks. The Group manages the risks in a prudent manner in sustaining the Group's financial performance.

The Corporate Risk Management Committee is set up at corporate level to provide oversight of the enterprise-wide risk matters including financial and non-financial risks. The policies and limits for various risks are monitored and reviewed regularly by various management committees, including the Credit Committee, Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO), Transaction Approval Committee (TAC) and Operational Risk Committee (ORC) which report to Corporate Risk Management Committee.

信貸委員會監察資產收購及按揭保險 的信貸政策及標準。資產負債管理委 員會監察經董事局批准的風險管理及 投資指引的執行情況。交易核准委員 會負責根據最新市況及董事局批准的 業務策略,深入分析業務交易的定價 因素及相關信貸風險。營運風險管理 委員會負責確保所有相關運作部門, 都採取有效的營運風險及內部監控機 制。委員會也會負責就相關運作部門 在政策、監控和管理的運作事宜發生 問題時,提供指引和解決方法。倘若 有審核結果涉及營運風險和內部監 控,委員會會確保盡快採取恰當的糾 正措施。此外,內部審核部負責獨立 審查風險管理及監控狀況。最重要的 風險類型為信貸風險、流動資金風險 及市場風險(包括貨幣風險、利率風 險及股票價格風險)。

3.2. 信貸風險

本集團主要金融資產為其貸款組合、 證券投資、現金及短期資金。流動資 金及投資證券的信貸風險有限,因為 交易對手主要是主權國、半主權國機 構、銀行及公司,其信貸評級須達到 按照董事局批准的投資指引的最低要求。

本集團的信貸風險主要來自其貸款組合,即借款人於款項到期時未能全數 償還的風險。本集團就於呈報期末已 產生的虧損作出減值撥備。

經濟及本港物業市場出現的重大轉變 可能導致虧損有別於呈報期末之撥 備。本集團因此就管理信貸風險訂下 審慎政策。

The Credit Committee oversees the credit policies and standards for asset acquisition and mortgage insurance. The ALCO oversees the implementation of market risk management and investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors. The TAC conducts an in-depth analysis of pricing economics and associated credit risks for business transactions, whilst taking into consideration the latest market conditions and business strategies approved by the Board. The ORC is responsible for ensuring that all business entities and line functions maintain an effective operational risk and internal control framework. The ORC is also responsible for providing directions and resolving issues related to policies, controls and management of operational issues referred to by line functions, as well as ensuring prompt and appropriate corrective action in response to audit findings related to operational risks or internal controls. In addition, Internal Audit is responsible for the independent review of risk management and the control environment. The most important types of risks are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk which includes currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk.

3.2. Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are its loan portfolio, investment securities, cash and short-term funds. The credit risk on liquid funds and investment securities is limited because the credit ratings of the counterparties, mainly sovereigns, quasi-sovereign agencies, banks and companies, should meet the minimum requirement in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its loan portfolio, which is the risk that a loan borrower will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Allowance for impairment is provided for losses that have been incurred at the end of the reporting period.

Significant changes in the economy and local property market could result in losses that are different from those provided for at the end of the reporting period. The Group therefore has a prudent policy for managing its exposure to credit risk.

為維持資產及按揭保險組合的質素,本集團採取四路策略:(i)用既定準則 挑選核准賣方;(ii)審慎的資產購買準 則及保險申請標準:(iii)有效的核查 程序;及(iv)確保較高風險的資產或 交易有足夠的保障。

本集團的按揭貸款信貸風險分散於眾 多客戶及交易對手,而本集團按揭風 險相關抵押品則在香港和韓國。

本集團尤其注重對問題貸款進行持續 信貸審查。各業務部門將監控該等貸 款,並為盡力收回款項採取如與借款 人制定寬減計劃等收款行動。貸款定 期進行減值評估,減值撥備根據信貸 委員會批准的指引自收益表扣除。

抵押品及其他信貸安排加強措施

本集團已實施關於接受用以減低信貸 風險的特定類別的抵押品的指引。該 等指引定期進行審查。

貸款組合

按揭貸款組合的主要抵押品類型主要包括物業及遞延代價(附註28):至於融資租約應收帳款的抵押品類型包括的士和公共小巴牌照。按揭貸款組合和融資租約應收帳款一般全部有抵押。目前物業抵押品的價值是以組合形式的公開指數確定。至於其他非按揭貸款組合,一般並不需要抵押品。

To maintain the quality of the asset and mortgage insurance portfolios, the Group adheres to a four-pronged approach to (i) select Approved Sellers with established criteria, (ii) adopt prudent asset purchasing criteria and insurance eligibility criteria, (iii) conduct effective due diligence reviews and (iv) ensure adequate protection for higher-risk assets or transactions.

Credit risk exposures on mortgage loans of the Group are spread over a large number of customers and counterparties. The underlying collaterals on the Group's mortgage exposures are located in Hong Kong and Korea.

The Group undertakes ongoing credit review with special attention paid to problem loans. Operation units will monitor these loans and take recovery action such as establishing relief plan with borrowers in order to maximise recoveries. Loan impairment assessment is performed regularly and impairment allowance is charged to income statement in accordance with the guidelines approved by the Credit Committee.

Collateral and other credit enhancements

The Group has implemented guidelines on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral on credit risk mitigation, which are subject to regular review.

Loan portfolio

The principal collateral types for mortgage portfolio mainly consist of properties and the deferred consideration (Note 28). For finance lease receivable, the collateral types include taxi and public light bus licenses. Mortgage portfolio and finance lease receivable are generally fully secured by collateral. The current collateral value of properties is determined with the use of public indices on a portfolio basis. For other non-mortgage portfolio, no collateral is generally sought.

銀行定期存款和證券投資

銀行定期存款一般不尋求抵押,因為 其交易對手的性質和短期內到期,故 被視為低風險。投資證券一般無抵 押,惟資產抵押證券以物業或其他資 產作為抵押。

衍生金融工具

本集團與所有衍生工具合約之交易對 手簽訂國際掉期及衍生工具協會主協 議。

至於金融工具,如衍生工具,本集團 按照其投資指引及信貸風險政策系。 易對手制定的風險限額予以監察。 易對手風險限額由信貸風險委員員 險的上限為對本集團有利的工具(原 險的上限為對本集團有利的工有(自為正數的資產)的現有值為正數的資產,公平有工具值 會的信道或用於反映未平倉工具集份 的估算價值的小部分。交易對手整體信貸限額的一部分,與 市場波動的潛在風險一併管理。

按揭保險合約、其他擔保和保險合約

詳情在附註3.5披露。

結算風險存在於任何以現金、證券或 股本支付並期望收取相當現金、證券 或股本的情況。為涵蓋本集團於任何 單一日期因市場交易產生的所有結算 風險的總額,對每名交易對手均設有 每日結算限額。 Time deposits with banks and investment securities

Collaterals are generally not sought for time deposits with banks as the exposures are considered to be low risk due to the nature of the counterparties and short term maturity. Investment securities are generally unsecured, with the exception of asset-backed securities which are secured by properties or other assets.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into International Swap Dealers Association master agreement with all counterparties for derivative transactions.

For financial instruments such as derivatives, exposures are monitored against counterparty risk limits established in accordance with the investment guidelines and credit risk policy of the Group. These counterparty risk limits are subject to regular review by the Credit Committee on a semi-annual basis. At any one time, the amount subject to counterparty risk is limited to the current fair value of instruments favourable to the Group (i.e. assets with positive fair value), which in relation to derivatives is only a small fraction of the contract, or notional values used to express the volume of instruments outstanding. This counterparty risk exposure is managed as part of the overall credit limits with counterparties, together with potential exposures from market movements.

Mortgage insurance contracts, other guarantee and insurance contracts

The details are disclosed in Note 3.5.

Settlement risk arises in any situation where a payment in cash, securities or equities is made in the expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. Daily settlement limits are established for each counterparty to cover the aggregate of all settlement risk arising from the Group's market transactions on any single day.

(a) 未計所持有抵押品或其他信貸 安排加強措施的最高信貸風險 分析如下:

> 本集團和公司金融資產最高信 貸風險與其帳面金額相等。資 產負債表外的最高信貸風險分 析如下:

(a) Maximum exposures to credit risk before taking account of collateral held or other credit enhancements are analysed as follows:

The maximum exposures to credit risk of the financial assets of the Group and the Company are equal to their carrying amounts. The maximum exposures to credit risk of off-balance sheet exposures are as follows:

		本:	集團	本·	公司
		The (Group	The Co	ompany
		於二零一三年	於二零一二年	於二零一三年	於二零一二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
財務擔保 (按揭證券化 計劃的合約金額)	Financial guarantees (contractual amount under the MBS programme)	-	-	-	214,742
總風險投保 一 按揭保險業務	Total risk-in-force — mortgage insurance	44.452.740	47 744 000	45.007.404	47 404 450
一其他擔保及	business — other guarantee and	14,453,649	16,614,898	15,026,481	17,101,150
保險業務 	insurance business	1,625,083	1,152,296	1,625,083	1,152,296
		16,078,732	17,767,194	16,651,564	18,468,188

- 貸款組合的信貸質素分析如 下:
- (b) Credit quality of the loan portfolio is analysed as follows:

		本	集 團	本:	公司
		The (Group	The Co	mpany
		於二零一三年	於二零一二年	於二零一三年	於二零一二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
未逾期亦未減值	Neither past due nor impaired	21,969,373	25,518,011	16,687,185	21,607,824
逾期但未減值	Past due but not impaired	298,671	379,243	255,106	337,812
已減值	Impaired	2,178	2,197	1,578	2,197
(公計41人物館)	Cross loan partfolia	22 270 222	25 900 451	14 042 940	21 047 922
貸款組合總額	Gross loan portfolio	22,270,222	25,899,451	16,943,869	21,947,833
貸款減值撥備	Allowance for loan impairment	(1,825)	(4,052)	(1,295)	(4,030)
		22,268,397	25,895,399	16,942,574	21,943,803

於呈報期末未逾期亦未減值的 貸款組合的信貸質素,可參考 本集團採納的內部評級系統進 行評估。

The credit quality of loans that were neither past due nor impaired as at the end of the reporting period can be assessed by reference to the internal rating system adopted by the Group.

		本	集團	本名	公司
		The	Group	The Co	ompany
		於二零一三年	於二零一二年	於二零一三年	於二零一二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
級別:	Grades:				
1至3級	1 to 3	21,950,123	25,500,399	16,673,649	21,595,505
4級	4	383	_	383	_
5級	5	18,867	17,612	13,153	12,319
		21,969,373	25,518,011	16,687,185	21,607,824

1至3級包括無信貸風險或近期 無逾期還款記錄的貸款,並持 有不同水平的信貸安排加強措 施,及持有作為擔保按揭貸款 組合和融資租約應收帳款的抵 押品。

4級包括近期有逾期還款記錄 的貸款,並持有不同水平的信 貸安排加強措施,及持有作為 擔保按揭貸款組合和融資租約 應收帳款的抵押品。

5級包括近期有逾期還款記錄 的貸款,並持有作為擔保按揭 貸款組合和融資租約應收帳款 的抵押品。

(c) 逾期但未減值的貸款

以下為於呈報期末已逾期但未 減值的貸款總額分析: Grades 1 to 3 include loans with either no credit risk or no recent past due history; and with different levels of credit enhancements in addition to the collateral held as security for mortgage portfolio and finance lease receivable.

Grade 4 includes loans with recent past due history and with different levels of credit enhancement in addition to the collateral held as security for mortgage portfolio and finance lease receivable.

Grade 5 includes loans with recent past due history and with collateral held as security for mortgage portfolio and finance lease receivable.

(c) Loans past due but not impaired

The analysis below shows the gross amount of loans that were past due but not impaired at the end of the reporting period:

		本:	集團	本:	公司
		The (Group	The Co	mpany
		於二零一三年	於二零一二年	於二零一三年	於二零一二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
逾期時間:	Past due:				
三個月或以下	Three months or less	296,306	376,078	252,741	334,647
六個月或以下,	Six months or less but	270,000	070,070	202,741	004,047
但超過三個月	over three months	369	561	369	561
超過六個月	Over six months	1,996	2,604	1,996	2,604
/E/E/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		.,,,,,	2,00 .	.,,,,,	2,00 .
總額	Total	298,671	379,243	255,106	337,812
其中抵押品及其他	Of which fair value of				
信貸安排加強措施	collateral and other credit				
的公平值	enhancement	2,156,076	2,531,140	2,051,600	2,429,776

(d) 已個別減值的貸款

本集團和本公司未計所持有抵押品及信貸安排加強措施產生的現金流量的個別減值貸款分別為2,178,000港元(二零一二年:2,197,000港元)及1,578,000港元(二零一二年:2,197,000港元)。

本集團及本公司為已個別減值 的貸款所持的相關抵押品及信 貸安排加強措施的公平值為 4,399,000港元(二零一二年: 8,175,000港元)。

(e) 收回抵押品

本集團及本公司收取作為擔保 的抵押品的資產。

收回物業將在實際可行情況下 盡快出售,所得款項用於減少 未償還債項。收回物業於財務 狀況表內歸類於「其他資產」項 目下。如果在償還債務後尚有 剩餘款項,將根據適用的法 律,分配給資產的受益人。

(f) 現金及短期資金

根據董事局批准的投資指引,本集團僅可存款於發鈔銀行或達到特定最低信貸評級的銀行。於二零一三年十二月三十一日及二零一二年十二月三十一日,可接受的最低限度短期信貸評級為A-2(標準普爾)、P-2(穆迪)和F-2(惠譽)。

(g) 證券投資

根據董事局批准的投資指引, 本集團僅可投資於達到特定最 低信貸評級的債務證券。資產 負債管理委員會對按級別劃分 的投資比例進行檢察及審查。

(d) Individually impaired loans

Individually impaired loans of the Group and the Company before taking into account the cash flows from collateral held and credit enhancement amounted to HK\$2,178,000 (2012: HK\$2,197,000) and HK\$1,578,000 (2012: HK\$2,197,000) respectively.

The fair value of related collateral held and credit enhancement of the Group and the Company for individually impaired loans amounted to HK\$4,399,000 (2012: HK\$8,175,000).

(e) Repossessed properties

The Group and the Company obtained assets by taking possession of collateral held as security.

Repossessed properties are sold as soon as practicable, with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness and are classified in the statement of financial position within "Other assets". If excess funds arise after repayment of the outstanding indebtedness, they are distributed to the beneficiaries of the assets under the applicable laws.

(f) Cash and short-term funds

According to the investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors, the Group can only place deposits with note-issuing banks or banks with a certain minimum credit rating. As at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the minimum acceptable short-term credit ratings are A-2 (Standard and Poor's), P-2 (Moody's) and F-2 (Fitch).

(g) Investment securities

According to the investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors, the Group can only invest in debt securities with a certain minimum credit rating. The proportion of investments according to rating categories is monitored and reviewed by ALCO. 根據外部信貸機構的評級方法 (標準普爾、穆迪及惠譽),下 列為呈報期末按評定級別對債 務證券所作分析。如證券本身 沒有評級,則採用證券發行人 的評級。 The table below presents an analysis of debt securities by rating designation as at the end of the reporting period, based on external credit agency's ratings (Standard and Poor's, Moody's and Fitch). In the absence of issue-specific ratings, the ratings for the issuers are reported.

本集團及本公司 於二零一三年十二月三十一 The Group and the Comp As at 31 December 2013		可供出售證券 Available-for-sale securities 千港元 HK\$'000	持有至到期證券 Held-to-maturity securities 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
AAA/Aaa	AAA/Aaa	384,003	2,159,071	2,543,074
AA-至AA+/Aa3至Aa1	AA- to AA+/Aa3 to Aa1	2,015,252	4,984,285	6,999,537
A- 至A+ /A3至A1	A- to A+/A3 to A1	542,650	1,417,239	1,959,889
總額	Total	2,941,905	8,560,595	11,502,500

本集團及本公司 於二零一二年十二月三十一 The Group and the Company As at 31 December 2012		可供出售證券 Available-for-sale securities 千港元 HK\$'000	持有至到期證券 Held-to-maturity securities 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
AAA /Aaa AA- 至AA+ /Aa3至Aa1 A- 至A+ /A3至A1	AAA/Aaa AA- to AA+/Aa3 to Aa1 A- to A+/A3 to A1	952,959 1,256,388 284,983	2,396,837 5,280,188 1,560,783	3,349,796 6,536,576 1,845,766
總額	Total	2,494,330	9,237,808	11,732,138

3.3. 市場風險

本集團面對市場風險。市場風險指金 融工具的公平值或未來現金流量因市 價變動而波動的風險。市場風險乃因 利率、貨幣及股本產品的未平倉合約 而產生。所有該等合約均面對一般及 特定市場變動及市場比率或市價(如 利率、信貸息差、匯率及股價)波動 水平變動的風險。本集團所面對市場 風險主要來自對實體的具有不同價格 重訂特性的金融工具的利率管理而產 生,或者是以外幣定價的金融工具的 淨風險。本集團亦採用公平值對沖, 透過利率掉期對沖定息發行債券大部 分現有利率風險,將浮息資金與浮息 資產互調以作出更好配對。本集團亦 採用貨幣掉期,分別用作公平值對沖 和經濟對沖,藉以對沖以外幣定價發 行的債券和海外住宅按揭貸款的淨風 **哈**。

3.3. Market risk

The Group takes on exposure to market risks, which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks arise from open positions in interest rate, currency and equity products, all of which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility of market rates or prices such as interest rates, credit spreads, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Group's exposures to market risk primarily arise from the interest rate management of the entity's financial instruments of different repricing characteristics, or from the net exposure of the foreign currency denominated financial instruments. The Group hedges a major proportion of its existing interest rate risk of the fixed-rate bond issuance using fair value hedges in the form of interest rate swaps by swapping into floating-rate funding to better match the floating-rate assets. The Group also hedges the net exposure of the foreign-currency denominated debts issued and the overseas residential mortgage loans by the use of cross-currency swaps as fair value hedges and economic hedges respectively.

The management of market risk is principally undertaken by the Treasury Department using risk limits approved by the Board of Directors. Strategies on interest rate risk management, financing, hedging, investments are formulated by ALCO. Regular meetings are held to review the latest conditions in the financial markets and the asset-liability portfolio mix. The Treasury Department is responsible for monitoring financial market movements and executing transactions in the cash, derivatives and debt markets in accordance with the strategies laid down by ALCO. The middle office monitors the compliance of risk limits and performs stress tests to assess the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The results of the stress tests are reviewed by ALCO.

利率風險管理主要指對利息收入淨額對不同利率的敏感度進行監察,並透過對沖措施減低不利影響。利率曲線於二零一三年十二月三十一日平行下移20個基點將使未來12個月的利息收入淨額減少少於100萬港元(二零一二年:增加約100萬港元),反之,如類似的平行上移,則將使未來12個月的利息收入淨額增加少於100萬港元(二零一二年:減少約100萬港元)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,倘該 日利率平行下移20個基點,年內溢 利將增加少於100萬港元(二零一二 年:少於100萬港元),於二零一三 年十二月三十一日的公平值儲備增加 約500萬港元(二零一二年:少於100 萬港元)。倘利率平行上移20個基 點,年內溢利將下調少於100萬港元 (二零一二年:少於100萬港元),而 公平值儲備將下調約600萬港元(二 零一二年:少於100萬港元)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,在所有其他可變因素保持不變的情況下,倘港元兑美元匯率下跌100點子,年內溢利將增加約1,100萬港元(二零一二年:1,100萬港元)。反之,倘港元兑美元匯率上升100點子,則年內溢利將減少1,100萬港元(二零一二年:1,100萬港元)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,在所有其他可變因素保持不變的情況下,倘港元兑美元以外的其他外幣匯率下跌100點子,年內溢利將增加約1,800萬港元(二零一二年:1,800萬港元)。反之,倘港元兑美元以外的其他外幣匯率上升100點子,年內溢利將減少1,800萬港元(二零一二年:1,800萬港元)。

A principal part of the interest rate risk management is to monitor the sensitivity of projected net interest income under different interest rate scenarios and to mitigate the negative impact through hedging operations. A 20 basis points parallel downward shift of the interest rate curve as at 31 December 2013 would decrease the future net interest income for the next 12 months by less than HK\$1 million (2012: increase by around HK\$1 million) and increase by less than HK\$1 million (2012: decrease by around HK\$1 million) for a similar upward parallel shift.

As at 31 December 2013, if interest rates at that date had experienced a 20 basis points parallel shift downwards, profit for the year would have been higher by less than HK\$1 million (2012: by less than HK\$1 million) and the fair value reserve would have been higher by around HK\$5 million (2012: less than HK\$1 million) as at 31 December 2013. If interest rates had experienced a 20 basis points parallel shift upwards, profit for the year would have been lower by less than HK\$1 million (2012: by less than HK\$1 million) and the fair value reserve would have been lower by around HK\$6 million (2012: less than HK\$1 million).

As at 31 December 2013, with all other variables held constant, if the HK dollar had weakened by 100 price interest points against the US dollar, profit for the year would have been around HK\$11 million higher (2012: HK\$11 million). Conversely, if the HK dollar had strengthened by 100 price interest points against the US dollar, profit for the year would have been around HK\$11 million lower (2012: HK\$11 million).

As at 31 December 2013, with all other variables held constant, if the HK dollar had weakened by 100 price interest points against foreign currencies other than US dollar, profit for the year would have been around HK\$18 million higher (2012: HK\$18 million). Conversely, if the HK dollar had strengthened by 100 price interest points against foreign currencies other than US dollar, profit for the year would have been around HK\$18 million lower (2012: HK\$18 million).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,在所有其他可變因素保持不變的情況下,倘交易所買賣基金和房地產投資信託基金的價格下跌1%,公平值儲備將減少約900萬港元(二零一二年:3,300萬港元)。反之,倘交易所買賣基金和房地產投資信託基金的價格上升1%,公平值儲備將增加約900萬港元(二零一二年:3,300萬港元)。

上升或下降反映管理層對利率、匯率 及市場價在十二個月期間可能的合理 變動所作出評估。

(a) 貨幣風險

As at 31 December 2013, with all other variables held constant, if the price of exchange-traded funds and real estate investment trust had decreased by 1%, the fair value reserve would have been around HK\$9 million lower (2012: HK\$33 million). Conversely, if the price of exchange-traded funds and real estate investment trust had increased by 1%, the fair value reserve would have been around HK\$9 million higher (2012: HK\$33 million).

The increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rate, exchange rates and market price for a 12-month period.

(a) Currency risk

The Group takes on exposure to effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rate on its financial position and cash flows. The Board sets allowable currencies for investment purposes. The ALCO sets limits on the currency exposure that may be undertaken, which is monitored daily. At funding side, the multi-currency feature of the MTN programme enables the Group to issue notes in major currencies, including US dollars, renminbi, Singapore dollars, British pounds, Australian dollars, euro and Japanese yen. All foreign currency-denominated MTN debts are fully hedged into either US dollars or Hong Kong dollars.

下表概列本集團的外幣匯率風 險。表內所載為按帳面值列值 的資產與負債,並按貨幣種類 分類。 The tables below summarise the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk. Included in the tables are the assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by currency.

本集團 The Group		港元 HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	美元 USD 千港元 HK\$'000	其他外幣 Other foreign currencies 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 資產 現金及短期資金 應收利息及匯款 待售資產 衍生金融工具 貸款組合淨額	Assets Cash and short-term funds Interest and remittance receivables Assets held for sale Derivative financial instruments Loan portfolio, net	8,293,174 215,585 - 774,360 20,012,458	3,228,038 123,378 - 57,066 2,255,939	236,321 29,837 129,767 - -	11,757,533 368,800 129,767 831,426 22,268,397
證券投資: 一可供出售 一持有至到期 預付款項、按金及其他資產 固定資產	Investment securities: — available-for-sale — held-to-maturity Prepayments, deposits and other assets Fixed assets	1,455,678 2,934,264 17,929 44,085	1,642,268 4,419,131 101 –	762,509 1,207,200 - -	3,860,455 8,560,595 18,030 44,085
再保險資產 ————————— 資產總值	Reinsurance assets Total assets	180,742 33,928,275	11,725,921	2,365,634	180,742 48,019,830
負債 應付利息 應付帳項、應付開支及 其他負債	Liabilities Interest payable Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	106,646 4,611,243	68,277 1,017	20,907	195,830 4,612,260
與待售資產直接關連的負債 衍生金融工具 當期税項負債 遞延稅項負債 保險負債 已發行債務證券	Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale Derivative financial instruments Current income tax liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities Insurance liabilities Debt securities issued	785,458 144,665 57,156 1,294,712 14,205,142	- - - - - 8,485,416	384 - - - - - 8,664,627*	384 785,458 144,665 57,156 1,294,712 31,355,185
負債總額	Total liabilities	21,205,022	8,554,710	8,685,918	38,445,650
持倉淨額	Net position	12,723,253	3,171,211	(6,320,284)	9,574,180
資產負債表外淨名義持倉#	Off-balance sheet net notional position [#]	(14,229,537)	4,972,917	8,684,920	(571,700)

[&]quot; 「資產負債表外淨名義持倉」 指外幣衍生金融工具(主要用 以減低本集團於貨幣波動的風 險)的名義金額與其公平值的 差額。

^{*} 總額包括40億港元的英鎊債 務證券及35億港元的澳元債 務證券。

[&]quot;Off-balance sheet net notional position" represents the difference between the notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Group's exposure to currency movements and their fair values.

Amounts included debt securities issued in British pounds of HK\$4 billion and Australian dollars of HK\$3.5 billion.

本公司 The Company		港元 HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	美元 USD 千港元 HK\$'000	其他外幣 Other foreign currencies 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 資產 現金及短期資金 應收利息及匯款	As at 31 December 2013 Assets Cash and short-term funds Interest and remittance receivables	8,291,123 206,189	3,228,038 123,378	236,321 29,837	11,755,482 359,404
衍生金融工具 貸款組合淨額 證券投資: 一可供出售	Derivative financial instruments Loan portfolio, net Investment securities: — available-for-sale	774,360 14,686,635 1,455,678	57,066 2,255,939 1,642,268	- - 762,509	831,426 16,942,574 3,860,455
一持有至到期 附屬公司投資 預付款項、按金及其他資產	— held-to-maturity Interests in subsidiaries Prepayments, deposits and	2,934,264 5,192,190	4,419,131	1,207,200 102,060	8,560,595 5,294,250
固定資產再保險資產	other assets Fixed assets Reinsurance assets	16,707 44,085 181,053	101 - -	- - -	16,808 44,085 181,053
資產總值	Total assets	33,782,284	11,725,921	2,337,927	47,846,132
負債 應付利息 應付帳項、應付開支及	Liabilities Interest payable Accounts payable, accrued	106,646	68,277	20,907	195,830
其他負債 衍生金融工具 當期稅項負債	expenses and other liabilities Derivative financial instruments Current income tax liabilities	4,611,711 785,458 144,665	1,017 - -	- - -	4,612,728 785,458 144,665
遞延税項負債 保險負債 已發行債務證券	Deferred income tax liabilities Insurance liabilities Debt securities issued	56,911 1,297,034 14,205,142	- - 8,485,416	- - 8,664,627*	56,911 1,297,034 31,355,185
負債總額	Total liabilities	21,207,567	8,554,710	8,685,534	38,447,811
持倉淨額	Net position	12,574,717	3,171,211	(6,347,607)	9,398,321
資產負債表外淨名義持倉#	Off-balance sheet net notional position#	(14,229,537)	4,972,917	8,684,920	(571,700)

[「]資產負債表外淨名義持倉」 指外幣衍生金融工具(主要用 以減低本公司於貨幣波動的風 險)的名義金額與其公平值的 差額。

總額包括40億港元的英鎊債 務證券及35億港元的澳元債 務證券。

[&]quot;Off-balance sheet net notional position" represents the difference between the notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Company's exposure to currency movements and their fair values.

Amounts included debt securities issued in British pounds of HK\$4 billion and Australian dollars of HK\$3.5 billion.

本集團 The Group		港元 HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	美元 USD 千港元 HK\$'000	其他外幣 Other foreign currencies 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年十二月三十一日					
資產	Assets	0.404.007	747,000	544.007	0.745.544
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	8,424,927	746,380	544,237	9,715,544
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	278,110	157,079	34,401	469,590
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	1,303,778	139,235	-	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額	Loan portfolio, net	21,540,141	4,355,258	-	25,895,399
證券投資:	Investment securities:	4 (04 040	0.700.444	400 (00	F 040 007
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	1,691,810	3,688,414	432,603	5,812,827
一持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	3,410,103	4,588,260	1,239,445	9,237,808
預付款項、按金及其他資產	Prepayments, deposits and	20 /04		40	00 / 14
口中海李	other assets	39,601	-	40	39,641
固定資產	Fixed assets	29,116	-	12	29,128
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	222,007			222,007
資產總值	Total assets	36,939,593	13,674,626	2,250,738	52,864,957
負債	Liabilities				
應付利息	Interest payable	128,050	82,926	24,780	235,756
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued	.20,000	02,720	2.1,7.00	2007. 00
其他負債	expenses and other liabilities	4,463,882	716	518	4,465,116
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	174,082	1,013	-	175,095
當期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	101,464	_	123	101,587
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities	109,404	_	_	109,404
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	1,545,863	_	_	1,545,863
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	17,731,198	10,727,312	7,946,117*	36,404,627
已發行按揭證券	Mortgage-backed securities issued	214,672	-	-	214,672
負債總額	Total liabilities	24,468,615	10,811,967	7,971,538	43,252,120
持倉淨額	Net position	12,470,978	2,862,659	(5,720,800)	9,612,837
資產負債表外淨名義持倉#	Off-balance sheet net notional position#	(13,519,119)	5,559,632	7,930,584	(28,903)

[&]quot; 「資產負債表外淨名義持倉」 指外幣衍生金融工具(主要用 以減低本集團於貨幣波動的風 險)的名義金額與其公平值的 差額。

^{*} 總額包括25億港元的英鎊債 務證券及40億港元的澳元債 務證券。

[&]quot;Off-balance sheet net notional position" represents the difference between the notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Group's exposure to currency movements and their fair values.

Amounts included debt securities issued in British pounds of HK\$2.5 billion and Australian dollars of HK\$4 billion.

本公司 The Company		港元 HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	美元 USD 千港元 HK\$'000	其他外幣 Other foreign currencies 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年十二月三十一日					
資產	Assets	0.404.507	74/ 000	400 077	0.500.040
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	8,421,586	746,380	420,377	9,588,343
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	269,647	157,079	33,689	460,415
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	1,303,778	139,235	_	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額	Loan portfolio, net	17,588,545	4,355,258	_	21,943,803
證券投資:	Investment securities:	4 (04 040	0.700.444	400.700	F 040 007
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	1,691,810	3,688,414	432,603	5,812,827
一持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	3,410,103	4,588,260	1,239,445	9,237,808
附屬公司投資	Interests in subsidiaries	3,841,609	-	102,060	3,943,669
預付款項、按金及其他資產	Prepayments, deposits and	47 500			47 500
田中次文	other assets	46,520	-	-	46,520
固定資產	Fixed assets	29,116	-	-	29,116
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	222,372			222,372
資產總值	Total assets	36,825,086	13,674,626	2,228,174	52,727,886
負債	Liabilities				
應付利息	Interest payable	127,980	82,926	24,780	235,686
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued				
其他負債	expenses and other liabilities	4,686,763	716	250	4,687,729
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	174,082	1,013	-	175,095
當期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	100,563	-	-	100,563
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities	109,103	-	-	109,103
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	1,548,076	-	-	1,548,076
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	17,731,198	10,727,312	7,946,117*	36,404,627
負債總額	Total liabilities	24,477,765	10,811,967	7,971,147	43,260,879
持倉淨額	Net position	12,347,321	2,862,659	(5,742,973)	9,467,007
資產負債表外淨名義持倉#	Off-balance sheet net notional position#	(13,519,119)	5,559,632	7,930,584	(28,903)

[「]資產負債表外淨名義持倉」 指外幣衍生金融工具(主要用 以減低本公司於貨幣波動的風 險)的名義金額與其公平值的 差額。

總額包括25億港元的英鎊債 務證券及40億港元的澳元債 務證券。

[&]quot;Off-balance sheet net notional position" represents the difference between the notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Company's exposure to currency movements and their fair values.

Amounts included debt securities issued in British pounds of HK\$2.5 billion and Australian dollars of HK\$4 billion.

(b) 現金流量及公平值利率風險

下表概述本集團所面對的利率風險,並按帳面值列示的資產及負債,而資產及負債則按重新定息日或到期日(以較早者為準)分類。衍生金融工具(主要用於減低本集團於利率波動承擔的風險)的帳面值列於「不計息」項目中。

(b) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on both its fair value and cash flow risks. Interest margins may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce or create losses in the event that unexpected movements arise. The ALCO sets limits on the level of interest rate mismatch that may be undertaken, which is monitored regularly.

The tables below summarise the Group's exposure to interest rate risks. Included in the tables are the assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates. The carrying amounts of derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the Group's exposure to interest rate movements, are included under the heading "Non-interest bearing".

本集團 The Group	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$°000	1 month to 3 months 千港元	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一							
日 As at 3° 資產 Assets	1 December 2013						
	d short-term funds 3,301,620	1,019,067	7,060,241	_	_	376.605	11,757,533
7 7 7 7	and remittance	1,017,007	7,000,241			370,003	11,707,000
receivab	lles -	_	-	-	-	368,800	368,800
	neld for sale 129,342	-	-	-	-	425	129,767
17	ve financial instruments -	-	-	-	-	831,426	831,426
	rtfolio, net 18,603,163 ent securities:	3,603,914	23,491	35,994	1,835	-	22,268,397
	ailable-for-sale 217,074	571,488	1,214,741	938,602	_	918,550	3,860,455
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	d-to-maturity 283,205		1,548,679	2,638,646	3,701,180	-	8,560,595
預付款項、按金及其他資產Prepaym	•		, , .	, , .	., . ,		.,,.
other	assets -	-	-	-	-	18,030	18,030
固定資產 Fixed as:		-	-	-	-	44,085	44,085
再保險資產 Reinsura	ance assets -	-	_		_	180,742	180,742
資產總值 Total ass	sets 22,534,404	5,583,354	9,847,152	3,613,242	3,703,015	2,738,663	48,019,830
負債 Liabiliti	es						
應付利息 Interest	payable -	_	-	-	-	195,830	195,830
	s payable, accrued						
	ses and other liabilities 4,214,241	-	-	-	-	398,019	4,612,260
	s directly associated with					204	204
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	s held for sale ve financial instruments -	_	_	_	-	384 785,458	384 785,458
//	income tax liabilities -	_	_	_	_	144,665	144,665
	d income tax liabilities -	_	_	_	_	57,156	57,156
	e liabilities -	-	-	-	-	1,294,712	1,294,712
已發行債務證券 Debt sec	curities issued 4,910,174	9,766,814	4,801,547	9,349,443	2,527,207	-	31,355,185
	pilities 9,124,415	9,766,814	4,801,547	9,349,443	2,527,207	2,876,224	38,445,650
利息敏感度缺口總額* Total inte	erest sensitivity gap* 13,409,989	(4,183,460)	5,045,605	(5,736,201)	1,175,808		
	rate derivatives (notional nts of net position) (5,627,543) (10,982,823)	4,732,875	9,019,265	2,286,526	_	

未計入衍生金融工具重定息對 已發行債務證券的影響。

^{*} before the repricing effect of derivative financial instruments on the debt securities issued.

本公司 The Company		一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HKS'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一 日 資產	As at 31 December 2013 Assets							
現金及短期資金 應收利息及匯款 衍生金融工具	Cash and short-term funds Interest and remittance receivables Derivative financial instruments	3,300,018	1,019,067 - -	7,060,241 - -	- -	- - -	376,156 359,404 831,426	11,755,482 359,404 831,426
貸款組合淨額 證券投資:	Loan portfolio, net Investment securities:	13,334,407	3,579,565	9,674	17,093	1,835	-	16,942,574
一 可供出售 一 持有至到期 附屬公司投資	— available-for-sale— held-to-maturityInterests in subsidiaries	217,074 283,205 5,153,370	571,488 388,885 23,789	1,214,741 1,548,679 13,262	938,602 2,638,646 769	3,701,180 –	918,550 - 103,060	3,860,455 8,560,595 5,294,250
預付款項、按金及其他資產 固定資產	Prepayments, deposits and other assets Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	16,808 44,085	16,808 44,085
再保險資產 ———————— 資產總值	Reinsurance assets Total assets	22,288,074	5,582,794	9,846,597	3,595,110	3,703,015	181,053 2,830,542	181,053 47,846,132
負債	Liabilities	,,.	.,,	77-	.,,	.,,		
應付利息 應付帳項、應付開支及 其他負債	Interest payable Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,214,241	-	-	-	-	195,830 398,487	195,830 4,612,728
衍生金融工具 當期稅項負債	Derivative financial instruments Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	785,458 144,665	785,458 144,665
遞延税項負債 保險負債	Deferred income tax liabilities Insurance liabilities Debt securities issued	- - 4,910,174		- - 4,801,547	- 9,349,443	- - 2 527 207	56,911 1,297,034	56,911 1,297,034
已發行債務證券 ————————————————————————————————————	Total liabilities	9,124,415	9,766,814	4,801,547	9,349,443	2,527,207	2,878,385	31,355,185
利息敏感度缺口總額*	Total interest sensitivity gap*	13,163,659	(4,184,020)	5,045,050	(5,754,333)	1,175,808	,,	, .,
利率衍生工具 (持倉淨額的名義金額)	Interest rate derivatives (notional amounts of net position)	(5,627,543)	(10,982,823)	4,732,875	9,019,265	2,286,526	_	

未計入衍生金融工具重定息對 已發行債務證券的影響。

before the repricing effect of derivative financial instruments on the debt securities issued.

本集團 The Group		一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年十二月三十一 日	- As at 31 December 2012							
ロ 資産	Assets							
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	1,011,878	3,528,751	4,989,854	_	_	185,061	9,715,544
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	-	-	-	-	-	469,590	469,590
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	1,443,013	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額	Loan portfolio, net	24,657,088	1,169,067	36,512	23,996	8,736	-	25,895,399
證券投資:	Investment securities:							
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	868,060	973,117	653,153		-	3,318,497	5,812,827
一 持有至到期 預付款項、按金及	held-to-maturity Prepayments, deposits and	124,520	38,739	1,552,207	3,759,570	3,762,772	-	9,237,808
其他資產 其他資產	other assets		_		_		39,641	39,641
田定資産	Fixed assets	_	_	_	_	_	29,128	29,128
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	-	-	_	-	-	222,007	222,007
資產總值	Total assets	26,661,546	5,709,674	7,231,726	3,783,566	3,771,508	5,706,937	52,864,957
負債	Liabilities							
應付利息	Interest payable	_	_	_	_	_	235,756	235,756
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued							,
其他負債	expenses and other liabilities	4,200,129	-	-	-	-	264,987	4,465,116
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	175,095	175,095
當期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	101,587	101,587
遞延税項負債 (200.4.1)	Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	109,404	109,404
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	- 070 405	40.404.500	- 0.407.000	- 40 457 440	4.040.770	1,545,863	1,545,863
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	5,973,185	12,124,522	2,136,033	12,157,118	4,013,769	-	36,404,627
已發行按揭證券 —————	Mortgage-backed securities issued	214,672						214,672
負債總額	Total liabilities	10,387,986	12,124,522	2,136,033	12,157,118	4,013,769	2,432,692	43,252,120
利息敏感度缺口總額*	Total interest sensitivity gap*	16,273,560	(6,414,848)	5,095,693	(8,373,552)	(242,261)	_	
利率衍生工具 (持倉淨額的名義金額)	Interest rate derivatives (notional amounts of net position)	(8,064,538)	(8,973,851)	2,119,000	11,610,162	3,280,324		

未計入衍生金融工具重定息對 已發行債務證券的影響。

before the repricing effect of derivative financial instruments on the debt securities issued.

本公司 The Company		一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年十二月三十一	- As at 31 December 2012							
日 資産	As at 31 December 2012 Assets							
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	899,615	3,515,067	4,989,854	_	_	183,807	9,588,343
應收利息及匯款	Interest and remittance receivables	· -		· · ·	-	-	460,415	460,415
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	1,443,013	1,443,013
貸款組合淨額	Loan portfolio, net	20,713,162	1,169,067	35,680	18,871	7,023	-	21,943,803
證券投資:	Investment securities:	0/0.0/0	070 447	(50.450			0.040.407	E 040 007
一 可供出售一 持有至到期	available-for-sale held-to-maturity	868,060	973,117 38,739	653,153 1,552,207	3,759,570	3,762,772	3,318,497	5,812,827
付有王利知 附屬公司投資	Interests in subsidiaries	124,520 3,838,132	30,/37	810	3,/39,3/0	1,667	103,060	9,237,808 3,943,669
預付款項、按金及	Prepayments, deposits and	0,000,102		010		1,007	100,000	0,740,007
其他資產	other assets	7,984	_	_	_	_	38,536	46,520
固定資產	Fixed assets	· –	-	-	-	-	29,116	29,116
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	-	-	-	-	-	222,372	222,372
資產總值	Total assets	26,451,473	5,695,990	7,231,704	3,778,441	3,771,462	5,798,816	52,727,886
負債	Liabilities							
應付利息	Interest payable	-	-	-	-	-	235,686	235,686
應付帳項、應付開支及	Accounts payable, accrued							
其他負債	expenses and other liabilities	4,410,603	-	-	-	-	277,126	4,687,729
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	175,095	175,095
當期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	100,563	100,563
遞延税項負債 (P) A (B)	Deferred income tax liabilities Insurance liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	109,103	109,103
保險負債 已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	5,973,185	12,124,522	2,136,033	12,157,118	4,013,769	1,548,076	1,548,076 36,404,627
		* *						
負債總額	Total liabilities	10,383,788	12,124,522	2,136,033	12,157,118	4,013,769	2,445,649	43,260,879
利息敏感度缺口總額*	Total interest sensitivity gap*	16,067,685	(6,428,532)	5,095,671	(8,378,677)	(242,307)		
利率衍生工具 (持倉淨額的名義金額)	Interest rate derivatives (notional amounts of net position)	(8,064,538)	(8,973,851)	2,119,000	11,610,162	3,280,324		

未計入衍生金融工具重定息對 已發行債務證券的影響。

before the repricing effect of derivative financial instruments on the debt securities issued.

3.4. 流動資金風險

流動資金風險指本集團未能償還其支付債項或未能為已承諾購買的貸款提供資金的風險。本集團每日監測資金流入及流出,並在所有工具到期期限的基礎上預計遠期資金流入及流出。本集團從不同資金來源支持其業務增長及維持均衡的負債組合。資產負債管理委員會定期對流動資金來源進行審查。

(a) 未折現現金流量分析

(i) 非衍生工具現金流出

3.4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk of the Group not being able to repay its payment obligations or to fund committed purchases of loans. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring the actual inflows and outflows of funds on a daily basis and projecting longer-term inflows and outflows of funds across a full maturity spectrum. The Group has established diversified funding sources to support the growth of its business and the maintenance of a balanced portfolio of liabilities. Sources of liquidity are regularly reviewed by ALCO.

(a) Undiscounted cash flows analysis

The tables below present cash flows payable by the Group under non-derivative financial liabilities, derivative financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis and derivative financial instruments that will be settled on gross basis by remaining contractual maturities as at the end of the reporting period. The amounts disclosed in the table are the projected contractual undiscounted cash flows including future interest payments on the basis of their earliest possible contractual maturity. The Group's derivatives include interest rate swaps that will be settled on net basis; and cross currency swaps that will be settled on gross basis.

(i) Non-derivative cash outflows

本集團及本公司 The Group and the C	ompany	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013						
負債	Liabilities						
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	(1,617,632)	(2,412,076)	(10,961,199)	(15,330,240)	(2,652,473)	(32,973,620)

			至三個月	至一年	至五年		
		一個月內	Over	Over	Over	五年以上	
		Up to	1 month to	3 months	1 year to	Over	總額
		1 month	3 months	to 1 year	5 years	5 years	Total
本集團		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
The Group		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 負債	As at 31 December 2012 Liabilities						
已發行債務證券 已發行按揭證券	Debt securities issued Mortgage-backed securities	(684,799)	(3,590,319)	(11,609,866)	(18,389,744)	(3,749,700)	(38,024,428)
	issued	(4,284)	(210,656)	-		-	(214,940)
		(689,083)	(3,800,975)	(11,609,866)	(18,389,744)	(3,749,700)	(38,239,368)
			一個月以上 至三個月	三個月以上 至一年	一年以上 至五年		
		一個月內	土—四刀 Over	± + Over	±π+ Over	五年以上	
		Up to	1 month to	3 months	1 year to	Over	總額
		1 month	3 months	to 1 year	5 years	5 years	Total
本公司		千港元	千港元	, 千港元	, 千港元	, 千港元	千港元
The Company		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2012						
負債	Liabilities						
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	(684,799)	(3,590,319)	(11,609,866)	(18,389,744)	(3,749,700)	(38,024,428)
衍生工具現金流 出)	入/(流	(ii)	Derivativ	e cash infl	ows/(outflo	OWS)	
		一個月內	一個月以上 至三個月 Over	三個月以上 至一年 Over	一年以上 至五年 Over	五年以上	lds to
		Up to	1 month to	3 months	1 year to	Over	總額
★ 佳 園 刄 太 △ ヨ		1 month 千港元	3 months ⊥#=	to 1 year	5 years 千港元	5 years	Total ∡#=
本集團及本公司 The Group and the C	ompany	十港兀 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$′000	十港兀 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013						
按下列基準結算的	Derivative financial						
スト/元子 下門开町	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

913

2,255,327

42,711

(1,922)

(2,213,529) (1,563,473) (8,198,304)

1,588,850

23,455

4,957

8,359,600

166,253

(13,055)

(6,787,875)

6,240,851

(560,079)

(10,507)

7,782

(19,614)

(319,878)

(87,128) (18,850,309)

105,417 18,550,045

(ii)

instrument settled:

Total outflow

Total inflow

— on net basis

— on gross basis

衍生金融工具:

一淨額基準

一 總額基準

流出總額

流入總額

本集團及本公司 The Group and the Com	pany	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2012						
按下列基準結算的 衍生金融工具:	Derivative financial instrument settled:						
一 淨額基準 一 總額基準	— on net basis— on gross basis	(132)	(4,957)	(292)	(2,087)	(148)	(7,616)
流出總額	Total outflow	(1,341,924)	(2,539,994)	(7,471,516)	(9,979,682)	-	(21,333,116)
流入總額	Total inflow	1,351,759	2,585,725	7,567,155	10,312,326	-	21,816,965
		9,703	40,774	95,347	330,557	(148)	476,233

(iii) 資產負債表外項目

於二零一三年十二月 三十一日,本公司並沒 有任何財務擔保。於二 零一二年十二月三十一 日,本公司一年內到期 的財務擔保總值 214,742,000港元。

(iii) Off-balance sheet items

There were no financial guarantees of the Company as at 31 December 2013. Financial guarantees of the Company as at 31 December 2012 amounting to HK\$214,742,000 matured no later than one year.

(b) 到期日分析

下表根據呈報期末至合約到期 日剩餘期間按分類之資產及負 債分析。

(b) Maturity analysis

The table below analyses the assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date.

本集團 The Group		即時到期 Repayable on demand 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	無限期 Undated 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013								
資產	Assets								
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	375,571	3,302,654	1,019,067	7,060,241	-	-	-	11,757,533
貸款組合	Loan portfolio	4,892	383,165	805,824	3,655,439	6,619,437	10,798,613	2,852	22,270,222
證券投資	Investment securities								
— 可供出售	— available-for-sale	-	217,074	441,488	1,214,741	1,068,602	-	918,550	3,860,455
一持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	-	283,205	127,968	1,564,173	2,884,069	3,701,180	-	8,560,595
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	-	-	-	-	-		180,742	180,742
		380,463	4,186,098	2,394,347	13,494,594	10,572,108	14,499,793	1,102,144	46,629,547
負債	Liabilities								
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,294,712	1,294,712
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	-	1,584,192	2,267,698	10,576,556	14,399,532	2,527,207	-	31,355,185
		-	1,584,192	2,267,698	10,576,556	14,399,532	2,527,207	1,294,712	32,649,897

本公司 The Company		即時到期 Repayable on demand 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	無限期 Undated 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013								
資產	Assets			4 0 4 0 0 4 7					44 === 400
現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	373,520	3,302,654	1,019,067	7,060,241	- (00.004	- (07.705		11,755,482
貸款組合	Loan portfolio	4,648	363,777	766,083	3,476,151	5,633,284	6,697,735	2,191	16,943,869
證券投資	Investment securities								
一可供出售	— available-for-sale	-	217,074	441,488	1,214,741	1,068,602	-	918,550	3,860,455
一 持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	-	283,205	127,968	1,564,173	2,884,069	3,701,180	-	8,560,595
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	-	-		-	-		181,053	181,053
		378,168	4,166,710	2,354,606	13,315,306	9,585,955	10,398,915	1,101,794	41,301,454
負債	Liabilities								
保險負債	Insurance liabilities	-	_	_	_	_	_	1,297,034	1,297,034
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	-	1,584,192	2,267,698	10,576,556	14,399,532	2,527,207		31,355,185
		-	1,584,192	2,267,698	10,576,556	14,399,532	2,527,207	1,297,034	32,652,219

本集團 The Group		即時到期 Repayable on demand 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	無限期 Undated 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK \$ '000
於二零一二年十二月三十一日 資產 現金及短期資金 貸款組合 證券投資 一可供出售 一持有至到期	As at 31 December 2012 Assets Cash and short-term funds Loan portfolio Investment securities — available-for-sale — held-to-maturity	185,886 7,530 - -	1,011,053 560,714 868,060 124,520	3,528,751 400,245 678,912	4,989,854 2,365,120 947,358 1,575,497	- 11,967,442 - 3,775,019	- 10,595,458 - 3,762,772	- 2,942 3,318,497 -	9,715,544 25,899,451 5,812,827 9,237,808
再保險資產	Reinsurance assets	-	-	_	-	-		222,007	222,007
		193,416	2,564,347	4,607,908	9,877,829	15,742,461	14,358,230	3,543,446	50,887,637
負債 保險負債 已發行債務證券 已發行按揭證券	Liabilities Insurance liabilities Debt securities issued Mortgage-backed securities issued	- - -	- 642,467 4,198	- 3,423,461 210,474	- 11,109,164 -	- 17,215,766 -	- 4,013,769 -	1,545,863 - -	1,545,863 36,404,627 214,672
		-	646,665	3,633,935	11,109,164	17,215,766	4,013,769	1,545,863	38,165,162
本公司 The Company		即時到期 Repayable on demand 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月內 Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	無限期 Undated 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK S '000
	As at 31 December 2012 Assets Cash and short-term funds Loan portfolio Investment securities — available-for-sale — held-to-maturity Reinsurance assets	Repayable on demand 千港元	Up to 1 month 千港元	至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元	至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元	至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元	Over 5 years 千港元	Undated 千港元	Total 千港元
The Company 於二零一二年十二月三十一日資產 現金及短期資金 貸款組合 證券投資 一可供出售 一持有至到期	Assets Cash and short-term funds Loan portfolio Investment securities — available-for-sale — held-to-maturity	Repayable on demand 千港元 HK\$'000	Up to 1 month 千港元 HK\$*000 902,820 546,386 868,060 124,520	至三個月 Over 1 month to 3 months 千港元 HK\$'000 3,515,067 370,268 678,912	至一年 Over 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000 4,989,854 2,229,903 947,358 1,575,497	至五年 Over 1 year to 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	Over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	Undated 千港元 HK\$*000 - 2,882 3,318,497 - 222,372	Total 千港元 HK\$'000 9,588,343 21,947,833 5,812,827 9,237,808 222,372

除上述外,應收利息及匯款、 待售資產、預付款項及其他資 產、應付利息、應付帳項、應 付開支、與待售資產直接關連 的負債及當期税項負債,預期 將在呈報期日起計的12個月內 收回或償還。而在財務狀況表 的其他資產和負債,則預期由 呈報期日起計需要逾12個月才 能收回或償還。

此外,外匯基金承諾誘過循環 信貸安排向本集團提供300億 港元循環信貸。這個安排使本 集團可在異常經濟環境下保持 平穩營運,因而更有效地履行 穩定香港銀行及金融的任務。

3.5. 保險風險

本集團的主要保險業務是按揭保險, 為認可機構提供按揭保險,就信貸虧 損風險提供的保險額最高可達按揭貸 款之物業價值的25%-30%,惟批出 貸款時貸款額與物業價值比率不得超 過90%,或按當時所指定的其他限 制。本集團亦就認可機構給予香港的 中小企及非上市企業的貸款,提供高 達50%-70%的財務擔保保障;以及 就認可機構給予的安老按揭,用住宅 物業作為擔保,提供保險保障。

任何保險合約的風險為已投保事件發 生的可能性及所引致的申索金額的不 確定性。根據保險合約本身的特質, 此類風險屬隨機,因此不能預計。

Apart from the above, interest and remittance receivables, assets held for sale, prepayments and other assets, interest payable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale and current income tax liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months from the reporting date. Other assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position are expected to be recovered or settled in a period more than twelve months after the reporting date.

In addition, the Exchange Fund has committed to providing the Group with a HK\$30 billion revolving credit under the Revolving Credit Facility. The Facility enables the Group to maintain smooth operation under exceptional circumstances, so that it can better fulfil its mandate to promote banking and financial stability in Hong Kong.

3.5. Insurance risk

The main insurance business of the Group is the mortgage insurance which provides cover to the AIs for first credit losses of up to 25%-30% of the property value of a residential mortgage loan with loan-to-value ratio below 90% at origination, or other thresholds as specified from time to time. The Group also provides financial guarantee cover to Als up to 50%–70% of the banking facilities granted to SMEs and non-listed enterprises in Hong Kong and insurance cover to Als in respect of reverse mortgage loans originated by such Als and secured on residential properties.

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable.

對一組保險合約而言,當機會率的理 論應用予定價及撥備時,本集團保險 合約面對的主要風險為實際申索超出 保險負債帳面值。當申索的次數及金 額超過預計時,上述情況便可能發 生。保險事件為隨機,而申索及利。同 時亦可能有異於使用統計方法得出的 估計數字。

經驗顯示類似保險合約的組合越大, 預期後果的相對可變性則越低。此 外,越是多元化的組合,越是不會由 於組合內任何一組分支變動而使整體 受影響。本集團已制定業務策略,為 分散所接納保險風險種類,並在每個 主要類別內歸納足夠宗數的風險,從 而降低預期後果的可變性。

申索的次數及金額可受多項因素影響。最主要因素為經濟衰退、本港物業市場下滑及借款人死亡率低。經濟衰退可能引致拖欠付款增加,影響申索以數和抵押品價值低於按揭資金額,因而增加索償金額。借款,貸款金額隨著時間亦愈高。會不以對數及金額,因為會帶來物業價值在未來並不足以償還貸款的風險。

For a portfolio of insurance contracts where the theory of probability is applied to pricing and provisioning, the principal risk that the Group faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims exceed the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims are greater than estimated. Insurance events are random and the actual number and amount of claims and benefits will vary from year to year from the estimate established using statistical techniques.

Experience shows that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome will be. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected across the board by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Group has developed a business strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of the key categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

The frequency and severity of claims can be affected by several factors. The most significant are a downturn of the economy, a slump in the local property market and a low mortality rate of borrowers. Economic downturn, which may cause a rise in defaulted payment, affects the frequency of claims and collateral value. A drop in property prices, where the collateral value falls below the outstanding balance of the mortgage loan, will increase the severity of claims. Low mortality rate of borrowers means longer payout period and larger loan balance will be over time. This will affect the frequency and severity of claims as there is a risk of the property value insufficient to cover the outstanding loan balance in the future.

本集團採納一套審慎的保險資格準則 管理有關風險。為確保預留充足撥備 應付未來索償付款,本集團以審慎負 債估值假設,按監管指引內規定的方 法計算技術儲備。本集團亦向核准再 保險公司按比例投保攤分再保險及超 額損失再保險安排,致力減少按揭保 險所面對的風險。本集團進行綜合評 估,包括按信貸委員會制定的核准篩 選架構,評估按揭再保險公司的財政 實力及信貸評級。本集團會定期檢討 核准再保險公司。至於就提供給認可 機構的財務擔保保障,本集團依賴貸 款人審慎評估借款人的信貸,從而減 低拖欠風險;任何貸款安排導致的損 失將在平等基礎上由本集團與貸款人 按比例攤分,藉以減低道德風險。安 老按揭貸款的假設的死亡率會定期作 出檢討,以評估營運時實際和預期結 果的較大偏差所導致的風險。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,倘綜合比率增加1%,則本年度溢利將減少400萬港元(二零一二年:400萬港元)。倘綜合比率下降1%,則本年度溢利將增加400萬港元(二零一二年:400萬港元)。

The Group manages these risks by adopting a set of prudent insurance eligibility criteria. To ensure sufficient provision is set aside for meeting future claim payments, the Group calculates technical reserves on prudent liability valuation assumptions and the method prescribed in the regulatory guidelines. The Group also takes out quota-share reinsurance from its approved mortgage reinsurers and excess-of-loss reinsurance arrangement in an effort to limit its risk exposure under the mortgage insurance business. The Group conducts comprehensive assessment including the financial strength and credit ratings of the mortgage reinsurers in accordance with the approved selection framework set by the Credit Committee. The approved mortgage reinsurers are subject to periodic reviews. For financial guarantee cover provided to Als, the Group relies on the lenders' prudent credit assessment on the borrowers to mitigate default risk and any loss in the loan facility will be shared proportionately between the Group and the lender on a pari passu basis to minimise moral hazards. The mortality assumptions of reverse mortgages are also reviewed on a regular basis, to assess the risk of larger deviation between the actual and expected operating results.

As at 31 December 2013, if combined ratio had increased by 1%, profit for the year would have been HK\$4 million (2012: HK\$4 million) lower. If combined ratio had decreased by 1%, profit for the year would have been HK\$4 million (2012: HK\$4 million) higher.

3.6. 金融資產及負債的公平值

(a) 公平值估計

下表列示按公平值(根據估值 方法估算)確認的金融工具。 公平值架構級別定義如下:

- 於活躍市場中有相同資 產或負債之報價(「第一 層」);
- 除第一層所包括之報價 外,就資產或負債能直 接(如價格)或間接(如從 價格推斷)可觀察之數據 (「第二層」);及
- 有關資產或負債並非基 於可觀察之市場數據(不 可觀察之數據)(「第三 層」)。

3.6. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value estimation

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels of fair value hierarchy have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities ("Level 1");
- Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) ("Level 2"); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) ("Level 3").

			本集團及本公司 oup and the Co		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company			
			一三年十二月三 31 Decembe r		於二零一二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2012			
		第一層 Level 1 千港元 HK\$′000	第二層 Level 2 千港元 HK\$′000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	第一層 Level 1 千港元 HK\$'000	第二層 Level 2 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	
資產 衍生金融工具 可供出售證券	Assets Derivative financial instruments Available-for-sale securities	-	831,426	831,426	-	1,443,013	1,443,013	
一債務證券	Debt securitiesOther securities	1,228,043 918,550	1,713,862 -	2,941,905 918,550	923,153 3,318,497	1,571,177 -	2,494,330 3,318,497	
		2,146,593	2,545,288	4,691,881	4,241,650	3,014,190	7,255,840	
負債 衍生金融工具 於初始確認時指定為以 公平值變化計入損益 的已發行債務證券	Liabilities Derivative financial instruments Debt securities issued designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon	-	785,458	785,458	-	175,095	175,095	
则口致门顶伤应分	initial recognition	-	325,002	325,002	-	340,287	340,287	
		-	1,110,460	1,110,460	-	515,382	515,382	

於二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一二年十二月三十一 日,按公平值計量的金融工具 並沒有使用不可觀察的市場數 據為估值方法(第三層)。

於本年度,第一層與第二層的 金融工具之間並沒有轉移。

(i) 第一層的金融工具

於活躍市場交易的金融 工具,其公平值會根據 呈報期日的市場報價。 活躍市場是指可以容易 地和定期地從交易所、 交易員、經紀、行業協 會、定價服務機構或監 管機構取得報價,而該 等價格代表按公平基準、 實際和定期在市場的交 易。如果按公平值計量 的資產或負債有一個買 入價和賣出價,在這個 價格範圍內的買賣差價 最能代表公平值的情况 下,應該用來計量公平 值。而這類的金融工具 就被包括在第一層。

(ii) 第二層的金融工具

No financial instrument was measured at fair value using a valuation technique not supported by observable market data (Level 3) as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

There was no transfer between Levels 1 and 2 during the year.

(i) Financial instruments in Level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If an asset or a liability measured at fair value has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances shall be used to measure fair value. These instruments are included in Level 1.

(ii) Financial instruments in Level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

倘若其中一個或以上的 重要資料並非是基於可 觀察的市場數據,該工 具則被包括在第3層。

第2層的衍生工具包括利 率掉期和貨幣掉期,這 些掉期會利用可觀察到 的收益率曲線,從而得 到遠期利率和遠期匯率 (如適用),用來計量公 平值。

第2層的債務證券可使用 較不活躍市場上的市場 報價,來計量公平值; 如果沒有的話,可以使 用現金流量折現分析方 法,從債務工具的交易 對手在市場上可觀察得 到的報價,以得出折現 率,用以折現合約現金 流量。

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

Level 2 derivatives comprise interest rate swaps and currency swaps. These swaps are fair valued using forward interests rates and forward exchange rates, if applicable, from observable yield curves.

Level 2 debt securities are fair valued using quoted market prices in less active markets, or if not available, a discounted cash flow approach, which discounts the contractual cash flows using discount rates derived from observable market prices of other quoted debt instruments of the counterparties.

(b) 並非以公平值計量的金融資產 和負債

於二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一二年十二月三十一 日,本集團並未於財務狀況表 按公平值悉數呈列金融工具的 帳面值與公平值並沒有重大不 同。除其帳面值與公平值相若 的金融工具外,下表為非以公 平值計量的金融工具之帳面 值、公平值及公平值架構:

(b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not presented on the Group's statement of financial position at their fair values are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012 except for the following financial instruments, for which their carrying amounts and fair values and the level of fair value hierarchy are disclosed below:

			於二零一三年十 As at 31 Dec	於二零一二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2012			
		帳面值	公平值			帳面值	公平值
		Carrying	Fair	第一層	第二層	Carrying	Fair
		amount	value	Level 1	Level 2	Amount	value
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets Investment securities						
證券投資 一 持有至到期	— held-to-maturity	8,560,595	8,699,613	5,660,486	3,039,127	9,237,808	9,748,868
金融負債	Financial liabilities						
已發行債務證券	Debt securities issued	31,030,183	31,030,855	-	31,030,855	36,064,340	36,067,827
已發行按揭證券	Mortgage-backed securities						
	issued	-	-	-	-	214,672	214,243

估計金融工具公平值時已使用 下列方法及重要假設:

(i) 現金及短期資金

現金及短期資金包括銀 行存款。浮息存款的公 平值即其帳面值。定息 存款(存款期通常少於三 個月)的估計公平值乃基 於使用同類信貸風險債 務的現行貨幣市場利率 及剩餘年期計算之折現 現金流量。因此,存款 的公平值約等於其帳面 值。

貸款組合淨額 (ii)

貸款組合於扣除減值撥 備後列帳。小部分貸款 組合按固定利率計息。 因此,貸款組合的帳面 值為公平值的合理估計。

(iii) 證券投資 一 持有至到期

持有至到期資產之公平 值以市價或經紀/交易 商報價為基礎。倘本集 團未能取得有關資料, 則採用具有同類信貸、 到期日及收益率等特點 之證券所報市價估計公 平值。

已發行債務證券 (iv)

公平值總額乃基於市場 報價計算。至於未有市 場報價的債券,本集團 基於到期前剩餘期限的 現時收益率曲線並採用 現金流量貼現模型計算。

The following methods and significant assumptions have been used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments:

(i) Cash and short-term funds

Cash and short-term funds include bank deposits. The fair value of floating-rate deposits is the carrying amount. The estimated fair value of fixed-rate deposits, which are normally less than 3 months, is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money-market interest rates for debts with similar credit risk and remaining maturity. Therefore, the fair value of the deposits is approximately equal to their carrying value.

Loan portfolio, net (ii)

Loan portfolio is stated net of impairment allowance. An insignificant portion of loan portfolio bears interest at fixed rate. Therefore, the carrying value of loan portfolio is a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

(iii) Investment securities — held-to-maturity

Fair value for held-to-maturity assets is based on market prices or broker/dealer price quotations. Where this information is not available, fair value has been estimated using quoted market prices for securities with similar credit, maturity and yield characteristics.

(iv) Debt securities issued

The aggregate fair values are calculated based on quoted market prices. For those notes where quoted market prices are not available, a discounted cash flow model is used based on a current yield curve appropriate for the remaining term to maturity.

(v) 根據按揭證券化計劃發 行的按揭證券

> 公平值總額乃基於市場 報價計算。至於未有市 場報價的債券,本集團 基於到期前剩餘期限的 現時收益率曲線並採用 現金流量貼現模型計算。

(vi) 其他負債 - 遞延代價

其他負債指二零零三年十二月及二零零四年一月自香港特別行政府)購買的按揭買於加強信貸安排的遞延代價,其公平值與帳面值相若。

3.7. 資本管理

本集團管理資本(其涵蓋範圍較列於 財務狀況表帳面的「權益」為廣)的目 的如下:

- 符合政府財政司司長(財政司司長)制定的資本規定;
- 確保本集團持續營運的能力, 以繼續為股東提供回報;
- 維持本集團的穩定及發展;
- 按有效及風險為本的方法分配 資本·優化對股東的經風險調 節回報:及
- 維持雄厚的資本基礎支持業務 發展。

(v) Mortgage-backed securities issued under the MBS Programme

The aggregate fair values are calculated based on quoted market prices. For those notes where quoted market prices are not available, a discounted cash flow model is used based on a current yield curve appropriate for the remaining term to maturity.

(vi) Other liabilities — deferred consideration

These represent the deferred consideration used for credit enhancement on the mortgage loans purchased from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the **Government**) in December 2003 and January 2004 with the fair value approximating the carrying amount.

3.7. Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital, which is a broader concept than the 'equity' on the face of the statement of financial position, are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the Financial Secretary of the Government (Financial Secretary);
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders;
- To support the Group's stability and growth;
- To allocate capital in an efficient and risk based approach to optimise risk adjusted return to the shareholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

本集團管理層根據財政司司長頒佈的資本充足率指引(「**指引**」),每日監控資本充足程度及監管資金的用途。指引主要參照巴塞爾協定II以風險為本的資本充足框架,而指引亦規定最低資本充足率為8%。

總裁須根據財政司司長頒佈的指引每 季度向董事局提交報告。任何違反或 可能違反指引的情況均須向財政司司 長報告。年內,本集團均遵守財政司 司長制定的指引的所有資本規定。

下表概述本集團於呈報期末的資本基礎組成及資本充足率。

Capital adequacy and the use of regulatory capital are monitored daily by the Group's management in accordance with the Guidelines on the Capital Adequacy Ratio ("Guidelines") issued by the Financial Secretary, by reference largely to Basel II risk-based capital adequacy framework. The minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) stipulated in the Guidelines is 8%.

The Chief Executive Officer is required to submit a report to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis by reference to the Guidelines issued by the Financial Secretary. Any breach or likely breach of the Guidelines must be reported to the Financial Secretary. During the year, the Group complied with all of the capital requirement set out in the Guidelines by the Financial Secretary.

The table below summarises the composition of capital base and the CAR of the Group as at the end of the reporting period.

		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
股本	Share capital	2,000,000	2,000,000
保留溢利	Retained profits	4,548,760	5,302,410
風險儲備	Contingency reserve	1,213,827	977,773
其他儲備	Other reserves	169,775	316,484
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests	12,972	12,423
以組合形式評估貸款減值所作	Allowance for loan impairment under		
之撥備	collective assessment	1,825	4,052
扣除	Deductions	(46,560)	(20,122)
資本總額	Total capital base	7,900,599	8,593,020
資本充足率	Capital Adequacy Ratio	21%	20.2%

3.8. 金融資產及金融負債之對銷

本集團與所有衍生工具合約之交易對 手簽訂國際掉期及衍生工具協會主協 議。按照該協議,倘若其中一方出現 違約事件,另一方可以淨額結算所有 未平倉的金額。而本集團並沒有就衍 生工具交易,訂立其他淨額結算安排 或類似協議。

下表披露涉及在本集團的財務狀況表 中並沒有對銷的金融資產和金融負 債,但該些資產和負債受淨額結算安 排或涵蓋類似金融工具的相若協議所 約束。披露有助對毛額和淨額的了 解,及提供減低相關信貸風險的附加 資料。

3.8. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group enters into International Swap Dealers Association master agreement with all counterparties for derivative transactions where each party will be able to settle all outstanding amounts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party. The Group does not enter into other master netting arrangement or similar agreements for derivative transactions.

The disclosures set out in the tables below pertain to financial assets and financial liabilities that are not offset in the Group's statement of financial position but are subject to enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments. The disclosures enable the understanding of both the gross and net amounts, as well as provide additional information on how such credit risk is mitigated.

		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company 於二零一三年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2013		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Compar 於二零一二年十二月三十一 As at 31 December 2012		<u>·</u> ├─目	
		財務狀況表 的帳面值 Carrying amounts on the statement of financial position 千港元 HKS'000	相關但並未 在財務狀況表 對銷的金額 * Related amount not set off in the statement of financial position * 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 * Net amount* 千港元 HK\$'000	財務狀況表 的帳面值 Carrying amount on the statement of financial position 千港元 HK\$'000	相關但並未 在財務狀況表 對銷的金額* Related amount not set off in the statement of financial position* 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 * Net amount* 千港元 HK\$'000
金融資產正數的衍生金融工具公平值	Financial assets Positive fair values for financial derivatives	831,426	(175,080)	656,346	1,443,013	(54,836)	1,388,177
金融負債 負數的衍生金融工具公平值	Financial liabilities Negative fair values for financial derivatives	785,458	(175,080)	610,378	175,095	(54,836)	120,259

- # 「相關但並未在財務狀況表對銷的金額」指受淨額結算協議或類似安排所約束的金融負債/資產金額。
- * 淨額指受淨額結算協議或類似安排所 約束的金融資產/負債,但倘若本集 團的交易對手違約,其並沒有相等的 金融負債/資產可與本集團作對銷。
- Amounts under "Related amount not set off in the statement of financial position" represent the amounts of financial liabilities/assets position that are subject to netting agreement or similar arrangements.
- Net amount represents financial assets/liabilities that are subject to netting agreement or similar arrangements but the Group's counterparty does not have equivalent financial liabilities/assets position with the Group to offset upon default.

4. 關鍵會計估計及假設

本集團採用對下一個財政年度的資產及負債列帳額有影響之估計及假設。本集團會根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括於有關情況下對未來事項作出的合理預期),持續評估所作估計及判斷。

4.1. 貸款組合的減值撥備

4.2. 衍生工具的公平值

並無活躍市場報價的金融工具公平值 採用估值方法釐定。使用估值方法 (如模型)釐定公平值時,該等方法經 獨立於建立此等模型相關範疇的合資 格人士核實及定期檢討。所有模型於 使用前均被核實及調整以確保結果反 映實際數據及可比較市價。在可行情 況下,此等模型僅使用可觀察之數 據。敏感度分析載於附註3.3。

4. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

4.1. Impairment allowances on loan portfolio

The Group reviews its loan portfolio to assess impairment at least on a quarterly basis. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement, the Group makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a group or economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the group. Management uses estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling its future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

4.2. Fair value of derivatives

The fair value of financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, models) are used to determine fair value, they are validated and periodically reviewed by qualified personnel independent of the area that created them. All models are validated before they are used, and models are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect actual data and comparative market prices. To the extent practical, models use only observable data. Sensitivity analysis is set out in Note 3.3.

4.3. 可供出售投資減值

若可供出售投資的公平值大幅或持續跌至低於其成本,本集團即判定該等投資已減值。釐定是否大幅及持續需運用判斷。作出判斷時,本集團評估(其中包括)上市價格日常波動。此外,倘投資的財務穩健程度、行業及類別表現轉差以及技術、營運及融資現金流量出現變動,亦顯示可能出現減值。

4.4. 持有至到期投資

本集團依照香港會計準則第39號之 指引,運用重大判斷,將具有既定或 確定付款額及還款期的若干非衍生工 具金融資產分類為持有至到期投資。 作出判斷時,本集團會評估持有投資。 除香港會計準則第39號所指明的特 定情況外,例如由於該等投資大數 定情況外,例如由於該等投資大數 差或於快將到期時賣出,倘本集團 能持有該等投資至到期,則須將全部 資產重新分類為可供出售投資並以公 平值而非攤銷成本計量。

4.5. 利得税

本集團主要繳納香港利得稅。釐定利 得稅撥備時需作出重大估計。日常業 務過程中進行的多項交易及計算的最 終稅項無法確定。本集團基於估計有 否額外稅項應繳,確認預期稅務事宜 的負債。

4.3. Impairment of available-for-sale investments

The Group determines that available-for-sale investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. This determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in listed price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investment, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows.

4.4. Held-to-maturity investments

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 on classifying non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity as held-to-maturity. This classification requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the Group fails to keep these investments to maturity other than for the specific circumstances defined in HKAS 39 such as due to significant deterioration of such investments or selling close to maturity, it will be required to reclassify the entire class as available-for-sale and measured at fair value, not amortised cost.

4.5. Profits tax

The Group is mainly subject to profits tax in Hong Kong. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for profits tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due.

5. 分類分析

本集團主要從事按揭業務。其他業務,例如為提供資金以購入按揭貸款而發行債務 工具,及將按揭貸款收取款項所產生的盈 餘資金進行再投資,視為按揭業務的附屬 業務。本集團亦可以從單一按揭業務分類 在集團層面計量其表現。

雖然按揭業務作為單一分類管理,惟按揭業務位於香港、韓國及中國內地三個地區。香港分類主要包括香港按揭業務,而香港以外分類包括韓國按揭資產及於中國深圳市的一家附屬公司投資。主要經營決策人根據地區分類評估表現。

下表呈列經營分類的收益、溢利及其他資料。

5. Segment analysis

The Group is principally engaged in mortgage business. Other activities such as debt issuance to fund the mortgage purchase and investment to reinvest the surplus funds from mortgage receipt are considered ancillary to mortgage business. The Group is also organised in such a way that performance is measured at Group level in a single segment for mortgage business.

Although the mortgage business is managed as a single segment, the mortgage business is located in three geographical areas, namely Hong Kong, Korea and China. The segment for Hong Kong includes mainly the mortgage business in Hong Kong. The segment outside Hong Kong includes mortgage assets in Korea, and an investment in a subsidiary in Shenzhen, China. The chief operating decision maker assesses the performance based on geographical segments.

The following tables represent revenue, profit and other information for operating segments of the Group.

		香港 Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	香港以外 Outside Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$′000
截至二零一三年	Year ended 31 December 2013			
十二月三十一日止年度 利息收入 利息支出	Interest income Interest expense	840,807 (230,306)	61,439 (19,947)	902,246 (250,253)
淨利息收入 已滿期保費淨額 其他收入	Net interest income Net premiums earned Other income	610,501 476,956 307,707	41,492 - (10,237)	651,993 476,956 297,470
經營收入 申索回撥淨額 佣金支出淨額 經營支出	Operating income Net claims written back Net commission expenses Operating expenses	1,395,164 8,767 (135,890) (227,948)	31,255 - - (7,095)	1,426,419 8,767 (135,890) (235,043)
未計減值前的經營溢利貸款減值回撥	Operating profit before impairment Write-back of loan impairment allowances	1,040,093 3,545	24,160	1,064,253 3,545
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	1,043,638	24,160	1,067,798
 税項	Taxation			(85,214)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year			982,584
年內資本開支	Capital expenditure during the year	32,720	_	32,720

		香港 Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	香港以外 Outside Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2012			
利息收入 利息支出	Interest income Interest expense	1,019,858 (284,103)	115,504 (39,160)	1,135,362 (323,263)
淨利息收入 已滿期保費淨額 其他收入	Net interest income Net premiums earned Other income	735,755 533,536 234,850	76,344 - (2,379)	812,099 533,536 232,471
經營收入 申索回撥淨額 佣金支出淨額 經營支出	Operating income Net claims written back Net commission expenses Operating expenses	1,504,141 6,642 (162,541) (204,045)	73,965 - - (15,222)	1,578,106 6,642 (162,541) (219,267)
未計減值前的經營溢利 貸款減值回撥 應佔合資公司溢利	Operating profit before impairment Write-back of loan impairment allowances Share of profit of a joint venture	1,144,197 5,680 -	58,743 - 2,450	1,202,940 5,680 2,450
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	1,149,877	61,193	1,211,070
	Taxation	.,,,,,,,	31,173	(85,524)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		-	1,125,546
年內資本開支	Capital expenditure during the year	11,982	_	11,982
		香港 Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	香港以外 Outside Hong Kong 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$′000
於二零一三年	As at 31 December 2013			
十二月三十一日	7.5 at 0 1 5 5 5 5 11 5 1 5 1 5			
	Segment assets	45,624,944	2,394,886	48,019,830
		45,624,944 36,180,487	2,394,886 2,265,163	48,019,830 38,445,650
分類資產	Segment assets			
分類資產 分類負債 於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	Segment assets	36,180,487 香港 Hong Kong 千港元	2,265,163 香港以外 Outside Hong Kong 千港元	38,445,650 總額 Total 千港元
分類資產 分類負債 於二零一二年	Segment assets Segment liabilities	36,180,487 香港 Hong Kong 千港元	2,265,163 香港以外 Outside Hong Kong 千港元	38,445,650 總額 Total 千港元

6. 利息收入

6. Interest income

			本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
貸款組合 現金及短期資金 證券投資 — 上市 證券投資 — 非上市	Loan portfolio Cash and short-term funds Investment securities — listed Investment securities — unlisted	428,498 139,153 206,139 128,456	584,044 213,263 203,331 134,724	
		902,246	1,135,362	

7. 利息支出

7. Interest expense

	本集團 The Group	
	2013 20 千港元 千港 HK\$'000 HK\$'	
須於五年內悉數償還的銀行貸款、 Bank loans, debt and MBS issued 已發行債務及按揭證券 wholly repayable within 5 years 毋須於五年內悉數償還的已發行 Debt issued not wholly repayable within 5 years	238,945	305,913 17,350
IR切应力· Within 3 yours	250,253	323,263

本年度利息支出包括2.49億港元(二零一二 年:3.21港元)並非以公平值變化計入損益 的金融負債。

Included within interest expenses are HK\$249 million (2012: HK\$321 million) for financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss.

8. 按揭保險及擔保業務的收益帳 8. Revenue account for mortgage insurance and guarantee business

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
毛保費(附註(a)和附註29(a)) 再保險保費(附註29(a))	Gross premiums written (Note (a) and Note 29(a)) Reinsurance premiums (Note 29(a))	318,053 (43,414)	556,885 (112,347)
保險費淨額(附註29(a)) 未滿期保費的減少淨額	Net premiums written (Note 29(a)) Decrease in unearned premiums, net	274,639 202,317	444,538 88,998
已滿期保費淨額(附註29(a)) 申索回撥淨額(附註29(b))	Net premiums earned (Note 29(a)) Net claims written back (Note 29(b))	476,956 8,767	533,536 6,642
撥備後已滿期保費淨額	Net premiums earned after provisions	485,723	540,178
佣金支出 再保險公司的佣金支出	Commission expenses Reinsurers' share of commission expenses	(154,125) 18,235	(188,910)
佣金支出淨額	Net commission expenses	(135,890)	(162,541)
扣除管理開支前的已滿期 保費淨額 管理開支(附註(b))	Net premiums earned before management expenses Management expenses (Note (b))	349,833 (47,040)	377,637 (26,450)
承保收益	Underwriting gains	302,793	351,187

附註:

Notes:

- (a) 毛保費主要來自按揭保險業務,小部分來自 中小企及非上市企業貸款的擔保費及安老按 揭的保費。
- (a) Gross premiums were mainly derived from mortgage insurance cover on mortgage loans with a small portion of guarantee fees written from guarantee business on loans to SMEs and non-listed enterprises and premiums written from mortgage insurance cover on reverse mortgage loans.
- (b) 管理開支為附註10經營支出的一部分。
- (b) Management expenses formed part of the operating expenses in Note 10.

9. 其他收入

9. Other income

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
提早還款費用及過期罰款 匯兑差額 金融工具公平值變動淨額	Early prepayment fees and late charges Exchange difference Net change in fair value of financial	2,362 72,320	5,059 29,937
可供出售上市投資的股息收入	instruments Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments	(384) 89,077	12,850 90,135
出售投資的收益淨額(附註12)	Net gains on disposal of investments (Note 12)	135,737	90,133
出售合資公司投資收益	Gain on disposal of investment in a joint venture	- (4 (42)	7,137
	Others	(1,642)	(2,907)

金融工具公平值變動相當於以下各項的總 和:(i)指定為公平值對沖的對沖工具公平 值虧損11.88億港元(二零一二年:1.7億港 元)及被對沖項目公平值收益11.97億港元 (二零一二年:1.81億港元);及(ii)不符合 採用對沖會計方法的衍生工具公平值虧損 3,700萬港元(二零一二年:收益700萬港元) 及指定以公平值變化計入損益的已發行債 務證券公平值收益2,800萬港元(二零一二 年:虧損500萬港元)。

Change in fair value of financial instruments represented the aggregate of (i) HK\$1,188 million fair value loss on hedging instruments designated as fair value hedge (2012: HK\$170 million) and HK\$1,197 million fair value gain on the hedged items (2012: HK\$181 million); and (ii) HK\$37 million fair value loss on derivatives not qualified as hedges for accounting purposes (2012: HK\$7 million gain) and HK\$28 million fair value gain on debt securities issued designated as at fair value through profit or loss (2012: HK\$5 million loss).

10. 經營支出

10. Operating expenses

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
僱員成本	Staff costs		
薪金及福利	Salaries and benefits	135,476	135,497
退休金成本 — 界定供款計劃	Pension costs — defined contribution		
	plans	8,255	7,458
辦公室	Premises		
租金	Rental	25,183	19,618
其他	Others	13,472	8,747
董事酬金	Directors' emoluments	_	_
折舊(附註26)	Depreciation (Note 26)	17,763	14,127
財經資訊服務	Financial information services	6,029	5,756
顧問費	Consultancy fees	8,575	7,547
其他經營支出	Other operating expenses	20,290	20,517
		235,043	219,267

11. 核數師酬金

11. Auditor's remuneration

			本集團 The Group	
		2013	2012	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
審核服務	Audit services	1,404	1,366	
其他服務	Other services	1,132	433	
		2,536	1,799	

12. 出售投資的收益淨額

12. Net gains on disposal of investments

		本集團 The Group	
		2012 千港元 HK \$ ′000	
出售投資的收益淨額: — 變現於一月一日已於儲備內 確認的款項(附註33) — 本年度產生(虧損)/收益淨額 — Net gains on disposal of investm — realisation of amounts recogn reserves up to 1 January (No — net (losses)/gains arising in current year	ised in	38,230 52,030	
	135,737	90,260	

13. 貸款減值回撥

13. Write-back of loan impairment allowances

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
貸款減值回撥 一組合評估(附註21(b))	Write-back of loan impairment allowances — collective assessment (Note 21 (b))	3,545	5,680

14. 税項

14. Taxation

(a) 於綜合收益表內扣除的稅項為:

(a) Taxation charge in the consolidated income statement represents:

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax		
一當期所得稅	— Current income tax	82,715	81,940
一過往年度調整	— Adjustment in respect of prior years	(11)	(14)
		82,704	81,926
香港以外税項	Taxation outside Hong Kong		·
一當期所得税	— Current income tax	554	521
遞延税項	Deferred taxation		
一本年度支出	— Charge for current year	1,956	3,077
		85,214	85,524

就本年度產生的估計應課税溢利按 16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%)的税率 計提香港利得税撥備。對於在香港以 外經營的附屬公司,會按所在國家普 遍使用的税率計算。遞延税項以負債 法按16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%)的 主要税率計算全部的暫時差額。

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. For subsidiary operating outside Hong Kong, tax rate prevailing in the relevant country is used. Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%).

本集團的除稅前溢利的稅項與採用香 港税率計算的理論金額的差異如下:

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

		本身 The G	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	1,067,798	1,211,070
按16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%) 的税率計算 税務影響: 一應佔合資公司溢利 一香港以外的不同税率	Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5% (2012:16.5%) Tax effect of: — share of profit of a joint venture — different tax rate outside	176,187 -	199,827 (404)
一 毋須繳稅的收入一 不可扣稅的開支	Hong Kong — income not subject to taxation — expenses not deductible for	166 (105,608)	183 (135,314)
一過往年度調整	taxation purposes — adjustment in respect of prior years	14,480 (11)	21,246 (14)
税項開支	Taxation charge	85,214	85,524

(b) 財務狀況表內的税項撥備為:

(b) Provision for taxation in the statement of financial position represents:

	本集團		本名	公司
	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
當期税項資產 Current income tax assets (包括於「其他資產」內) (included in "Other assets")	1,222	-	-	-
當期税項負債 Current income tax liabilities 遞延税項負債 Deferred income tax liabilities	144,665	101,587	144,665	100,563
	57,156	109,404	56,911	109,103
	201,821	210,991	201,576	209,666

於二零一三年十二月三十一日及二零 一二年十二月三十一日,概無任何重 大未撥備遞延税項。

There was no significant unprovided deferred taxation as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

遞延税項(資產)/負債的主要組成部分及年內變動如下:

The major components of deferred income tax (assets)/ liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

		本集團 The Group				
		加速税項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	減值撥備 Impairment allowances and provisions 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值變動 Fair value changes 千港元 HK\$'000	現金流對沖 Cash flow hedges 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日	As at 1 January 2012	5,046	(9,468)	59,711	(2,617)	52,672
於收益表內扣除 於權益內扣除(附註33)	Charged to the income statement Charged to equity (Note 33)	19 -	3,058 -	- 52,748	907	3,077 53,655
於二零一二年	As at 31 December 2012					
十二月三十一日		5,065	(6,410)	112,459	(1,710)	109,404
於收益表內扣除	Charged to the income statement	403	1,553	-	-	1,956
於權益內扣除(附註33)	Charged to equity (Note 33)	-	-	(54,908)	704	(54,204)
於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013	5,468	(4,857)	57,551	(1,006)	57,156

		本公司 The Company				
		加速税項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	減值撥備 Impairment allowances and provisions 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值變動 Fair value changes 千港元 HK\$'000	現金流對沖 Cash flow hedges 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日	As at 1 January 2012	5,046	(9,444)	59,711	(2,617)	52,696
於收益表內扣除	Charged to the income statement	19	2,733	-	-	2,752
於權益內扣除(附註33)	Charged to equity (Note 33)	-	-	52,748	907	53,655
於二零一二年	As at 31 December 2012					
十二月三十一日		5,065	(6,711)	112,459	(1,710)	109,103
於收益表內扣除	Charged to the income statement	403	1,609	-	-	2,012
於權益內扣除(附註33)	Charged to equity (Note 33)	-	-	(54,908)	704	(54,204)
於二零一三年	As at 31 December 2013	F 4/0	/F 402\	F7 FF4	(4.007)	F/ 044
十二月三十一日		5,468	(5,102)	57,551	(1,006)	56,911

於十二個月內,無任何重大遞延税項 資產/負債需要收回/支付。 There is no significant amount of deferred income tax assets/liabilities to be settled within 12 months.

15. 本年度溢利

本公司財務報表所載本年度溢 利 為956,250,000港 元(二 零 一 二 年: 1,097,537,000港元)。

16. 股息

15. Profit for the year

The profit for the year is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$956,250,000 (2012: HK\$1,097,537,000).

16. Dividends

	本公司 The Company	
	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
擬派普通股息每股普通股 0.25港元 Proposed ordinary dividend of HK\$0.25 (二零一二年: 0.375港元) (2012: HK\$0.375) per ordinary share 擬派特別股息每股普通股 0.5港元 Proposed special dividend of HK\$0.5 (二零一二年: 無) (2012: nil) per ordinary share	500,000 1,000,000	750,000 -
	1,500,000	750,000

於二零一三年和二零一二年已付的二零 一二年和二零一一年度股息分別為7.5億港 元(每股普通股0.375港元)及3.5億港元(每 股普通股0.175港元)。於二零一四年四月 七日,董事建議派發二零一三年普通股息 每股普通股0.25港元和特別股息每股普通 股0.5港元。直至獲得股東的通過,擬派股 息並不會列為應付股息。

The dividends paid in 2013 and 2012 in respect of 2012 and 2011 were HK\$750 million (HK\$0.375 per ordinary share) and HK\$350 million (HK\$0.175 per ordinary share) respectively. The directors proposed, in respect of 2013, an ordinary dividend of HK\$0.25 per ordinary share and a special dividend HK\$0.5 per ordinary share on 7 April 2014. The proposed dividends are not reflected as dividend payables until approval by shareholders.

17. 現金及短期資金

17. Cash and short-term funds

			本集團		2司	
		The G	roup	The Co	mpany	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
銀行現金	Cash at banks	375,571	185,886	373,520	180,602	
銀行定期存款	Time deposits with banks	11,381,962	9,529,658	11,381,962	9,407,741	
		11,757,533	9,715,544	11,755,482	9,588,343	

就現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目 包括以下自交易日期起計三個月內到期的 結餘。

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with less than three months' maturity from the date of transaction.

			本集團 The Group		い司 mpany
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行現金銀行定期存款	Cash at banks Time deposits with banks	375,571 1,443,654	185,886 1,018,243	373,520 1,443,654	180,602 896,326
現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents	1,819,225	1,204,129	1,817,174	1,076,928

於二零一三年十二月三十一日的現金及等 同現金項目,包括在中小企融資擔保計劃 下的特別優惠措施所收到的擔保費 309,333,000港元(二零一二年:140,241,000 港元)(附註28)。

Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2013 included guarantee fee of HK\$309,333,000 (2012: HK\$140,241,000) received under the special concessionary measures of the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (Note 28).

18. 應收利息及匯款

18. Interest and remittance receivables

		本集團 The Group		本分 The Co	-
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
以下各項的應收利息 一利率掉期合約 一證券投資 一銀行定期存款 貸款組合的應收利息及 分期付款	Interest receivable from — interest rate swap contracts — investment securities — time deposits with banks Interest receivable and instalments, in transit from	178,665 87,611 18,414	223,426 99,950 20,857	178,665 87,611 18,414	223,426 99,950 20,146
	loan portfolio	84,110	125,357	74,714	116,893
		368,800	469,590	359,404	460,415

19. 待售資產

為配合本集團專注香港市場的需要,本集 團打算逐步淡出其於附屬公司深圳經緯盈 富融資擔保有限公司的投資。在得到監管 部門於二零一三年十二月批准後,深圳經 緯盈富融資擔保有限公司的資產和負債被 分類為待售資產。整個出售安排已於二零 一四年一月二十四日完成。

19. Assets held for sale

In the light of the need for the Group to focus on the Hong Kong market, the Group intended to phase out its subsidiary, Bauhinia HKMC Corporation Limited ("BHKMC"). The assets and liabilities of the BHKMC were classified as held for sale following regulatory approval in December 2013. The Group completed the sale of all its equity in the BHKMC on 24 January 2014.

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
(a) 待售資產	(a) Assets held for sale:		
現金及短期資金 應收利息及其他資產	Cash and short-term funds Interest receivables and other assets	129,342 425	- -
深圳經緯盈富融資擔保 有限公司的資產總額	Total assets of the BHKMC	129,767	
(b) 與待售資產直接關連的負債:	(b) Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale:		
應付帳項及應付開支當期稅項負債	Account payable and accrued expenses Current income tax liabilities	234 150	_
深圳經緯盈富融資擔保 有限公司的負債總額	Total liabilities of the BHKMC	384	_
(c) 待售資產於其他全面收益 中確認的累計收益	(c) Cumulative income recognised in other comprehensive income relating to the assets held for sale:		
匯兑儲備	Translation reserve	13,104	-

20. 衍生金融工具

(a) 應用衍生工具

本集團應用下列衍生工具對沖本集團 的金融風險。

貨幣及利率掉期為以一組現金流量換取另一組現金流量的承諾。掉期導致貨幣或利率或兩者組合的經濟轉換。除若干貨幣掉期外,該等交易不涉及轉換本金。本集團的信貸風險為交易對手未能履行其責任而重置掉期合約的潛在成本。本集團參考現行公平值、名義合約數額比例,及市場的流通量持續監測有關風險。

20. Derivative financial instruments

(a) Use of derivative

The Group uses the following derivative instruments to hedge the Group's financial risks.

Currency and interest rate swaps are commitments to exchange one set of cash flows for another. Swaps result in an economic exchange of currencies or interest rates or a combination of all these. No exchange of principal takes place except for certain currency swaps. The Group's credit risk represents the potential cost to replace the swap contracts if counterparties fail to perform their obligations. This risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the current fair value, a proportion of the notional amounts of the contracts and the liquidity of the market.

The notional amounts of certain types of financial instruments provide a basis for comparison with instruments recognised on the statement of financial position but do not necessarily indicate the amounts of future cash flows involved or the current fair value of the instruments and, therefore, do not indicate the Group's exposure to credit or price risks. The derivative instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in market interest rates or foreign exchange rates relative to their terms. The aggregate contractual or notional amounts of derivative financial instruments on hand, the extent to which instruments are favourable or unfavourable, and thus the aggregate fair values of derivative financial assets and liabilities, can fluctuate significantly from time to time. The fair values of derivative instruments held are set out below.

				本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company					
					2013			2012	
				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair v		合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	
				notional amounts	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	notional amounts	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
				千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
(i)	不符合採用對沖會計方法 的衍生工具	(i)	Derivatives not qualified as hedges for accounting purposes						
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	2,489,997	26,087	(1,313)	3,494,637	54,383	(4,541)
	貨幣掉期		Currency swaps	1,916,749	11,574 37,661	(1,313)	3,491,405	19,421 73,804	(4,541)
(ii)	公平值對沖衍生工具	(ii)	Fair value hedge derivatives	-					
	利率掉期 貨幣掉期		Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	14,982,375 16,689,049	631,659 162,106	(24,304) (759,841)	16,785,925 17,464,320	1,226,686 142,523	(252) (170,302)
					793,765	(784,145)		1,369,209	(170,554)
	記衍生工具資產/ 負債)總額		al recognised derivative ssets/(liabilities)		831,426	(785,458)		1,443,013	(175,095)

(b) 對沖活動

倘衍生工具為公平值對沖或現金流對 沖,就會計處理而言,入帳時符合對 沖資格。本集團的公平值對沖主要包 括用於保障因已發行債務證券公平值 的任何潛在變動所引致的利率風險和 外匯風險的利率和貨幣掉期。於二零 一三年十二月三十一日及二零一二年 十二月三十一日,並無任何指定以現 金流對沖衍生工具。

(b) Hedging activities

Derivatives may qualify as hedges for accounting purposes if they are fair value hedges or cash flow hedges. The Group's fair value hedge principally consists of interest rate and currency swaps that are used to protect interest rate risk and foreign currency risk resulting from any potential change in fair value of underlying debt securities issued. There were no derivatives designated as cash flow hedges as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

21. 貸款組合淨額

21. Loan portfolio, net

(a) 貸款組合減撥備

(a) Loan portfolio less allowance

			本集團 The Group		公司 mpany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
按揭貸款組合	Mortgage portfolio				
住宅	Residential				
一香港	— Hong Kong	16,198,898	16,530,736	10,891,390	12,584,243
- 海外	— Overseas	2,255,939	4,355,258	2,255,939	4,355,258
商業	Commercial	3,000,000	4,000,000	3,000,000	4,000,000
非按揭貸款組合	Non-mortgage portfolio	815,385	1,013,457	796,540	1,008,332
		22,270,222	25,899,451	16,943,869	21,947,833
貸款減值撥備	Allowance for loan	,_,,,,,,	20,077,101	10/2 10/002	2.17.17,000
> - 13/ /// A laws 3 3/ 11/13	impairment	(1,825)	(4,052)	(1,295)	(4,030)
		22,268,397	25,895,399	16,942,574	21,943,803

貸款減值撥備總額佔貸款組合尚未償 還本金結餘的百分比如下:

Total allowance for loan impairment as a percentage of the outstanding principal balances of the loan portfolio is as follows:

		本賃 The C	長園 Group	本么 The Co	公司 mpany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
貸款減值撥備總額佔 貸款組合總額的百分比	Total allowance for loan impairment as a percentage of the				
	gross loan portfolio	0.01%	0.02%	0.01%	0.02%

(b) 按揭貸款組合的貸款減值撥備

(b) Allowance for loan impairment on loan portfolio

		本集團 The Group		本公司 The Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
組合評估	Collective assessment				
於一月一日	As at 1 January	4,052	7,622	4,030	7,478
於收益表內撥回(附註13)	Released to income				
	statement (Note 13)	(3,545)	(5,680)	(4,508)	(5,558)
撇銷貸款	Loans written off	(455)	-	-	-
收回已撇銷貸款	Recoveries of loans				
	previously written off	1,773	2,110	1,773	2,110
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	1,825	4,052	1,295	4,030

作出貸款減值撥備時,已考慮拖欠貸 款的抵押品的目前市值。於二零一三 年十二月三十一日及二零一二年十二 月三十一日,並無就海外及商業按揭 貸款組合作出減值撥備。

以組合形式評估的個別已減值貸款分 析如下:

Allowance for loan impairment was made after taking into account the current market value of the collateral of the delinquent loan. No allowance for loan impairment was provided for overseas and commercial mortgage portfolio as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

Individually impaired loans collectively assessed on a portfolio basis are analysed as follows:

		本集團		本公司	
		The G	roup	The Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
減值貸款組合總額 貸款減值撥備	Gross impaired loan portfolio Allowance for loan	2,178	2,197	1,578	2,197
	impairment	(523)	(380)	(62)	(380)
		1,655	1,817	1,516	1,817
貸款減值撥備佔減值 貸款組合總額的百分比	Allowance for loan impairment as a percentage of gross				
	impaired loan portfolio	24.0%	17.3%	3.9%	17.3%
減值貸款組合總額佔 貸款組合總額的百分比	Gross impaired loan portfolio as a percentage of gross				
	loan portfolio	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%

		本集團 The Group			
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 千港	
以組合形式評估不可 獨立識別撥備的貸款 所作貸款減值撥備	Allowance for loan impairment under collective assessment for loans not individually				
	identified as impaired	1,302	3,672	1,233	3,650

(c) 貸款組合內的融資租賃投資淨

(c) Net investments in finance leases included in loan portfolio

			本集團及本公司 pup and the Comp 2013 未來期間的 利息收入 Interest income relating to future periods 千港元	最低應收租約 款項總額 Total minimum lease payments receivable 千港元
於以下期間應收款項:	Amounts receivable:	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一一年內一一年後至五年內	within one year after one year but within	72,654	14,344	86,998
T T 14	five years	250,512	44,569	295,081
<u>一 五年後</u> ————————————————————————————————————	— after five years	473,374	53,573	526,947
		796,540	112,486	909,026

		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
			2012	
		最低應收租約	未來期間的	最低應收租約
		款項現值	利息收入	款項總額
		Present value	Interest	Total
		of minimum	income	minimum
		lease	relating to	lease
		payments	future	payments
		receivable	periods	receivable
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於以下期間應收款項:	Amounts receivable:			
— 一年內	— within one year	89,919	18,210	108,129
一一年後至五年內	— after one year but within	J. ,	,	,
	five years	312,425	56,765	369,190
一五年後	— after five years	605,988	68,806	674,794
		1,008,332	143,781	1,152,113

於二零一三年十二月三十一日及二零 一二年十二月三十一日,並無就融資 租賃應收款項作出貸款減值撥備。

No allowance for loan impairment was provided for finance lease receivable as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

22. 證券投資

(a) 可供出售證券

22. Investment securities

(a) Available-for-sale securities

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000		
按公平值列帳的債務證券 於香港上市 於香港境外上市 非上市	Debt securities at fair value Listed in Hong Kong Listed outside Hong Kong Unlisted	378,506 192,439 2,370,960	- 334,014 2,160,316		
按公平值列帳的其他證券 於香港上市	Other securities at fair value Listed in Hong Kong	918,550	3,318,497		
可供出售證券總額	Total available-for-sale securities	3,860,455	5,812,827		

其他證券指交易所買賣基金及房地產 投資信託基金。

Other securities refer to exchange-traded funds and real estate investment trust.

按發行機構類別分析可供出售證券如 下:

Available-for-sale securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行及其他金融機構 公營機構 中央政府 其他	Banks and other financial institutions Public sector entities Central government Others	2,365,122 - 385,219 1,110,114	1,834,625 295,448 364,257 3,318,497
		3,860,455	5,812,827

可供出售證券的變動概述如下:

The movement in available-for-sale securities is summarised as follows:

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
於一月一日	As at 1 January	5,812,827	2,303,703	
增加	Additions	5,277,911	4,161,064	
出售及贖回	Sale and redemption	(7,206,184)	(1,011,501)	
攤銷	Amortisation	(1,346)	4,535	
公平值變動	Change in fair value	(37,853)	357,875	
外幣匯兑差額	Exchange difference	15,100	(2,849)	
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	3,860,455	5,812,827	

(b) 持有至到期證券

(b) Held-to-maturity securities

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
按攤銷成本列帳的債務證券 於香港上市 於香港境外上市	Debt securities at amortised cost Listed in Hong Kong Listed outside Hong Kong	2,739,543 2,916,290	2,532,909 2,953,324	
非上市	Unlisted	5,655,833 2,904,762	5,486,233 3,751,575	
持有至到期證券總額 上市證券的市值 一 持有至到期	Total held-to-maturity securities Market value of listed securities — held-to-maturity	8,560,595 5,768,239	9,237,808 5,815,111	

按發行機構類別分析持有至到期證券 如下:

Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
銀行及其他金融機構	Banks and other financial institutions	4,568,711	5,120,077	
公司企業	Corporate entities	2,455,718	2,043,777	
公營機構	Public sector entities	765,168	1,267,853	
中央政府	Central governments	550,742	767,362	
其他	Others	220,256	38,739	
		8,560,595	9,237,808	

持有至到期證券的變動概述如下:

The movement in held-to-maturity securities is summarised as follows:

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company	
於一月一日	As at 1 January	9,237,808	8,269,148	
增加	Additions	2,054,866	1,926,101	
出售及贖回 攤銷	Sale and redemption Amortisation	(2,761,350) (8,713)	(957,690) (12,520)	
外幣匯兑差額	Exchange difference	37,984	12,769	
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	8,560,595	9,237,808	

23. 附屬公司投資

23. Interests in subsidiaries

		本公司 The Company		
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
非上市股份,成本值 香港按揭管理有限公司 深圳經緯盈富融資擔保有限公司		1,000	1,000	
(待售)	(held for sale)	102,060	102,060	
附屬公司所欠款項	Due from a subsidiary	103,060 5,191,190	103,060 3,840,609	
		5,294,250	3,943,669	

附屬公司所欠款項無抵押及無固定還款期, 並按市場利率計息。

The amount due from a subsidiary is unsecured and has no fixed term of repayment. Interest is charged at market rates.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,主要附屬 公司的詳情如下:

The details of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2013

名稱 Name	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	主要業務 Principal activities	已發行/已註冊股本詳情 Particulars of issued/ registered capital	所持實際股權 Effective equity held
香港按揭管理有限公司	香港	購入及管理按揭貸款	1,000,000港元 每股普通股面值1港元	100%
HKMC Mortgage Management Limited	Hong Kong	Mortgage purchases and servicing	HK\$1,000,000 of HK\$1 ordinary share each	100%
深圳經緯盈富融資擔保有限公司 Bauhinia HKMC Corporation Limited	中國 PRC	按揭貸款擔保業務 Mortgage guarantee business	人民幣1億元註冊資本 RMB100 million registered capital	90% 90%

24. 合資公司投資

24. Investment in a joint venture

		本身 The G	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
於一月一日	As at 1 January	_	130,045
扣除税項後應佔的溢利	Share of profit, net of tax	-	2,450
外幣匯兑差額(附註33)	Exchange differences (Note 33)	_	5,276
其他權益變動 — 公平值儲備	Other equity movement — fair value		
(附註33)	reserve (Note 33)	_	(32)
出售合資公司投資	Disposal of investment in a joint venture	-	(137,739)
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	-	_

於二零一二年十二月,本集團完成出售主要於馬來西亞提供按揭貸款擔保業務的合資公司 Cagamas HKMC Berhad的所有權益,現金代價1.37億港元,出售該合資公司的資產和負債如下:

In December 2012, the Group completed the disposal of all its interest in a joint venture, Cagamas HKMC Berhad, with the principal activities of mortgage guaranty business in Malaysia, at a cash consideration of HK\$137 million with the following assets and liabilities of the joint venture disposed of:

		千港元 HK\$'000
流動資產	Current assets	138,221
流動負債	Current liabilities	(482)
出售的淨資產	Net assets disposed of	137,739
累積的匯兑收益和公平值儲備(附註33)	Cumulative exchange gain and fair value reserves	
	(Note 33)	(7,733)
出售收益	Gain on disposal	7,137
代價	Consideration	137,143

25. 預付款項、按金及其他資產

25. Prepayments, deposits and other assets

		本集團 The Group		本分 The Co	公司 mpany
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
收回資產 公司會籍債券 可供出售投資(上市) 應收股息	Repossessed assets Corporate club debentures Dividend receivable from available-for-sale	1,590 750	2,024 750	1,590 750	957 750
其他應收款項 其他	investments (listed) Other receivable Others	- - 15,690	22,185 - 14,682	- - 14,468	22,185 7,984 14,644
	0	18,030	39,641	16,808	46,520

其他應收款項是借給Bauhinia MBS Limited 以贖回按揭證券化計劃發行的按揭證券。 Other receivable represented the amount drawn by Bauhinia MBS Limited for the redemption of the MBS issued under the MBS Programme.

26. 固定資產

26. Fixed assets

				本集團 The Group		
		租賃物業裝修 Leasehold improvement 千港元 HK\$'000	辦公室設備、 家 租及裝備 Office equipment, furniture and fixtures 千港元 HK\$'000	電腦 Computers 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicle 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日 帳面淨額 添置	Net book amount as at 1 January 2012 Additions	4,157 124	996 93	26,121 11,341	- 424	31,274 11,982
折舊(附註10) 外幣匯兑調整	Depreciation charge (Note 10) Exchange adjustments	(1,579)	(381)	(12,061)	(106)	(14,127)
於二零一二年十二月三十一日 帳面淨額 添置 折舊(附註10)	Net book amount as at 31 December 2012 Additions Depreciation charge (Note 10)	2,702 14,040 (1,825)	708 1,584 (398)	25,400 17,096 (15,434)	318 - (106)	29,128 32,720 (17,763)
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 帳面淨額	Net book amount as at 31 December 2013	14,917	1,894	27,062	212	44,085
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 成本值 累計折舊	As at 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated depreciation	27,082 (12,165)	8,695 (6,801)	173,617 (146,555)	650 (438)	210,044 (165,959)
帳面淨額	Net book amount	14,917	1,894	27,062	212	44,085
於二零一二年十二月三十一日 成本值 累計折舊	As at 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	13,042 (10,340)	7,158 (6,450)	156,479 (131,079)	650 (332)	177,329 (148,201)
	Net book amount	2,702	708	25,400	318	29,128

				本公司 The Company		
		租賃物業裝修 Leasehold improvement 千港元 HK\$'000	辦公室設備、	電腦 Computers 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicle 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日 帳面淨額 添置 折舊	Net book amount as at 1 January 2012 Additions Depreciation charge	4,157 124 (1,579)	991 93 (376)	25,801 11,341 (11,754)	- 424 (106)	30,949 11,982 (13,815)
於二零一二年十二月三十一日 帳面淨額 添置 折舊	Net book amount as at 31 December 2012 Additions Depreciation charge	2,702 14,040 (1,825)	708 1,584 (398)	25,388 17,096 (15,422)	318 - (106)	29,116 32,720 (17,751)
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 帳面淨額	Net book amount as at 31 December 2013	14,917	1,894	27,062	212	44,085
於二零一三年十二月三十一日 成本值 累計折舊	As at 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated depreciation	27,082 (12,165)	8,666 (6,772)	172,154 (145,092)	650 (438)	208,552 (164,467)
帳面淨額	Net book amount	14,917	1,894	27,062	212	44,085
於二零一二年十二月三十一日 成本值 累計折舊	As at 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	13,042 (10,340)	7,130 (6,422)	155,058 (129,670)	650 (332)	175,880 (146,764)
帳面淨額	Net book amount	2,702	708	25,388	318	29,116

27. 應付利息

27. Interest payable

		本身 The G		本② The Co	-
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
以下各項的應付利息 一 已發行債務證券 一 利率掉期合約	Interest payable from — debt securities issued — interest rate swap contracts	175,598 19,040	200,951	175,598 19,040	200,951
一 已發行按揭證券及 其他負債	mortgage-backed securities issued and other liabilities	1,192	1,317	1,192	1,247
		195,830	235,756	195,830	235,686

28. 應付帳項、應付開支及其他負 28. Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities

			本集團 The Group				公司 Company	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000			
應付帳項及應付開支	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	68,155	102,628	68,623	114,767			
其他應付款項	Other payable	-	102,020	-	210,474			
其他負債	Other liabilities	4,523,574	4,340,370	4,523,574	4,340,370			
其他撥備	Other provision	20,531	22,118	20,531	22,118			
		4,612,260	4,465,116	4,612,728	4,687,729			

其他負債是指中小企融資擔保計劃下的特 別優惠措施所收到的擔保費309,333,000港 元(二零一二年:140,241,000港元)(附註 17和38),與及指用於二零零三年十二月 及二零零四年一月自政府購買的按揭貸款 信貸安排加強措施的遞延代價4,214,241,000 港元(二零一二年:4,200,129,000港元)。

Other liabilities represented the guarantee fee of HK\$309,333,000 (2012: HK\$140,241,000) received under the special concessionary measures of the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (Notes 17 and 38) and the deferred consideration of HK\$4,214,241,000 (2012: HK\$4,200,129,000) used for credit enhancement on the mortgage loans purchased from the Government in December 2003 and January 2004.

總計,本公司向Bauhinia MBS Limited出售 30 億港元按揭貸款作證券化,並繼續按其 擔保及持續參與的程度,確認按揭貸款為 「貸款組合淨額」,以及於「其他應付款項」 確認一筆應付Bauhinia MBS Limited的負 债。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,其他 應付款項為210,474,000港元(附註37)。

In aggregate, the Company sold HK\$3 billion of mortgage loans to Bauhinia MBS Limited for securitisation, in which, the Company continued to recognise the mortgage loans in "Loan portfolio, net" to the extent of the guarantee and continuing involvement. A liability due to Bauhinia MBS Limited shown as "Other payable" of HK\$210,474,000 was recognised as at 31 December 2012 (Note

29. 保險負債及再保險資產

29. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets

			本集團 The Group			本集團 The Group		
			2013			2012		
		毛額	再保險	淨額	毛額	再保險	淨額	
		Gross	Reinsurance	Net	Gross	Reinsurance	Net	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
未滿期保費及擔保費用撥備	Provision for unearned premiums and							
	guarantee fees	1,253,898	175,764	1,078,134	1,496,056	215,605	1,280,451	
未決申索撥備	Provision for outstanding claims							
一已申報/(收回)申索	— claims reported/(recovery)	8,156	(2)	8,158	8,228	(2)	8,230	
一已產生但未申報申索	 claims incurred but not reported 	32,658	4,980	27,678	41,579	6,404	35,175	
		40,814	4,978	35,836	49,807	6,402	43,405	
		1,294,712	180,742	1,113,970	1,545,863	222,007	1,323,856	

			本公司 The Company 2013			本公司 The Company 2012		
		毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000	毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000	
未滿期保費及擔保費用撥備	Provision for unearned premiums and guarantee fees Provision for outstanding claims	1,253,898	175,764	1,078,134	1,496,056	215,605	1,280,451	
一 已申報/(收回)申索 一 已產生但未申報申索	— claims reported/(recovery) — claims incurred but not reported	8,156 34,980	(2) 5,291	8,158 29,689	8,228 43,792	(2) 6,769	8,230 37,023	
		43,136	5,289	37,847	52,020	6,767	45,253	
		1,297,034	181,053	1,115,981	1,548,076	222,372	1,325,704	

(a) 未滿期保費及擔保費用撥備變 動分析如下

(a) Analysis of movements in provision for unearned premiums and guarantee fees

		The G	本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
			2013			2012		
					毛額	再保險	 淨額	
		Gross	Reinsurance	Net	Gross	Reinsurance	Net	
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
		ПК\$ 000	пкэ 000	UK\$ 000	ПУ\$ 000	UV\$ 000	UV\$ 000	
於一月一日	As at 1 January	1,496,056	215,605	1,280,451	1,568,916	199,467	1,369,449	
已收取保費(附註8)	Premiums written (Note 8)	318,053	43,414	274,639	556,885	112,347	444,538	
已滿期保費(附註8)	Premiums earned (Note 8)	(560,211)	(83,255)	(476,956)	(629,745)	(96,209)	(533,536)	
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	1,253,898	175,764	1,078,134	1,496,056	215,605	1,280,451	

(b) 未決申索撥備變動分析如下

(b) Analysis of movements in provision for outstanding claims

		本集團 The Group				本集團 The Group	
			2013			2012	
		毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000	毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000
於一月一日 已付申索 已收回申索 已(回潑)/產生申索(附註8)	As at 1 January Claims paid Claims recovery Claims (written back)/incurred (Note 8)	49,807 (998) 2,511	6,402 - 315	43,405 (998) 2,196	61,679 (2,479) 53	9,444 (285) 47	52,235 (2,194) 6
一 已申報申索 一 已產生但未申報申索 於十二月三十一日	— claims reported — claims incurred but not reported As at 31 December	(1,585) (8,921) 40,814	(315) (1,424) 4,978	(1,270) (7,497) 35,836	8,772 (18,218) 49,807	238 (3,042) 6,402	8,534 (15,176) 43,405

			本公司 The Company			本公司 The Company	
			2013			2012	
		毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000	毛額 Gross 千港元 HK\$'000	再保險 Reinsurance 千港元 HK\$'000	淨額 Net 千港元 HK\$'000
於一月一日 已付申索 已收回申索	As at 1 January Claims paid Claims recovery	52,020 (998) 2,694	6,767 - 315	45,253 (998) 2,379	61,679 (2,662) 53	9,444 (285) 47	52,235 (2,377) 6
已(回撥)/產生申索 一已申報申索 一已產生但未申報申索	Claims (written back)/incurred — claims reported — claims incurred but not reported	(1,768) (8,812)	(315) (1,478)	(1,453) (7,334)	8,955 (16,005)	238 (2,677)	8,717 (13,328)
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	43,136	5,289	37,847	52,020	6,767	45,253

(c) 負債充足測試

進行負債充足測試時,考慮全部合約 現金流量及申索處理費用等相關現金 流量的現時估計,測試顯示於二零 一三年十二月三十一日及二零一二年 十二月三十一日,本集團的保險負債 充足。

(c) Liability adequacy test

The liability adequacy test considers current estimates of all contractual cash flows, and of related cash flows such as claims handling costs, the test shows that, as at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the Group's insurance liabilities are adequate.

30. 已發行債務證券

30. Debt securities issued

		本集團及	基本公司
		The Group and	
		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
按攤銷成本列帳的債務證券	Debt securities carried at amortised cost		
債務工具發行計劃債券	DIP notes	299,944	559,800
中期債券	MTN	1,924,736	2,832,695
按攤銷成本列帳的債務證券總額	Total debt securities carried at		
	amortised cost	2,224,680	3,392,495
指定為對沖項目並以公平值對沖 的債務證券	Debt securities designated as hedged items under fair value hedge		
債務工具發行計劃債券	DIP notes	6,447,350	9,079,358
零售債券發行計劃及其他債券	RBIP and other notes	_	50,999
_ 中期債券	MTN	22,358,153	23,541,488
指定為對沖項目並以公平值對沖 的債務證券總額	Total debt securities designated as hedged items under fair value hedge	28,805,503	32,671,845
於初始確認時指定為以公平值 變化計入損益的債務證券	Debt securities designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition		
債務工具發行計劃債券	DIP notes	124,738	138,996
零售債券發行計劃及其他債券	RBIP and other notes	200,264	201,291
於初始確認時指定為以公平值 變化計入損益的債務證券總額	Total debt securities designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	325,002	340,287
		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Total debt securities issued	31,355,185	36,404,627

於年內,並沒有發行(二零一二年:無)於 初始確認時指定以公平值變化計入損益的 債務證券。該等金融負債之公平值變動源 於基準利率的改變。於初始確認時指定為 以公平值變化計入損益的金融負債帳面值 較本集團根據合約規定於到期時須向債券 持有人支付的金額少64,198,000港元(二零 一二年:48,913,000港元)。

該等指定為以公平值列帳的金融負債沒有 任何重大盈虧源自本公司之信貸風險變動。

已發行債務證券的變動概述如下:

During the year, no debt securities (2012: nil) were designated on initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value changes are attributable to changes in benchmark interest rates for the debt securities designated as at fair value through profit or loss. The carrying amount of the financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition is HK\$64,198,000 (2012: HK\$48,913,000) lower than the amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the note holders.

There were no significant gains or losses attributable to changes in the credit risk of the Company for those financial liabilities designated as at fair value.

The movement in debt securities issued is summarised as follows:

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000		
於一月一日	As at 1 January	35,268,184	40,312,410		
發行	Issuance	18,161,718	19,098,302		
減:贖回	Less: Redemption	(21,984,670)	(24,149,259)		
外幣匯兑差額	Exchange difference	(447)	6,731		
名義價值總額	Total nominal value	31,444,785	35,268,184		
折讓未攤銷部分	Unamortised portion of discount	(130,483)	(129,005)		
公平值調整	Fair value adjustment	40,883	1,265,448		
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	31,355,185	36,404,627		

本年度發行的債券:

Notes issued during the year comprise:

		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company
		中期債券 MTN 千港元 HK\$′000
已發行金額面值	Amount issued at nominal value	18,161,718
已收取款項	Consideration received	18,127,508

所有已發行的債務證券均屬本集團無抵押 責任,而發行該等債務證券旨在提供一般 營運資金及作再融資用途。

All the debt securities issued are unsecured obligations of the Group, and are issued for the purposes of providing general working capital and refinancing.

31. 已發行按揭證券

31. Mortgage-backed securities issued

		本集團 The Group		
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
按攤銷成本列帳並由本公司擔保 的按揭證券化計劃下的按揭 證券(附註37)	MBS at amortised cost and guaranteed by the Company under the MBS Programme (Note 37)	-	214,672	
於一月一日 減:贖回	As at 1 January Less: Redemption	214,672 (214,672)	367,137 (152,465)	
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	_	214,672	

所有按揭證券均為結構公司的抵押責任, 並為向本公司購買按揭貸款組合提供資金 而發行(附註37)。所有按揭證券已於二零 一三年三月贖回。

All MBS were collateralised obligation of the structured entities and issued for the purpose of providing funds to purchase mortgage portfolios from the Company (Note 37). All MBS were redeemed in March 2013.

32. 股本

32. Share capital

		二零一三年及 二零一二年 2013 and 2012 千港元 HK\$′000
法定 每股面值1港元的30億股普通股	Authorised 3 billion ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	3,000,000
已發行及繳足 每股面值1港元的20億股普通股	Issued and fully paid 2 billion ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	2,000,000

33. 其他儲備

33. Other reserves

				本集團 The Group		
		風險儲備 Contingency reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值儲備 Fair value reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	對沖儲備 Hedging reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑儲備 Translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日	As at 1 January 2012	731,562	302,615	(13,244)#	10,911	1,031,844
可供出售證券的公平值變動:	Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities:					
一未變現收益淨額	— net unrealised gains	-	357,875	_	-	357,875
一出售時變現(附註12)	— realisation on disposal (Note 12)	-	(38,230)	_	-	(38,230)
— 攤銷 *	— amortisation*	-	39	_	-	39
— 税項(附註14(b))	— tax effect (Note 14(b))	_	(52,748)	-	-	(52,748)
一合資公司的未變現虧損	— net unrealised losses of a					
淨額(附註24)	joint venture (Note 24)	_	(32)	-	-	(32)
現金流對沖	Cash flow hedges					
一撥入收益表的公平值變動	— fair value changes transferred					
	to income statement	-	-	5,495	-	5,495
一 税項(附註14(b))	— tax effect (Note 14(b))	-	-	(907)	-	(907)
貨幣匯兑差額	Currency translation difference					
一附屬公司	— subsidiary	-	-	-	914	914
一合資公司(附註24)	— joint venture (Note 24)	-	-	-	5,276	5,276
出售合資公司投資時撥回	Release of fair value and translation					
的公平值儲備和匯兑儲備	reserve upon disposal of					
(附註24)	investment in a joint venture					
	(Note 24)	-	(410)	-	(7,323)	(7,733)
其他全面收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss)	-	266,494	4,588	(1,133)	269,949
由保留溢利轉撥已滿期風險	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net					
保費淨額的50%或75%至	risk premium earned from retained					
風險儲備	profits to contingency reserve	266,266	_	_	_	266,266
由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	Release of contingency reserve to	,				,
	retained profits	(20,055)	_	_	-	(20,055)

				本集團 The Group		
		風險儲備 Contingency reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值儲備 Fair value reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	對沖儲備 Hedging reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑儲備 Translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年十二月三十一日/ 二零一三年一月一日 可供出售證券的公平值變動:	As at 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities:	977,773	569,109	(8,656)	9,778	1,548,004
一未變現虧損淨額 一出售時變現(附註12) 一攤銷*	— net unrealised losses — realisation on disposal (Note 12) — amortisation*	- - -	(37,853) (295,593) 34	- - -	- - -	(37,853) (295,593) 34
一 税項(附註 14(b)) 現金流對沖 一 撥入收益表的公平值變動	— tax effect (Note 14(b)) Cash flow hedges — fair value changes transferred	-	54,908	-	-	54,908
一税項(附註14(b))	to income statement — tax effect (Note 14(b))	-	-	4,272 (704)	-	4,272 (704)
貨幣匯兑差額 一附屬公司	Currency translation difference — subsidiary	_	-	-	3,326	3,326
其他全面(虧損)/收益	Other comprehensive (loss)/income	-	(278,504)	3,568	3,326	(271,610)
由保留溢利轉撥已滿期風險 保費淨額的50%或75%至 風險儲備 由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net risk premium earned from retained profits to contingency reserve Release of contingency reserve to retained profits	259,008 (22,954)	-	-	-	259,008 (22,954)
於二零一三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013	1,213,827	290,605	(5,088)	13,104	1,512,448

由可供出售證券轉撥至持有至到期證券時未 變現虧損,於收益表攤銷。

為二零一零年及二零一一年時不再維持的現 金流對沖時所帶下來的累計虧損。自此之 後,並沒有進行新的現金流對沖。

the amortisation of unrealised loss to income statement on available-for-sale securities transferred to held-to-maturity securities.

brought forward from cumulative loss then existing in hedging reserve when cash flow hedges were de-designated in 2010 and 2011. Since then, no new cash flow hedge has been conducted.

			本公司	7	
			The Com		
		風險儲備 Contingency reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值儲備 Fair value reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	對沖儲備 Hedging reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一二年一月一日	As at 1 January 2012	731,562	302,173	(13,244)#	1,020,491
可供出售證券的公平值 變動: 一 未變現收益淨額	Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities: — net unrealised gains	_	357,875	_	357,875
一出售時變現(附註12)	— realisation on disposal (Note 12)	_	(38,230)	_	(38,230)
一 攤銷 * 一 税項(附註 14(b)) 現金流對沖	— amortisation* — tax effect (Note 14 (b)) Cash flow hedges	- -	39 (52,748)	-	39 (52,748)
一 撥入收益表的公平值 變動	— fair value changes transferred to income statement	_	_	5,495	5,495
— 税項(附註14(b))	— tax effect (Note 14(b))		-	(907)	(907)
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income		266,936	4,588	271,524
由保留溢利轉撥已滿期風險 保費淨額的50%或75% 至風險儲備	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net risk premium earned from retained profits to				
由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	contingency reserve Release of contingency reserve	266,266	-	-	266,266
	to retained profits	(20,055)			(20,055)
於二零一二年十二月三十一日/ 二零一三年一月一日 可供出售證券的公平值 變動:	As at 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities:	977,773	569,109	(8,656)	1,538,226
一 未變現虧損淨額 一 出售時變現(附註12)	net unrealised losses realisation on disposal	-	(37,853)	-	(37,853)
一 攤 銷*	(Note 12) — amortisation*	- -	(295,593) 34	- -	(295,593) 34
— 税項(附註 14(b)) 現金流對沖 — 撥入收益表的公平值 變動	— tax effect (Note 14(b)) Cash flow hedges — fair value changes transferred to income	-	54,908	-	54,908
一 税項(附註14(b))	statement — tax effect (Note 14(b))	- -	- -	4,272 (704)	4,272 (704)
其他全面(虧損)/收益	Other comprehensive (loss)/income	-	(278,504)	3,568	(274,936)
由保留溢利轉撥已滿期風險 保費淨額的50%或75% 至風險儲備	Transfer of 50% or 75% of net risk premium earned from retained profits to				
由風險儲備撥回至保留溢利	contingency reserve Release of contingency reserve	259,008	-	=	259,008
C. ANN BRIDGE CALL TO A CONTROL OF THE ACT O	to retained profits	(22,954)	-	-	(22,954)
於二零一三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2013	1,213,827	290,605	(5,088)	1,499,344

由可供出售證券轉撥至持有至到期證券時未 變現虧損,於收益表攤銷。

為二零一零年及二零一一年時不再維持的現 金流對沖時所帶下來的累計虧損,自此之 後,並沒有進行新的現金流對沖。

the amortisation of unrealised loss to income statement on available-for-sale securities transferred to held-to-maturity securities.

brought forward from cumulative loss then existing in hedging reserve when cash flow hedges were de-designated in 2010 and 2011. Since then, no new cash flow hedge has been conducted.

34. 與有關人士訂立的重大交易

(a) 本公司由財政司司長以外匯基金管理 人身份所擁有。本公司與有關人士訂 立了多項交易。

> 與政府相關機構香港金融管理局(**香 港金管局**)的交易包括下列各項:

- (i) 本公司使用由香港金管局所營 運的債務工具中央結算系統服 務所提供託管及結算代理服 務,並繳付110萬港元(二零 一二年:100萬港元)給香港金 管局,作為本年度使用該服務 的費用:
- (ii) 外匯基金透過香港金管局向本公司提供300億港元的循環信貸,於二零一三年十二月三十一日並無未償還餘額(二零一二年:無);
- (iii) 於二零一三年十二月三十一 日,本公司並沒有投資於香港 外匯基金票據及債券(二零 一二年:2.7億港元);及
- (iv) 本公司於本年度繳付870萬港元(二零一二年:1,030萬港元) 予香港金管局,作為從香港金 管局借調員工的費用。

與政府的交易包括下列各項:

(i) 本公司向財政司司長法團租用 辦公室,並按財政司司長法團 指示,本年度合共繳付650萬 港元(二零一二年:650萬港元) 租金予香港金管局;

34. Material related party transactions

(a) The Company is owned by the Financial Secretary as Controller of the Exchange Fund. The Company entered into various transactions with the following related parties.

Transactions with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (**HKMA**), a Government-related entity, included the following:

- the Company subscribed to the custodian and clearing agent services provided by the Central Moneymarkets Unit Service operated by the HKMA and paid HK\$1.1 million (2012: HK\$1 million) by way of fees to the HKMA for such services during the year;
- the Exchange Fund through the HKMA had provided the Company with a HK\$30 billion revolving credit facility, and there was no outstanding balance as at 31 December 2013 (2012: nil);
- (iii) the Company held no investment (2012: HK\$270 million) in the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills and Notes as at 31 December 2013; and
- (iv) the Company paid a secondment fee of HK\$8.7 million (2012: HK\$10.3 million) for secondees from the HKMA during the year.

Transactions with the Government included the following:

 the Company rented office premises from The Financial Secretary Incorporated (FSI) and paid a total of HK\$6.5 million (2012: HK\$6.5 million) rental to the HKMA under the direction of FSI during the year;

- (ii) 本公司於本年度向財政司司長 法團購買1.51億港元(二零 一二年:1.27億港元)按揭貸 款;
- (iii) 於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司持有4.49億港元(二零一二年:4.54億港元)香港政府債券的投資,獲得利息1,760萬港元(二零一二年:1,780萬港元);及
- (iv) 本公司於二零一二年五月就現有的中小企融資擔保計劃,以優惠的擔保費水平及由政府支付的總貸款保證承擔額為1,000億港元,推出一個新的八成擔保保障的貸款擔保產品,詳情載列於附註38。

與全資附屬公司香港按揭管理有限公司的交易包括下列各項:

- (i) 本公司就附屬公司於正常營運 時購買的按揭貸款提供按揭保 險:及
- (ii) 作為小型貸款計劃的營運者, 與香港按揭管理有限公司及作 為貸款批授人的各參與計劃的 銀行,簽訂小型貸款計劃參與 貸款協議。按照計劃,香港按 揭管理有限公司為本公司的融 資工具,為計劃的貸款提供全 部或部份的資金。

與結構公司的交易包括為結構公司所發行的按揭證券提供擔保,於二零一三年十二月三十一日並沒有未償還結餘(二零一二年:2.15億港元)(附註31)。

- the Company purchased mortgage loans of HK\$151 million (2012: HK\$127 million) from FSI during the year;
- (iii) the Company held investment of HK\$449 million (2012: HK\$454 million) in the Hong Kong Government Bonds as at 31 December 2013 and the interest thereon was HK\$17.6 million (2012: HK\$17.8 million); and
- (iv) the Company introduced a new loan guarantee product with 80% guarantee coverage under the existing SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (**SFGS**) in May 2012 at a concessionary guarantee fee rate and up to a total loan guarantee commitment of HK\$100 billion reimbursable by the Government with details set out in Note 38.

Transactions with HKMC Mortgage Management Limited (**HMML**), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, included the following:

- (i) the Company provided mortgage insurance cover for mortgage loans purchased by such subsidiary in the course of its ordinary business; and
- (ii) the Company as scheme operator, HMML and various participating banks as loan originators entered into loan participation agreements under the Microfinance Scheme pursuant to which HMML would fund all or part of the microfinance loans as funding vehicle for the Company.

Transactions with the structured entities included the guarantee cover provided by the Company for the MBS issued by the structured entities and there was no outstanding balance as at 31 December 2013 (2012: HK\$215 million) (Note 31).

於十二月三十一日與相關人士應收及 應付結餘如下:

The balances of the amounts due to and from the relevant related parties as at 31 December are as follows:

		本集團 The Group 政府 The Government		本公司 The Company 政府 附屬公司 The Government Subsidiaries			mpany 公司] 結構公司		
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK \$ ′000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK \$ ′000	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
應收集團公司款項 (附註23和附註25)	Amounts due from group companies									
	(Note 23 and Note 25)	-	-	-	-	5,191,190	3,840,609	-	7,984	
應付集團公司款項	Amounts due to group companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	252	12,497	
其他應付款項(附註28)	Other payable (Note 28)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	210,474	
其他負債(附註28)	Other liabilities (Note 28)	4,523,574	4,340,370	4,523,574	4,340,370	-	-	-	-	
按揭證券化計劃財務擔保	Financial guarantees under the									
(附註3.2.(a))	MBS Programme (Note 3.2.(a))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	214,742	
風險投保總額	Total risk-in-force	-	-	-	-	572,832	486,252	-	-	

(b) 主要管理層人員

主要管理層為直接或間接有權力及負 責策劃、指揮及控制本集團業務的人 士,包括董事及高級管理人員。

本年度主要管理層人員的薪酬包括:

(b) Key management personnel

Key management are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including directors and senior officers.

Key management personnel compensation for the year comprised:

			本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000		
薪金及其他短期僱員福利	Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	16,237	17,439		
離職後福利	Post-employment benefits	1,356	1,217		
		17,593	18,656		

35. 承擔

35. Commitments

(a) 資本

(a) Capital

		本集團及本公司 The Group and the Company		
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000	
已批准及訂約 已批准但未訂約	Authorised and contracted for Authorised but not contracted for	1,642 13,311	3,744 34,011	
		14,953	37,755	

(b) 經營租約

於呈報期末,根據不可註銷的經營租 約而須作出的未來最低租金付款總額 分析如下:

(b) Operating lease

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease at the end of the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	本負	長團	本名	2司
	The Group		The Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
辦公室物業 Office premises 一 不多於一年 — not later than one year 一 多於一年至不多於五年 — later than one year and not later than	29,465	20,087	29,218	19,847
five years	53,065	12,928	52,572	12,210
	82,530	33,015	81,790	32,057

36. 按揭保險業務

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團的 風險投保總額約為144億港元(二零一二年: 166億港元),其中24億港元(二零一二年: 28億港元)已向核准再保險公司購買再保 險,而本集團則自行承擔餘下120億港元 (二零一二年:138億港元)的風險。

於120億港元(二零一二年:138億港元)由本集團承擔的風險投保額當中,12億港元(二零一二年:18億港元)風險投保額的超額損失已透過運用超額損失再保險的安排將中間層的風險作對沖,而本集團所保留部分的風險,包括首次虧損的風險和可能性極低的風險。

37. 已抵押資產

結構公司將其資產抵押作擔保或透過抵押 方式進行轉讓,以根據有關證券化計劃規 定發行有擔保或無擔保按揭證券。證券化 計劃委任的抵押信託人將於有關結構公司 (就有擔保按揭證券而言,則本公司作為擔 保人)就任何一批按揭證券拖欠付款或違約 時,行使該等作為已抵押資產的抵押品。

36. Mortgage insurance business

As 31 December 2013, the total risk-in-force of the Group was approximately HK\$14.4 billion (2012: HK\$16.6 billion) of which HK\$2.4 billion (2012: HK\$2.8 billion) was ceded to the approved reinsurers and the balance of HK\$12 billion (2012: HK\$13.8 billion) was retained by the Group.

Out of the HK\$12 billion (2012: HK\$13.8 billion) of risk-in-force retained by the Group, the excess loss of HK\$1.2 billion (2012: HK\$1.8 billion) of risk-in-force was hedged through the use of excess-of-loss reinsurance arrangement to reinsure the middle layer risk positions, and the Group retained a portion of the total risk comprising the first-loss and remote risk portions.

37. Pledged assets

Structured entities charged their assets as securities or otherwise transferred by way of security for issuing guaranteed or non-guaranteed MBS in accordance with the provisions under the relevant securitisation programmes. The security trustee appointed under the relevant securitisation programmes will enforce the securities over the relevant pledged assets when the relevant structured entity (and, in the case of guaranteed MBS, the Company as guarantor) defaults in payment under any series of MBS or otherwise on the occurrence of an event of default in respect of any series of MBS.

		本集團 The Group	
		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 千港元 HK\$'000
已抵押資產 按揭貸款組合(附註28)	Assets pledged Mortgage portfolio (Note 28)	_	210,474
有抵押負債 已發行按揭證券(附註31)	Secured liabilities Mortgage-backed securities issued (Note 31)	_	214,672

已抵押按揭貸款組合包括已轉讓按揭貸款組合按擔保及持續參與度繼續於「貸款組合淨額」內確認為資產(附註28)。

Mortgage portfolio pledged included the transferred mortgage portfolio continued to be recognised as assets in "Loan portfolio, net" to the extent of the guarantee and continuing involvement (Note 28).

38. 中小企融資擔保計劃下的特別 優惠措施

本公司於二零一二年五月就現有的中小企融資擔保計劃,以優惠的擔保費水平及由政府支付的總貸款保證承擔額為1,000億港元,推出一個新的八成擔保保障的貸款擔保產品。由此項特別信貸擔保產品所收取的擔保費,將首先全數用於支付相關的壞帳償付及相關開支,如有餘款則將撥歸予政府。如所收取的擔保費不足以應付相關款額及費用,政府將會承擔餘額。本公司負責此產品的營運並承擔日常營運開支。

有關這個特別的貸款擔保產品,對本集團的綜合收益表就有關擔保費用的收入、違約索償或其他直接相關開支並沒有影響。基於本公司只是代表政府營運這個產品,本集團認為有關此產品的風險和利益均屬於政府。因此,該產品的承擔風險並沒有列於本集團的資產負債表外風險;根據財政司司長批准的資本充足率指引,亦無須任何資本要求。

39. 通過財務報表

董事局於二零一四年四月七日通過本財務 報表。

38. Special concessionary measures under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme

The Company introduced a new loan guarantee product with 80% guarantee coverage under the existing SFGS in May 2012 at a concessionary guarantee fee rate and up to a total loan guarantee commitment of HK\$100 billion reimbursable by the Government. All guarantee fees collected under this special loan guarantee product are set aside to meet the relevant default claims and related out-of-pocket expenses. The remaining balance of the guarantee fees, if any, will be returned to, and any shortfall will be borne by, the Government. The Company is responsible for the operation of the new product and the applicable day-to-day operating costs.

Regarding this special loan guarantee product, there is no impact on the consolidated income statement of the Group in respect of guarantee fee revenue, default claims or any direct expenses involved. Given that the Company operates only this product for the Government, the Group considers the risk and rewards associated with this product rest with the Government. Hence, the risk-in-force for this product has not been included as the Group's off-balance sheet exposures and no capital charge is required under the Guidelines on Capital Adequacy Ratio approved by the Financial Secretary.

39. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 April 2014.